THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. X.—No. 139. PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1868. DOUBLE SHEET—THREE CENTS.

FIFTH EDITION

EUROPE.

Spain in an Uproar—Telegraphic Communication with Madrid Interrupted—The Latest Advices.

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Telegraphic communication with Madrid is still interrupted. The latest despatches say that the political agitation throughout Spain is very great, and that capitalists are leaving the country. There is much alarm among all classes of people. The Government authorities are in receipt of communications from many parts of the country promising aid to suppress the revolution. The insurgents at Cadiz hold strong positions. The President of the Republican Committee had not yet arrived from Seville. The insurrectionary movement has not extended beyond Cadiz.

Marine Intelligence.

SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 12.—The Hamburg-American steamship Westphalia sailed for New York at 8 A. M. to-day.

The Treasury Department.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Fractional currency printed for the week, $447,000; do. shipped Assistant Treasurer New York, $100,000; do. do. Louisville, $50,000; do. National Banks, $224,209; securities held for circulating notes, $341,721,900; do. deposits of public moneys, $36,729,350; National Bank currency issued, $131,330. Total to date, $311,151,736. Mutilated bills returned, $10,394,320; notes of insolvent banks redeemed, $900,237. Actual circulation at this date, $299,857,189. Fractional currency redeemed, $344,000,

Shipment of Specie.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The steamship Pereire took out $321,000 in specie to-day.

WOMAN.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various female complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing permanent sickness and premature decline. Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

Helmbold's Extract of Buchu.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure, or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but am obliged to say that, although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is ar oftener caused by direct irritation applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life, health, and happiness of woman in all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball-room. Thus, with the body half clothed, and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon he system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of or ganic health and strength; the exposure to night air; the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last, an early marriage caps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of their peculiar organs, they require an education of their peculiar nervous system composed of what is called the tissue, which is in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self-completed their development.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

12 5 2m

FIRST EDITION

EUROPE.

Mail Dates to Dec. 1.

Death Among the Great—Rossini's Funeral—Disraeli and the Peerage.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FRANCE.

The Obsequies of Rossini.

The New York *Herald's* Paris (Nov. 24) correspondence gives the following particulars of Rossini's burial:—

The funeral solemnities were magnificent, and took place at the new church La Trinite, not at St. Eustache, as it had been originally settled. The body was conveyed from the Madeleine to the vaults of the Trinite the day before the final ceremony, when every street and avenue was so thronged round the edifice that at length none without admission for seats in the church were allowed to cross the large square before it. At the last hour, however speculators did sell chairs inside for 150f. each. No one knew how they got these tickets nor how they got to the church; but they were there, and the traffic went on in silence, almost unperceived by the police officers. When high mass began with the *Introit* of Mozart's requiem the interior of the building was most imposing. There was room for 3900, and 5000 people had got in the nave, down the aisles, up in the tribunes, galleries, dome, and organ choir. It was perhaps not all sympathetic mourning; it was immense curiosity increased by anticipated enjoyment in the singing that was to be heard. In the centre of the nave rose an edifice under which the body was placed during the ceremony. It was surrounded by four steps, above which elevation the receptacle for the coffin, left empty, but covered with a black velvet pall showered over with silver tears. Thirty-six tapers, besides urns and funeral figures, were placed around. The *De Profundis* was sung in the vaults before the body was deposited under this short-lived monument, after which preliminary the troops came in and rendered approach near it impossible by forming a kind of wall around the catafalque. I cannot help observing here that this display of militia was welcomed with no good feeling. It was intended as a mark of honor, the Emperor being represented by his Chamberlain, by M. de Nieuwerkerke, and others; but these soldiers came in as if for war, with their knapsacks on their backs, and cartridges in their belts. Round the organ stood Madames Patti, Alboni, Nilsson, Krauss, Bloch, and Ugalde. The most remarkable among the gentlemen were Tamburini, Duprez, Roger, Nicolini, Agnesi, Belval Gardoni, Lefort, Delle Sedie, and Faure. The right of the organ was filled by the choruses of the Conservatoire under Jules Cohen; the left by the band of the Guard. Down the nave came the deputations of Rossini's native town, Pesaro, and deputations from Bologna. Near the altar stood the Emperor's Chamberlain and Chevalier Nigra, Minister of Italy in France. Among the literati, and all of note were present, I recognized Sardou, Dumas, Emile Augier, and the musical critics, Ambroise Thomas and Camille Doucet were with the officials from court.

Tamburini's son acted as master of the ceremonies. All the talent collected from every part of the world had in one word united and stood uncovered, while the organ burst forth and the three voices Rossini loved so well could not waken him from his well-earned repose. Patti, Alboni, and Nilsson did their best; they blended their sweet lamentations first in one melodious complaint and then sung his immortality with sublime felicitation. The *Quis est homo* duet, from the "Stabat," by Alboni and Patti, created such emotion that murmurs of continued delight were with difficulty subdued, and it was almost forgotten that the celebration was taking place round a coffin. The prayer from Moses and the supplication "Sweet Jesus" produced a no less thrilling effect. After the service the body was placed on the chariot which was to convey it to Pere la Chaise, and this chariot, with an unpretending R on it was the same which had carried Baron de Rothschild to his last dwelling-place a few days before. On the coffin lay two laurel wreaths and one made of gold, such as Dante is figured with. The laurel for one of these green wreaths was cut from a bush planted at Passy by Mery; the other was a branch from the tree shading Tasso's tomb.

The only other interesting detail is that when the procession entered the last street it had to go through (a kind of opening avenue to the cemetery) an old Italian was noticed standing at the balcony of a poor looking house. He was gazing mournfully down and had hung out his mandoline, for he is a wandering musician, and there it is to hang forever. It is all the old man has to give up, and the mandoline, which has so often been tuned to the maestro's melodies, is to bring sous in no more. "They hung up their harps," says a Hebrew melody, and the meaning of this is not more affecting than the touching demonstration of this poor Italian. Princess Mathilde and Princess Bonaparte were in one side of the tribunes of the church, and it is said in secret that the Empress was thickly veiled and with them also, quite at the back. Several guests left Compiegne in order to attend publicly, while Eugenie is said to have got in a small coupe, which was ordered to keep up with that of Princess Mathilde on leaving the station.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Disraeli and the Peerage—The Viscountess Beaconsfield.

From the London Herald, Nov. 28.

The announcement that her Majesty has graciously been pleased to confer upon Mrs. Disraeli a peerage, under the title of Viscountess Beaconsfield, is one to which it is impossible not to attach especial importance. It implies far more than that the wife of the Premier has simply been elevated to a position of high social dignity. Peerages are not, in ordinary cases, the monopolies of husband or wife; "as the husband is the wife is," and where we hear of an elevation to the rank of viscountess we also hear of a corresponding elevation to that of viscount. That the statement made public yesterday is not accompanied by an announcement of the latter order is due, as will be recognized at once, only to one cause—the unwillingness of Mr. Disraeli, for certain reasons, to allow himself to be a partner of the social honor bestowed upon his consort. Nor are these reasons very far to seek. When a man has for so many years labored with unremitting energy in the wearying arena of never-ceasing political strife, it may be usually expected that he will not unreadily refuse that honorable relief from his more arduous toils of which promotion to the Upper House may be considered significant. In the majority of cases it is not likely that he will have either the inclination or the power to continue that life in the House of Commons to which Pope's description of the existence is assuredly applicable, and which is nothing but "a warfare upon earth." But Mr. Disraeli does not belong to this order of statesmen. He, least of all men living, would underrate the just legislative authority of an hereditary peerage; but he does not for this reason ignore the fact that in the present day there may be, at special times, greater opportunities for exercising a wholesome and saving influence upon the nation's and the Constitution's destinies in the House of Commons.

Under these circumstances the mind of the Premier has not for a moment hesitated as to the course to be pursued. He has persistently declined the bestowal of those insignia of dignity which would necessitate his absence from an assemblage which long years of active and patient experience have taught him how to manage and how most advantageously to influence. Thus it is that a rank which would under ordinary circumstances have been Mr. Disraeli's as well, is bestowed, with a special grace and propriety, on Mrs. Disraeli alone.

More than this, if the Premier, in the title now conferred upon his wife, may recognize a peculiar mark of the well-earned favor of his Queen, he will also recognize the realization of some of his warmest and most life-long wishes. "You could not have pleased me more than by paying this compliment to my wife." These words were said by Mr. Disraeli a year ago in his speech, while acknowledging the manner in which Mr. Disraeli's health had been drunk at the Edinburgh banquet. In whatever way we choose to regard the elevation of the new Viscountess Beaconsfield, whether as symbolical of an act of self-abnegation on the part of the Premier, or as of the investiture of a lady respected by all who know her with an accession of dignity and rank, it will be equally acceptable to the public, just as its significance will be equally well understood.

CUBA.

Peruvian Iron-Clads—The Enemies of Spain Plotting at New York—The Latest Battle.

The New York *Tribune* publishes the following correspondence from Havana, dated the 1st instant:—

There is some apprehension felt about those two Peruvian iron-clads now lying at New Orleans. The Cubans believe that before long these vessels will be found about Neuvitas. Well-informed persons in Havana, and who belong to neither of the contending parties, believe that the Peruvians are principally directing the insurrectionary movements in this island. It is well known that the Spaniards first proposed the Mexican expedition, to which France and England afterwa ds agreed. The vessels of the three nations called in at Havana for water, supplies, and information. All the Mexican refugees, or nearly all, have made Havana their place of abode. The supplies that go out to embarrass and annoy the Juarez Administration are said to come wholly from Havana. The Spanish Government still refuses to recognize the Republic. Consequently there is a bad feeling towards Spain on the part of the Mexicans, or rather the bad feeling is perpetuated. There are Mexicans in the insurgent army and Dominicans also. The latter detest the Spaniards because of their efforts to reconquer Santo Domingo under the pretext that Spain still was entitled to the dominion of the soil. The Peruvians and Chilians remember Callao, and would be most happy to strike Spanish power in a vital point, and that they think could be better effected in exciting insurrection in Cuba than by any other means.

General Munoz, commander at St. de Cuba, forwards the official report of the battle of Cobre to the Captain-General. The engagement took place in the town of Cobre, which is near St. de Cuba. This is in the heart of the copper mines country. The combat happened on the 24th inst. The General reports that learning the insurgents intended attacking a small detachment of Spanish troops which were at this place, he immediately sent out 400 men to reinforce them. The Spaniards came unexpectedly upon the insurgents, and cut them up and dispersed them in all directions. Sixty-one insurgents killed were counted in the town of Cobre; the wounded were taken off the field; 21 prisoners were taken, besides 200 horses, many arms, and much ammunition. The Spanish commander sent out troops to scour the country at a considerable distance. Many others were found dead upon the ground, and some hidden in places about the mines. Captain Amado killed a Dominican general, Marcano, with his revolver. The Spaniard's loss was three killed and ten wounded; there were four contusions. Lieutenant Colonel Francisco Fernandez Torren, Commandant Y. Lull, the chief of the vanguard; Amado, commander at Cobre, and various others, distinguished themselves. There were, it is said, about 450 Spaniards and 1200 insurgents Colonel Francisco de Abreu y del Monte commanded the former.

HAVANA.

An Exciting Scene in the Plaza de Toros.

A Havana letter of the 5th inst. has the following:—

An incident occurred on Sunday last which created considerable excitement throughout the city, and indicates that this people are not so subservient to authority as a long course of despotic rule would naturally make them. On the day mentioned there was announced to appear in the Plaza de Toros the celebrated Cuchares, from Spain, known as the "King of Bull-fighters." It is related of him that he has killed some six thousand bulls without having ever sustained the slightest injury. Naturally the occasion drew together a large crowd, and it was estimated that seven thousand people were in attendance. When the hour of performance arrived it was announced that Cuchares was sick of the yellow fever, and could not appear. A threatening murmur followed. But the magistrate in attendance decided that the *funcion* should proceed without him.

This decision was followed by a tremendous uproar, and as the bull-fighters entered the arena the people commenced throwing oranges and other missiles at them, and crying, "Turn them out!" Finding resistance was made to their demands, they finally swarmed in the ring, with cries of "Cuchares, or money returned!" The military force in attendance seemed rather to sympathize with the people and not disposed to interfere. It was finally decided to return the money, and the crowd dispersed. During the melee one of the bull-fighters manifested the barbarous intention of turning loose the bulls upon the people, and was only prevented by an American, who seized him by the throat and compelled him to desist. Had he succeeded, the havoc would have been serious, as the bulls, which are from Florida, though small, are very fierce and untamable. It was supposed that the sickness of Cuchares was a mere pretense; but he has since died of the vomito, and his body has been embalmed and will probably be sent to Spain.

NOVA SCOTIA.

A Repeal of Annexation.

The people of Nova Scotia, dissatisfied with the union between the provinces, sent a delegation to England to induce the British Parliament to relieve them from a union which was not agreeable to the people. The deputation having been treated unhandsomely by the Disraeli Government, they are talking about making an appeal to the newly elected Liberal Parliament. It is generally understood that Mr. Bright, who will be one of the ruling spirits in the new government, will be of great value to the Nova Scotians. He has already put himself unequivocally on their side; and in characteristic speeches denounced the enforced union as "despotism," and predicted that the act would "make the people turn for sympathy" to the United States. Mr. Bright has the prophetic gift which marks the statesman. Already his words are coming true; and the English people are beginning to see clearly that the only sure course to preserve Nova Scotia for the British crown for any considerable time longer is to release her from the Canadian confederation, and place her in her former colonial position. Should the new government deny them relief, we may look for the speedy annexation of Nova Scotia to the United States.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.

Is it Worth Anything?—A Petition from Prisoners in Turkey.

To the Editor of the N. Y. *Tribune*.—Sir:—May we beg you to call the attention of the American public to the open violation of our treaties, now being carried on in the very face and in spite of the energetic and repeated protests of the United States representatives here, regarding ourselves, two American citizens, the one naturalized, the other free born. Leaving aside the great facts that we were simply engaged in the survey of a line of railway, for which we had a Turkish firman; that we can only be charged with a raid against a wild Bedouin tribe, such as are constantly carried on by Government officials and others; that we were fully insulted in the case by the conduct of the rascally scheik (Mejuel el Mesrab, well known to American and English travellers as the collector of blackmail on the road to Palmyra), who had given promise of aid and escort, received his money, and then bolted—not to mention beside that we had surrendered regularly to the highest officers in the country—a general and a governor—under conditions, the first of which was that we were not to be made prisoners at all.

Besides all this, the Turkish Government, represented by the Government-General of Syria here, dares to keep us in solitary confinement, prohibits all free intercourse with our counsel on the outside world, and forces us to undergo examinations from time to time, the evident and only object being to obtain some evidence of self-crimination, ourselves all this time being wholly ignorant of what we are suspected, never confronted with witnesses, no regular charges being ever proffered—in short, untried and unaccused. It is now two months since we were taken, a month and a half of which has been spent in this farce at Damascus; and unless we are released by force, may remain here, undergoing what they call preliminary examinations, for a couple of years. Yet by the Capitulations of 1740 (the only ones binding on Americans, the United States not being a party to the treaties of Paris, 1856) an American may not even be arrested by a Turkish Zaptieh, and must be confined, if at all, in the Consular prison. And by the laws of common justice, even those accused of the highest crime must be presented with the charges against them, allowed competent counsel, and the opportunity for proving their innocence. We are brought up one by one, never confronted with witnesses, subjected to the severest cross-examinations of several years past, never allowed to make a single note of the proceedings, obliged to suffer the threats of Turkish officials before our own consul, who can only watch the proceedings; when we attempt to follow the line of conduct marked out by his protests, false statements, pretending to have been made by our fellow-comrades, are brought in at every moment to lead us to incriminate ourselves and them. Is this longer to be endured? Or is America unwilling or unable to protect us?

Yours respectfully, CHARLES LAMAR.
ANDREW ROMEZ.

In Prison, Damascus, Nov. 6, 1868.

THE PLAINS.

Terrible Suffering and Death of Three Trappers.

"Three trappers," says the Fort Dodge *Northwest*, of November 26, "from Illinois, passed through here about a month ago on their way west to begin the winter campaign against the mink and otter. They were trapping in Buena Vista county. On Monday, the 16th, two of them started from the Maple river to go across the prairie to Storm Lake. Our readers will remember the severe snow storm that came on so suddenly during that day. The wind blew a terrific gale from the northwest. The snow came driving down in blinding fury, making it a fearful day for the traveller on the great unsettled praires. The two trappers pushed on through the blinding storm all day, and when night came no friendly shelter was in sight. The storm continued to increase, the night was dark, the air filled with the driving snow, the road utterly hidden from sight. It was a cheerless prospect before them—to continue on groping their way through the long hours of the night, lost, and without hope of finding a friendly shelter, or lying down in the snow at the risk of freezing, to wait for morning. After wandering around for a time, they concluded to stop and dig a hole in a large snow drift, which would afford a partial shelter from the fury of the storm until morning.

When daylight appeared they crawled out and found themselves badly frozen. One of them, Charles Butler, insisted upon going towards the lake, while the other as strongly insisted upon trying to find the nearest house. They finally separated—Butler and his dog going in the direction of Storm Lake, while the other wandered around until he found a house. Before reaching it he became nearly deranged from his sufferings. Having pulled off his boots to rub his feet, he was unable to get them on again, and was compelled to walk several miles barefoot in the snow. When he reached the house his feet were badly frozen, mangled from the stubble of the harsh prairie grass, bleeding and useless.

On Friday night Butler's dog came into Sac City, and made such demonstrations that some of the citizens who knew him, seeing him so lank and apparently nearly starved, became alarmed for the safety of his master. Early the next morning a party of men started out, and following the dog, who ran on before them for about twelve miles, towards Storm Lake, they at last came upon the body of the unfortunate trapper lying stark and rigid in the snow.

The dog had evidently staid with his master from Tuesday night until Friday, when, almost famished with hunger, he sought the settlements. We learn that Butler leaves a wife in Illinois to mourn his sad fate.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The McKleve Homicide.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Judges Brewster and Ludlow.—District Attorneys Sheppard and Hagert. In the case of the boy Joseph Hart, tried for the murder of William McAleve, on the 15th of last month, the jury this morning rendered a verdict of guilty of manslaughter, with a recommendation to the mercy of the Court.

The Gallen Homicide.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. McBride and others, charged with the murder of Michael Gallen in June last, it will be remembered that a few weeks ago the prisoners, four in number, were discharged under the two term rule, they having lain in prison four months without trial. This morning John O'Byrne, Esq., their counsel, stated to the court that since then two of them, Dennis McBride and Joseph Cleveland, had been arrested upon certain warrants issued by this Court at the instance of the District Attorney, before the beginning of the present Oyer and Terminer.

Mr. Sheppard said he recognized the full importance of the question that these facts raised and did not regret that Mr. O'Byrne had mentioned them; and he countered a question that should receive a full argument and final decision.

Mr. O'Byrne said he fully appreciated the weight of the question, and confessed he had come unprepared for argument and would request the Court to postpone the matter a few days, when he would in the meantime give the question as careful an investigation as he could.

Mr. Sheppard added that in case the Court should continue the argument, he thought it well that the other side should know the view he entertained. He understood the discharge under the two-term rule simply as a discharge from custody, and not a determination of the defendant's liability to be tried or the Commonwealth's right to try. Otherwise it would operate as a statute of limitations. Therefore, the defendants here being still liable to trial, though at large, it was proper that the ordinary bench warrants should issue to bring them into Court.

Judge Brewster said he was desirous also that the question should receive the final decision of the Court, for he could see the embarrassing points it would present. If the two-term rule meant that after a discharge under it defendants could not be tried, it was truly a statute of limitations. In McCabe's case, where his Honor and Mr. Phillips represented the defendant, a motion was made for his discharge under the habeas corpus act, and was granted, and immediately afterwards counsel for the Commonwealth asked for a bench warrant to bring him in for trial. But the Court said, "What is the use of a bench warrant? for the moment the defendant is brought in upon it the application for his discharge will be repeated, and we will have to grant it; and this can be kept up so that we cannot proceed with the case." This was particularly so in capital cases, where no step can be taken without the defendant's presence. This might be done here in this case and upon each application the Court would be bound to discharge the defendants. Though he would be pleased to have the matter properly argued and decided he could not consent to keep the prisoners in jail in the meantime.

Judge Ludlow said he could give no opinion at present, but desired time to look into the matter; and so, by agreement, the motion lies over until Tuesday next, the prisoners remaining in custody.

The Hill Murder—Thursday Next Fixed for the Trial.

This morning the Twitchells were again in court, exciting the usual amount of curiosity in the audience. Mr. O'Byrne stated that Court on Thursday last he and his colleagues had received notice from the District Attorney that the case of the Commonwealth vs. George E. Twitchell, Jr., and Camilla E. Twitchell, would be called for trial on Monday next, which he conceived to be insufficient notice to allow the defense time for preparation; for they had a number of witnesses who lived at a distance, and whom it would require considerable time to procure. They would ask for at least ten days longer, when he would assure the District Attorney they would be ready.

Mr. Sheppard replied that counsel for the defense had assured him they wished a speedy trial, which he had promised them, and he was surprised at this request for delay. The prisoners had already had three weeks for preparation—he believed three weeks had elapsed since this occurrence—and that was certainly more time than had been allowed many defendants by his worthy predecessor. In bringing this case to a speedy trial he thought he was following a very distinguished example. In Billingham's case, tried before Lord Mansfield, the prisoner's body was lying on the dissecting table exactly one week after the commission of the murder. This was justice, though a little quick. On Monday next he expected to call the case in pursuance to the notice given the prisoner's counsel.

Mr. O'Byrne said this was practically but one day's notice, for Friday was consumed in the motion to quash, and Sunday could not be counted in, and they had not had three weeks' time; for one week the writ of habeas corpus was pending. He thought it impossible for them to be ready before ten days, and he would earnestly request the Court to grant that time.

Judge Brewster, after conferring with Judge Ludlow said the Court would fix next Thursday for the trial of the case, and would expect both parties to be ready.

Mr. O'Byrne demurred, but the Court made no alteration in their determination.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

League Island—Transfer of the Title to the United States—The New Insurrection in Spain—A Revolt in Madrid.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

League Island.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The League Island question is rapidly approaching a final adjustment. Yesterday afternoon Attorney-General Evarts made a report to the Secretary of the Navy, stating that he had examined the abstract of the title presented by the city of Philadelphia, and found that it was clear and unclouded. The transfer of the island to the United States, and its formal acceptance by the Government, therefore, await only the formal signing of the deeds by the Hon. Morton McMichael, Mayor of Philadelphia, as the representative of that city. The documents were returned to Philadelphia last evening by a special messenger for that purpose. Early next week the committee having the matter in charge will again visit this city, and make the formal presentation of the deeds, and with that ceremony the title will be fully vested in the United States.

FROM SPAIN.

The Bombardment of Cadiz—Revolt of the Workmen in Madrid.

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—No news has yet been received of the bombardment of Cadiz, telegraphic communication being interrupted with Madrid.

A despatch just received from Madrid, dated Thursday, December 10, says:—A large number of workmen employed by the municipality on public works yesterday, armed themselves with carbines and with bayonets fastened to sticks, and assumed a threatening attitude, which they still maintain. The national militia were ordered to proceed against them, and several battalions are preparing to march to the attack.

Great efforts are being made to raise a revolt here, and the citizens are much alarmed.

Placards are posted in Estramadura threatening the assassination of all rich citizens who take part in the elections for the Cortes.

The Armistice Between the Government Troops and the Insurgents at Cadiz Prolonged.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The armistice between the Government troops and insurgents has been prolonged until to-night, both parties consenting to await the arrival of the President of the Republican Committee of Seville, who will make an attempt at mediation. Should these negotiations fail the government will recommence vigorous measures for the suppression of the insurrection.

This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, Dec. 12—A. M.—Consols for money 92¼, and for account, 92¼@92¼. United States Five-twenties, 74¼. Railways steady. Erie, 20¾. Illinois Central, 96¼.

An Outrage in Indiana—Three Men Lynched.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 12.—The Seymour Vigilance Committee visited the New Albany jail this morning, about 3 o'clock, and hung the Reno brothers and Charles Anderson inside the jail, and left the town before any alarm was given.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Stocks heavy. Chicago and Rock Island, 105½; Reading, 96¾; Canton Co., 47½; Erie, 20¾; Cleveland and Toledo, 111; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 82½; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 109½; Michigan Central, 118; Michigan Southern, 85¼; New York Central, 124; Illinois Central, 143¾; Cumberland preferred, 36; Virginia 6s, 57½; Missouri 6s, 80¾; Hudson River, 124; 5-20s, 1862, 110½; do, 1864, 107½; do, 1865, 107¾; do, 1867, 107¾; do, 1868, 107¾; 10-40s, 103½. Gold, 135¾. Money, 7 per cent. Exchange 9%.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Cotton steady; sales of 1000 bales at 28c. Flour firm; sales of 11,000 barrels at yesterday's quotations. Wheat firm and advanced 1@2c. for winter; spring dull; sales of 7500 bushels spring at $1 60. Corn dull and declined 1c.; sales of 92,000 bushels at $1 11@1 16. Oats heavy; sales of 27,000 bushels at 79c. Beef quiet. Pork dull at $25@26. Lard quiet at 16@16½c. Whisky quiet.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 12.—Cotton firm at 25c. Flour quiet but steady and unchanged. Wheat dull; prime to choice red, $2 35@2 45. Corn firm; new white, 92@97c. Oats firm at 40@45c. Pork firm, $26 50. Bacon, supply light; rib sides, 17c.; clear do., 17½@17¾c.; shoulders, 13¾@14c.; hams, 18c. Lard firm at 16½c.

ROTHSCHILDS.

The Bearing of the Late Millionaire

A Paris correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, referring to the late Baron Rothschild says:—

In everything he did and said came out a person of no culture, narrow intellect, self-satisfied, harsh, and glorying in his shop-keeping acuteness and fancied superiority to the rest of the world. Few of us there are who have not at times been out of conceit with ourselves, James Rothschild was one of the few. He chuckled daily and hourly over the pull he had obtained on humanity with his monetary lever.

Money was his test of every product of the mind. An idea or a creation which had not market value was worthless in his eyes. His faith in the absolving power of the ingot led him, in the drawing-rooms of palaces, to forget the most elementary restraints and behave to ladies with gross familiarity. To his *employes* he was habitually rude, often overbearing, and he was never known to give them a *largesse*. He watched them at their desks with the glance of a task-master; and though he acted on hints thrown out by the intelligent, their suggestions were invariably met with rebuffs, intended, it is said, to conceal a sense of ignorance. Baron James Rothschild was jealous of every Jew who aspired to mount high in the financial world. But he was generous in subscribing to charitable institutions for his poor brethren when asked by a rabbi to put down his name, or by a committee.

The New York Money Market.

From the Times.

"Money is in demand at 7 per cent. on call, and 7@9 per cent. on first class paper, 60 to 90 days to run. There is no marked pressure to borrow among the brokers from day to day, but all offers to lend over the New Year are readily taken up by the leading houses.

"The railway market is very feverish, and, as a general remark, 'bearish' in appearance, because of the weakness shown by most of the Western stocks, heretofore supported by what are known on the street as 'clique' movements. The sellers against the future course of prices are also operating with much freedom, but not with uniform success, thus far, in New York Central. The stock shows considerable elasticity, as the daily frequent fluctuations between 123½@123¾ illustrate. Yesterday a timid effort was made to advance Erie Common stock, to give eclat, perhaps, to the lease of the Atlantic and Great Western Road, which is for twelve years subject to renewal, and not in perpetuity, as reported in our last paper; and also to make a quotation for London, where something of a fresh interest in Erie is greatly desired by the manipulators here among the holders of Atlantic and Great Western debentures on the other side. At the old Stock Exchange Board to-day only 200 shares of Erie changed hands. At the Open Board and in the Long Room some business was reported as high as 20¾@20, and then at 20@20¾ per cent. The miscellaneous list was lower on Pacific Mail, and dull and declining on the Express Stocks, and Canton, Cumberland, and Quicksilver."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,
Saturday, Dec. 12 1868.

There is no material change to notice in the Money market. Call loans rule at 6@7 per cent. on approved collateral. First class mercantile paper ranges from 9@10 per cent per annum.

The Stock market was dull this morning, with the exception of Reading Railroad, which was in demand, but prices were lower; about 5200 shares sold at 48 3-16@48⅝, closing at 48⅜, a decline of ¼; Minehill at 57½, no change; Lehigh Valley at 55¾, no change; Camden and Amboy at 129¾, an advance of ¼; and Pennsylvania Railroad at 53¾, a slight decline.

Government securities were held firmly. 105¼ was bid for 10-40s; 114¼ for 6s of 1881; 110⅜ for '62 5-20s; 107½ for '64 5-20s; 107½ for '65 5-20s; 110 for July '65 5-20s; 110 for '67 5-20s; and 110¾ for '68 5-20s.

In City Passenger Railway shares there was nothing doing. 17 was bid for Tairteenth and Fifteenth; 23 for Spruce and Pine; 46½ for Chesnut and Walnut; 10½ for Hestonville; 33½ for Green and Coates; and 29½ for Germantown.

Bank shares were firmly held at full prices. Western sold at 86, no change. 159 was bid for Philadelphia; 123 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 57 for Commercial; 31 for Mechanics'; 57 for Penn Township; 58 for Girard; 30 for Manufacturers'; 68¼ for Corn Exchange; and 123 for Central National.

—The Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company have this day declared a dividend of 2½ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD.

$200 City 6s, New c&p	101⅝	200	sh Read R.	b5.	48⅛
$2000 C&Am m 6s '89	92½	100	do	c.	48⅛
$500 Susq Con bs	87½	500	do	la.b3.	48⅜
4 sh Minehill	57½	800	do	la. b30.	48⅜
31 sh Leh V R	55½	100	do	.85 wu&l.	48⅞
69 do	55½	100	do		48⅞
18 sh Penna R	53¾	100	do	b30.	48⅞
1 sh C & Am	129¾	200	do	la.	48⅞
2 sh Western Bank	86	100	do	b30.	48⅝
100 sh Reading	c. 48 44	100	do	c.	48⅝
100 do	slown. 48 44	100	do	b30.	48⅝
100 do	b30. 48 56	100	do	c.	48⅞

—This morning's gold quotations, reported by Narr & Ladner, No. 30 South Third Street:—

10 00 A. M.	135⅜	10 06 A. M.	135⅜
10 05 "	135⅜	10 10 " "	135⅜

—Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, etc., as follows:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 114@114¼; old 5-20s, do., 110¼@110⅝; new 5-20s, 1864, 106⅞@107; do., 1865, 107¼@108; 5-20s, July, 1865, 110@110¼; do., 1867, 110@110¼; do., 1868, 110¼@110¾; 10-40s, 105@105⅛. Gold, 135⅜.

—Messrs. William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third Street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:—United States 6s, 1881, 114¼@114⅜; U. S. 5-20s, 1862, 110⅜@110¾; do., 1864, 106⅜@107; do., 1865, 107⅛@107⅜; do. July, 1865, 109⅛@110⅛; do July, 1867, 109⅛@110⅛; 1868, 110¼@110⅜; 10-40s, 105⅛@105¾. Compound Interest Notes, past due, 119·25. Gold, 135¼@135¾.

SIX PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST, PRINCIPAL ALSO REPAYABLE IN GOLD.—First mortgage bonds, based upon the valuable franchises, grants, railroad, equipment, etc., of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, now nearly completed, and forming one of the most assured and productive lines of traffic in the world. The way traffic alone is large and remunerative, independently of the immense through business soon to follow.

A portion of this loan is offered to investors at 103 per cent. and accrued interest in currency. The bonds have semi-annual gold coupons attached, payable in January and July.

Information, etc., to be had of

DE HAVEN & BROTHER,
Dealers in Government Securities, Gold, etc.
No. 40 South Third street.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph—1 P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	124	West. Union Tel.	36¼
N. Y. and E. R.	40½	Clev. and Toledo R.	101
Ph. and Read. R.	96¼	Tol. & Wab. RR.	55¼
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	84½	M. & St. P. R. com	62¼
Clev. & Pittsb'g R.	84¾	Adams Ex. Co.	48
Chi. and N. W. com	74½	Wells, Fargo.	25¾
Chi. and N. W. pref.	75½	U. S. Express.	49¼
Chi. and R. I. R.	105½	Tennessee 6s, new.	67½
Pitts. F. W. & Chi.	109¼	Gold.	135⅜
Pac. Mail S. Co.	113⅜	Market irregular.	

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST IN GOLD.—The First Mortgage fifty-year seven per cent. Sinking Fund Coupon Bonds of the Rockford, Rock Island, and St Louis Railroad Company, principal and interest payable in GOLD COIN, *free of Government tax* are for sale at the office of the Company, No. 12 Wall street, New York, at 97½ per cent., and accrued interest in currency.

Pamphlets, giving fuller information, may be had at the office.

Government and other securities received in exchange, at market rates.

H. H. BOODY, Treasurer.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, Dec. 12.—The Flour Market presents no new feature, the demand being limited and confined to the wants of the home consumers, who purchased 600 barrels, including superfine at $5 50@5 75; extras at $6@6 75; Iowa and Wisconsin extra family at $7 25@8 12½; Minnesota do. do. at $8@8 25, Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania, and Ohio winter wheat do. do. at $9@10 75; and fancy brands at $11@13 00, according to quality. Rye Fl

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS—COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

Women as Politicians.

From the N. Y. Nation.

Whatever may be the result of the inquiry now going on as to the professions for which women are best fitted, there can be little doubt that greater and greater numbers of them will hereafter take part in political discussion, and that once they get the franchise they will introduce into the political arena a greater or less number of questions as peculiarly "women's questions," and demand for them special legislation or special treatment of some kind at the hands of the State or General Government. We have little doubt, too, they will exercise a much greater influence on male opinion than most of us imagine. No matter how freely the professions may be open to women, a very large proportion of them will not follow any profession, but will live at home at leisure, as they do now, and if they have votes, will give more attention to politics than they have ever done—more, probably, than the great body of their male relatives; and will form opinions which, whether good or bad, they will preach with considerable vigor, and we dare say with considerable effect.

It is, therefore, not a minute too soon for women who want to influence legislation, either through the press or the platform, to begin their political education; that is, to make themselves moderately acquainted with the influences which regulate the conduct of men in society, and with the extent to which they can be suspended or directed by legislation, as far as has been ascertained by human experience; in other words, to make themselves moderately acquainted with history, political economy, and jurisprudence. Unless they do this, we fear, so far from exercising the "elevating and purifying influence" on politics of which we hear so much, they will simply increase the force of the very worst element in politics; that is, the element of blind and ignorant zeal, which we, for our part, consider just now only less dangerous to good government than simple rascality. About the character of corruption or treason there is no room for doubt, and there is no difference of opinion. You have only to reveal them clearly to rouse popular opinion against them. But we make bold to say that if anybody will go through history carefully he will find that what humanity has suffered from wicked and unscrupulous conquerors or tyrants or knaves is a mere trifle compared to what it has suffered from well-meaning ignoramuses and zealots.

If, therefore, female politicians as soon as they appear in the political arena are simply going to reinforce the ranks of those who make a mockery of reason and experience, disdain to argue, and vote and make speeches by the aid of an inner light of their own, of which the rest of the world knows nothing, and to treat the nature of man, as seen and known in the world, as if it did not form the leading element in all the great social problems, female politicians, instead of proving a blessing to the country, will prove a curse. It will not do to tell us in reply to these counsels that the mass of male voters do not study the science of politics any more than women. All men, or nearly all men in this country above the ignorant laborer, have taken an interest in politics and been made familiar with political ideas and political processes from their very boyhood. They are, at least indirectly, trained to politics by the nature of their studies at school and college, and by the nature of their business in active life. There is no man who does not find his calling more or less affected by legislation, and who does not, therefore, give more or less attention to political measures. Clergymen, lawyers, doctors, merchants, farmers, mechanics—all become politicians, in a greater or less degree, from necessity. Moreover, it is one of the familiar facts of domestic life that boys, from the time they begin to read and observe, turn their attention to political affairs, to wars, to laws, to revolutions, to the fortunes of states and of rulers, just as regularly, and with as little direction from without, as girls to dress and dolls and visiting and cooking and other incidents of household economy. Whether this difference be natural or conventional merely, we shall not here discuss. It is enough for the purpose of our argument that it exists, and that nearly all women of the present or next generation will, on entering on a political career, have to acquire by hard work even that amount of fitness for the discussion of political questions which most men acquire without any special effort at all, by merely going on their way, following their natural bent, and attending to their business. Of course there are, and will be, women who will be able to contribute as much that is valuable to political discussion as any or all but a very few men, but then the mass of female politicians will not, without special preparation, be able to contribute anything at all that will not positively do mischief.

Female politicians, however, thus far, with three or four exceptions—we would willingly make the number larger if we could—have not given, on the platform or in the press, much, if any, indication of either thought, study, or experience. They show, indeed, an ardent interest in the growth of human happiness and virtue, but about the means of promoting them through legislation they seem to be in a state of simplicity not far removed from that of very small children about their father's capacity for procuring money. We would refer anybody who thinks these remarks too severe to the history of the agitation about Hester Vaughan, the woman recently sentenced to death for infanticide in Philadelphia. The woman found her husband had committed bigamy in marrying her, and refused to prosecute him after he had deserted her. Another scoundrel then committed rape upon her, and she refused to prosecute him or even tell his name, lest it should hurt the feelings of his wife; and she then murdered, or appears to have murdered, her newly-born child, and has been convicted for it. Meetings of women have accordingly been held in New York, in which the laws under which the woman has been condemned have been made the subject of wholesale reprobation by female orators, and the conviction denounced with as much fury as if the woman's story of bigamy, and the rape which the victim refuses to prove, made it in some mysterious way the duty of the Governor to treat the infanticide as really a blameless act and the woman as simply an object of commiseration, and as if, moreover, it was his duty to accept the findings of the meeting in this ebullient state of mind as a guide for his official conduct. *No proof* of anything, be it remembered, has been offered or proposed. The sole object of the meetings held seems to have been to embody fine moral sentiments in a petition, and to give the petition the force of a political demand. It was laid down, too, amongst other things, that there was something peculiarly monstrous in awarding a woman under such circumstances the treatment that would be accorded to a man, thus surrendering the doctrine of the equality of the sexes on which the woman suffrage movement is based, and accepting the doctrine on which its opponents rely most firmly, that the very peculiarities of woman's moral and physical constitution, which so often in life place her at man's mercy, make it improper to throw open the professions and the ballot-box to her. Moreover, a demand was made by some speakers that Hester Vaughan should be tried by a female jury—that is, by a jury selected from the class of the community least accustomed to weigh evidence, most strongly moved by its passions and prejudices, and in a case appealing with peculiar force to these passions and prejudices. We do not say that cases of this kind should never be tried by female juries, but we do say that we hope the experiment will not be tried till women have acquired experience in the art of drawing inferences and greater control over their emotions than the great body of the sex now display. Moreover, they accused the convict's counsel, without a particle of proof, of having betrayed and deserted her, and, to cap the climax, sent off a deputation to Philadelphia in such complete ignorance of the facts of the case that, when it got there, it found that everything they wanted to have done had been done already on the motion of benevolent people in that city, who had gone to work in a silent, Christian, and efficient manner, without a hall, gaslight, or speeches or "committee on resolutions." The New Yorkers now owe the Philadelphia lawyer a public apology, which we trust they will make, and make handsomely; we hope they will not imitate too many of the reformers by pretending that they never heard of his vindication, or by treating his denial of his guilt as simply a fresh proof of his depravity.

The sum and substance of the whole matter is this—and it is as worthy the attention of male as of female humanitarians—that the experiment they seem disposed to try of the direct application of the moral law—as evolved at public meetings—through legislation to the regulation of society, without regard to the disturbing elements introduced into all political and social problems by human nature, by habit, tradition, prejudices, weaknesses, vices, and ignorance—in other words, without regard to the lessons of history and the facts of human life—is sure to fail. It has been tried in various ages and amongst various races, and has always ended in confusion and disaster. It is but another form of the theocratic government over which everybody now laughs or mourns. What Providence clearly intended the politician for is to take men and women as they are—their vices along with their virtues, the things in which they differ as well as the things in which they are alike—and having made himself thoroughly acquainted with the history and results of legislative experiments in other ages and places, do what he can, not to recast their character, but to place their character under favorable influences while leaving free play for their individual tastes and energies. For instance, when he comes to legislate on the relations of the sexes, he must not fix the position of woman as if she were simply a weak man, and as if he had never heard of such offenses as seduction or rape or bigamy; and then when such offenses are committed begin to rave against those who commit them as if they were unheard-of monsters, for the possibility of whose existence, like the parricides at Rome, the lawgiver was not expected to provide.

Wanted—A Few More Hundred Thousand Niggers.

From the N. Y. Herald.

Our President in his message to Congress indicates a somewhat filibustering spirit when he says, "I am satisfied that the time has arrived when even so direct a proceeding as a proposition for an annexation of the two republics of the island of St. Domingo would not only receive the consent of the people interested, but would also give satisfaction to all other foreign nations." Is this a grim joke on the part of our Executive? The radicals have had such a dose of African blacking that their opposers now wish to surfeit them to the point of reaction. To annex St. Domingo is to add to our troubles, and increase our population by half a million of negroes fully educated to revolutionary turmoil. They would make an excellent element for the carpet-baggers to work upon. A large aristocratic faction predominates there, and a grand duke will black your boots while his duchess does your washing. Congo is also well represented, and our missionaries will find an excellent field of labor in the correction of voodooism and fetichism existing among these natives. Altogether there are numerous arguments in support of this broad nigger view of our President. Let us, by all means, annex the island.

Congress and the Message.

From the N. Y. Times.

We wish Congress would bear in mind that it takes two to quarrel. The President's Message is a document as well calculated to provoke a saint as could well be concocted. But Congressmen would have proved themselves to be saints more effectually if they had refused to be provoked. That the message of the President of the United States, sent into Congress in pursuance of his constitutional duty, should be read to that body is a matter of course. That body is not responsible for its character. It cannot be hurt by its temper or tone. Congress is not, or ought not to be, so sensitive as to make its reading painful; or if it is, the courage of Congress ought to be equal to the emergency. If an Indian chief can be riddled to pieces with arrows without flinching—if a Christian martyr can sing psalms while being burned at the stake—and if a denizen of Delaware or Sing Sing can endure the tortures of the whipping-post without becoming insane, Congress ought to be able to submit to the reading of the President's message without unseemly contortions or other indications either of rage or pain. The message certainly is scurrilous, but Congress did not write it. It was designed to be offensive and insulting, but it is not necessary for Congress to regard and resent an insult as a personal wrong. Congress has a dignity, both official and personal, that relieves it from that necessity. We concede that Congress is not obliged to listen to an offensive document—if it were, there would be no merit in doing it. But we think it would have been wiser, more becoming, and more dignified to have done so—and then to have expressed, just as freely and as formally as it should see fit, its opinion of its character. The resentment actually shown looks too much like petulance—just and natural, perhaps, but unseemly. It looks like the act of a man stung by a wasp, or a child teased into wrath by a malicious comrade.

Preparing for Resumption.

From the N. Y. Times.

The commercial intelligence of the country has been well represented in the deliberations of the National Board of Trade, for some days in session at Cincinnati. Party politics have had no influence in its proceedings. The delegates present have represented the varied business interests of all sections, and the subjects that have engaged their attention have been considered solely from the practical point of view, and with strict reference to their bearing upon legitimate enterprise and prosperity. The resumption of specie payments has been discussed at great length, and the relative merits and feasibility of the plans most generally advocated have been carefully balanced. The conclusions eventually arrived at, therefore, represent the matured judgment of a body whose experience predisposes it to reject the speculative and to accept only that which seems most likely to divest an unpleasant process of unnecessary embarrassments.

The Board has decided, by a three-fourths vote, that it is expedient for Congress to determine the time at which resumption shall take place. The time, however, is not indicated in the resolution adopted. By a similar vote the action of Congress is invoked to compel the national banks to accumulate the gold they may hereafter receive in the shape of interest on bonds deposited with the Government, and a proposal to impose the same policy of accumulation on the Treasury is sustained by a majority of the delegates. Emphatic approval is also given to the principle of a measure legalizing gold contracts; while an opinion is expressed adverse to the redemption of bonds until after specie payments shall have been restored.

Except upon a single point—that relating to the fixing of a time for resumption—it will be seen that the majority of the Board hold opinions identical with those of the *Times*. The hoarding of gold is regarded as an essential preliminary to resumption, and the undesirableness of allowing the banks to sell their gold is clearly recognized. Business men averse to hasty action and to a discrimination for which there is not even a plausible reason, are not willing to encounter the responsibilities of resumption unless the national banks fully share the preparedness of the Treasury. Their demand for permission to buy and sell for gold at pleasure is equally just, and we trust will not long remain unsatisfied.

Our National Disgrace.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The fact that barely twelve weeks of Andrew Johnson's Presidency remain to be endured should console us under many afflictions and reconcile us to many hardships. Plead as we fairly may that the great party which he has betrayed never meant to make him President, while the party he has treacherously served and fawned upon despised him too heartily to think of accepting him as a candidate, the Republic has been shamed as well as scourged by him from the hour wherein he reeled into the Vice-Presidency, and will be till the place that knows him shall know him no more. We have had bad men in high office before; yet we are confident that no man but Andrew Johnson was ever chosen Vice-President of these United States who could have provoked the scorn of Christendom by such an exhibition of native depravity as is made in the following portion of Johnson's last message:—

"Our national credit should be sacredly observed; but in making provision for our creditors we should not forget what is due to the masses of the people. It may be assumed that the holders of our securities have already received upon their bonds a larger amount than their original investment, measured by a gold standard. Upon this statement of facts it would seem but just and equitable that the six per cent. interest now paid by the Government should be applied to the reduction of the principal, in semi-annual instalments, which in sixteen years and eight months would liquidate the entire national debt. Six per cent. in gold would, at present rates, be equal to nine per cent. in currency, and equal to the payment of the debt one and a half times in a fraction less than seventeen years. This, in connection with the other advantages derived from their investment, would afford to the public creditors a fair and liberal compensation for the use of their capital, and with this they should be satisfied. The lessons of the past admonish the lender that it is not well to be over-anxious in expecting from the borrower rigid compliance with the letter of the bond."

Comments by the Tribune.

Mr. Johnson has probably borrowed money in his day, and may have done so when his debts were so heavy, and his prospects so bad, that his note was not worth half its face. Let us suppose him drawn into a difficult law-suit, which involved all he was worth. He applies to a thrifty neighbor for $5000, being in absolute want of that sum to prosecute his suit to judgment. The prudent capitalist inquires as to the security, and is pointed to the estate in litigation. "Yes, but if you lose the suit, you will have no estate." "Well," he responds, "if I lose the suit, you must lose the debt; but if I win it, I will pay you double." "Agreed," says the capitalist; "I will take the risk." So he borrows the $5000, and with it wins the suit. How much does he owe? How much ought he to pay? Your answer decides whether you are honest or a villain.

So far, we have admitted the truth of Johnson's fundamental assumption; but that assumption is false. What the nation owes its creditors is precisely what it agreed to pay them—no less, no more. But the great mass of them paid for their bonds the full sum specified on their face—often more. True, they paid in greenbacks; but those greenbacks had cost them their full amount in gold. It was the debtor, not the creditor interest, that profited by the depreciation of our currency. Hundreds of thousands paid off in greenbacks their mortgage and other debts which were contracted when the currency was at par with gold—paid them off with money obtained by the sale of their products or their labor at prices greatly enhanced by our currency depreciation. Every one can call to mind instances where farmers and others, who had for years been struggling to meet the interest on the mortgage given when they bought their lands, have been able to wipe out that mortgage by the proceeds of two or three crops sold during the latter years of the war. Creditors complained (not unjustly) that they were thus paid off too easily, and were answered, "Lend your money to the Government, and you will be paid your bonds in gold; so, what are you grumbling at?" They did lend it—not millions only, but hundreds of millions—and thereby was the Union saved. And now a President of the United States tells the public creditors that, if they are paid seventeen years' interest they may think themselves lucky, though they never see a cent of the principal.

The man who makes this suggestion is a villain—a brazen, reckless, shameless villain. He has sheepish confederates who share his knavery but lack his effrontery. The people have set their heel hard down on the whole tribe in indorsing the Republican platform of 1868 through the election of Grant and Colfax. Repudiation will gain nothing by Johnson's indorsement—it will rather receive a darker smirch from his well-earned infamy. How naturally a traitor to those who trusted and honored him lends himself to every form of baseness was already known; but the truth has received a fresh illustration in Johnson's crowning infamy.

It is extremely desirable that we should begin forthwith to fund our past due Five-twenties at a lower rate than six per cent.; but Johnson and his fellow repudiators seem resolved that we shall never be able to do so. This message will compel our people to pay many millions in six per cent. interest which they could have saved had our President been content with the pyramid of disgrace he had already so laboriously erected. Only twelve weeks more and the country will be rid of him forever. It is hard; but we can endure him twelve weeks longer. Thank Heaven that he has power only to disgrace us!

A Chicken and Celery Convention.

From the N. Y. World.

The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society met in Philadelphia on Thursday. As there is no slavery in this country, excepting the subjugation of intelligent, tax-paying white citizens to their black barbarian rulers at the South, or the slavery of ignorance so prevalent in the schoolhouseless Republican counties in this State, or the slavery which compels white children to work in the Massachusetts factories from twelve to fifteen hours a day, we should conclude that the fresh war of anti-slavery was to be waged against Cuba, or against the savagery of slavery which the free Republic of Liberia, in Africa, is now trying to suppress, if the *Anti-Slavery Standard*, which publishes the call for the meeting, did not enlighten us as to the fresh wrongs which threaten our own colored man and brother. The freedom of that unfortunate and troublesome individual, we are told, is not yet consummated, and "the present condition of the country, the testimony to the fearful peril of the colored population in the South which is constantly borne by themselves and their friends who witness it, urges us by the strongest motives to work mightily for the consummation of their freedom." But how is this mighty work to be performed? Happily, we are informed. It is by the support of the *Standard*, and the *Standard*, we are told, can only be supported by lavish contributions of "coffee, tea, sugar, oysters, celery, boiled chickens (for salad), eggs, butter, cream, biscuits, cake (especially home-made cake)," which the announcement says "will be gladly received," not by the colored sufferer, but by the *Standard*. Here is something as yet undiscovered by Ude or Soyer or Blot. Mr. Wendell Phillips is to assimilate vast quantities of cold boiled chickens, celery, and home-made cake, and forthwith the freedom of the colored population of the South is to be finally secured. Much salad for Phillips is more suffrage for the negro; cold-boiled chickens for the *Standard* are the consummation of liberty and happiness for Sambo. As this collection of chickens and celery seems, then, to be the immediate object of the Anti-Slavery Convention of this year, it will be curious to see how this chicken and celery collection will ultimate result in the consummation of the freedom of the colored man.

Y. P. M.
Y. P. M.
Y. P. M.

YOUNG'S PURE MALT WHISKY.
YOUNG'S PURE MALT WHISKY.
YOUNG'S PURE MALT WHISKY.

There is no question relative to the merits of the celebrated Y. P. M. It is the purest quality of Whisky manufactured from the best grain afforded by the Philadelphia markets, and it is sold at the low rate of $3 per gallon, or $1 25 per quart, at the salerooms.

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AGENTS FOR SALE OF
First Mortgage Bonds of Rockford, Roc Island, and St. Louis Railroad,
Interest SEVEN PER CENT., clear of all taxes payable in GOLD August and February, for sale 97½ and accrued interest in currency. Also
First Mortgage Bonds of the Danville Hazleton, and Wilkesbarre Railroad.
Interest SEVEN PER CENT., CLEAR OF ALL TAXES payable April and October, for sale at 80 and accrued interest.
Pamphlets with maps, reports, and full information of these roads always on hand for distribution.
DEALERS in Government Bonds, Gold, Silver Coupons, e.c.
STOCKS of all kinds bought and sold on commission in New York and Philadelphia. 11 5 tuths

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
Nos. 112 and 114 South THIRD Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in all Government Securities.
Old 5-20s Wanted in Exchange for New.
A Liberal Difference allowed.
Compound Interest Notes Wanted.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
COLLECTIONS MADE. STOCKS bought and sold on Commission.
Special business accommodations reserved for ladies.
We will receive applications for Policies of Life Insurance in the National Life Insurance Company of the United States. Full information given at our office.

218 & 220 S. FRONT ST.
HENRY S. HANNIS & CO.
218 & 220 S. FRONT S
OFFER TO THE TRADE, IN LOTS,
FINE RYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES, IN BON
Of 1865, 1866, 1867, and 1868.
ALSO, FREE FINE RYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES,
Of GREAT AGE, ranging from 1864 to 1845.
Liberal contracts will be entered into for lots, in bond at Distillery, of this years' manufactu

FINANCIAL.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.
BANKERS, PHILA'A & N. YORK
Dealers in all Government Securities.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
For Sale on London, Frankfort, Paris, Etc.
We issue Letters of credit on Messrs. JAMES W. TUCKER & CO., Paris,
AVAILABLE FOR TRAVELLERS USE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
Having now direct private communications by wire between our New York and Philadelphia Offices, we are constantly in receipt of all quotations from New York, and are prepared to execute all orders with promptness in STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD.
SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,
S. W. corner THIRD and CHESNUT Sts.,
11 28 PHILADELPHIA.

WM. PAINTER & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 36 South THIRD Street.
PHILADELPHIA.
AGENTS FOR
The Union Pacific Railroad Co
AND
Central Pacific Railroad Co
We have on hand THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS of both Companies, for sale or Exchange for Government Securities.
Pamphlets with Maps, Reports, and full information furnished on application. 6 1tf

BLANK BOOKS.

BLANK BOOKS.
WILLIAM M. CHRISTY,
Blank Book Manufacturer, Stationer and Printer,
No. 127 South THIRD Street.
LEDGERS,
DAY BOOKS,
CASH BOOKS, ETC.,
ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.
A large assortment of Foreign and Domestic Stationery constantly on hand.
Publisher of SMITH'S CALCULATIONS OF THE PROOF OF LIQUORS. [12 1tuths t12 3trp

GAS FIXTURES, ETC.

CORNELIUS & BAKER,
MANUFACTURERS
OF
GAS FIXTURES,
LAMPS,
BRONZES,
LANTERNS, ETC. ETC.
STORE
No. 710 CHESNUT Street.
MANUAFCTORY
No. 821 CHERRY Street,
11 17 tuths1mrp PHILADELPHIA.

TO RENT.

FOR RENT.
PREMISES, No. 809 CHESNUT St.,
FOR STORE OR OFFICE.
ALSO, OFFICES AND LARGE ROOMS suitable for a Commercial College. Apply at
24tf BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.

TO RENT, FOR AN INSURANCE COMPANY or offices, the whole of the Second Floor of the building No. 508 WALNUT Street. Apply second story back building. 12 10 3t*

TO LET—THE UPPER THREE STORIES of the desirable Store N. W. corner FIFTH and MARKET Streets.
Apply on the premises. 12 10 3t*

BRANDY, WHISKY, WINE, ET
CARSTAIRS & McCALL
Nos. 126 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE St
IMPORTERS OF
Brandies, Wines, Gin, Olive Oil, Etc. Etc
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
PURE OLD RYE, WHEAT, AND BOUR
BON WHISKIES. 4 11

SONOMA WINE COMPANY
Established for the sale of
Pure California Wines.
This Company offer for sale pure California Wine
WHITE, CATAWBA, SHERRY, ANGELICA
CLARET, PORT, MUSCATEL, CHAMPAGNE,
AND
PURE GRAPE BRANDY,
Wholesale and retail, all of their own growing, and warranted to contain nothing but the pure juice of the grape.
Depot, No. 29 BANK Street, Philadelphia.
HAHN & QUAIN, Agents, 12 1tf

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.
DIAMOND DEALERS & JEWELERS.
WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE.
WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED.
802 Chestnut St., Phila.

Watches,
Diamonds,
11 [4p] Jewelry,
Solid Silver & Plated Ware.

WEDDING RINGS.
We have for a long time made a specialty of
Solid 18-Karat Fine Gold Wedding and Engagement Rings,
And in order to supply immediate wants, we keep A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SIZES always on hand.
FARR & BROTHER,
MAKERS,
11 15smthrp] No. 324 CHESNUT St., below Fourth.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, and
FANCY GOODS.
G. W. RUSSELL,
No. 22 NORTH SIXTH STREET,
5 29 PHILADELPHIA.

DRUGS, PAINTS, ETC.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,
N. E. Corner of FOURTH and RACE Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
White Lead and Colored Paints, Putty Varnishes, Etc.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
FRENCH ZINC PAINTS.
DEALERS AND CONSUMERS SUPPLIED AT LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH. 6 15

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS.

"A REGAL DESSERT."
A new and beautiful Chromo-Lithograph, after a painting by J. W. Peyer, just received by
A. S. ROBINSON,
No. 910 CHESNUT Street,
Who has just received
NEW CHROMOS,
NEW ENGRAVINGS,
NEW FRENCH PHOTOGRAPHS,
NEW DRESDEN ENAMELS
LOOKING GLASSES, Etc.
6 15 FREE GALLERY.

FURNISHING GOODS, SHIRTS, &C

H. S. K. C.
Harris' Seamless Kid Gloves.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR GENTS' GLOVES.
J. W. SCOTT & CO.,
5 27rp NO. 814 CHESNUT STREET.

PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM
SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.
PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.
All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.
WINCHESTER & CO.,
11 2 No. 706 CHESNUT Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HAVING ALTERED AND ENLARGED MY Store, No. 230 N. NINTH street, I invite attention to my increased stock (of my own manufacture) of fine BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, Etc., of the latest styles, and at the lowest prices.
9 16 2m ERNEST SOPP.

JOHN CRUMP,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Shops: No. 213 LODGE Street, and No. 1733 CHESNUT Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—St. Andrew's English Lutheran Church, having obtained the deed for the lot southwest corner of Broad and Arch streets, have adopted a design for the church. The estimates are now being made, and all the necessary preparations completed for beginning the edifice with the opening of the coming spring. The church building will be in the Gothic style, built of marble. Dr. Stork, the pastor of the new church, has been eminently successful in gathering quite a congregation to enter the new edifice when completed.

—The Swiss Benevolent Society of this city held its annual meeting a few days since, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—Mr. R. Koradi, President; C. Jacot, Vice-President; J. Yaechier, Treasurer; A. H. Wirz, Secretary. Directors—Dr. Hy. E. Dwight, Aug. Perret, Ed. Richard, A. Streule, Dan. Liechty, Hy. Ducommun, P. J. Wildberger, C. Schoedler, F. Tobler, J. Strief. During the past year 261 applicants, mostly destitute emigrants from Switzerland, received assistance in money, etc. The membership of the Society now numbers 127.

—Charles Deers, aged seventeen years, residing in Manayunk, was admitted to the Hospital yesterday, suffering from injuries occasioned by being caught in a mill at that place belonging to E. E Branson. John McAdams, twelve years of age, living at Twenty-third and Callowhill streets, caught in the machinery of Orr's mill, causing the fracture of one of his arms.

—Inspection of flour and meal for the week ending December 10, 1868.—Barrels of superfine, 8404; do. fine, 16; do. middlings, 5; do. 141; rye, do. condemned, 5. Total, 8571.

Domestic Affairs.

—Gold closed yesterday at 135¾.

—The Mississippi river is frozen over as far south as Cairo.

—A heavy snow storm prevailed at Fortress Monroe yesterday.

—The river at Detroit is full of ice, and navigation has been brought to a sudden close.

—Governor Taft, of Montana, sent his annual message to the Territorial Legislature on the 9th inst.

—Hon. William B. Fannin, for many years a prominent member of the Georgia Legislature, is dead.

—The receipts from customs at this port from the 1st to the 5th inst., inclusive, aggregated $41,611.

—General Meade has been ordered to report in Washington, some time this month, on public business.

—The lower house of the Alabama Legislature has under consideration a bill for the suppression of Ku-Klux Klans.

—A young man named Edward Journ committed suicide at Memphis yesterday, by shooting himself through the head.

—A large number of visitors, including many Senators and Representatives, visited General Grant at his headquarters yesterday.

—The thermometer at Omaha marked eight degrees below zero yesterday morning. The river was being crossed on the ice by teams.

—A boiler in a saw-mill at Buford, Ky., exploded on Thursday, killing the engineer, and mortally wounding another workman.

—It is not probable that Mr. Jenckes' Civil Service bill will be passed this session.

—A number of prominent Pennsylvanians are in Washington, urging Judge F. C. Brewster as Attorney-General for President Grant.

—A female servant in the Adams House, Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was burned to death on Wednesday. Her clothing took fire from the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

—General Grant was at his headquarters in Washington yesterday transacting business. He leaves Washington to-day to attend the reunion of the Western armies at Chicago.

—An ox weighing 4000 pounds has been presented to General Grant by Major W. W. Leland. The beef is to be served up at the inauguration dinner in Washington on the 4th of March next.

Foreign Affairs.

HAVANA, Dec. 11.—The *Diario* to-day publishes the following news from the interior:—The Spanish troops at Manzanillo were reinforced by sailors from the men-of-war in the harbor, and had a sharp skirmish with the insurgents near the town. Ten of the latter were killed and many wounded. The troops captured a number of horses and some important correspondence. The Government loss is not reported.

The *Diario* also states that since the battles at Cobre and Guantanamo four hundred rebels have voluntarily given themselves up to the military authorities and received pardon. The revolutionists flatly contradict these statements, and report that they are constantly receiving reinforcements of money, arms, and ammunition.

Within a week, about fifty young men, some of them of the first families on the island, have left Havana to join the rebellion. The Spaniards here continue to subscribe money and furnish recruits for the insurgents.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—A telegraphic synopsis of President Johnson's annual message and the announcement of the manner of its reception by the Senate has evoked the following comments from London journals:—

The *Daily News* (radical) says:—President Johnson's persistent opposition to the will of the nation is the cause of the partial failure of the message. The writer goes on to show that there is no hope for a restoration of peace and unity in America until the accession of General Grant to the Presidency.

The *Morning Standard* (conservative) strongly deprecates the refusal of the Senate to listen to the Message, and pronounces such action disrespectful to the Executive.

The *Morning Herald* (conservative) says the message commends itself to everybody interested in American affairs. It is the warning protest and the lament of a statesman politically dying.

LONDON, Dec. 11—Evening.—In the House of Commons to-day, the election of Speaker was confirmed by the Crown.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The appointment of Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland is officially announced.

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—It is said Baron von Becke will be appointed Ambassador from Austria to the Sublime Porte.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—The *Gaulois* asserts that the insurrectionary movement at Cadiz is instigated by agents of Isabella.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—In the course of debate in the Prussian Diet on the bill confiscating the property of the Elector of Hesse, Count Bismark, alluding to the recent war agitation, said:—"The fears of war, which were prevalent during the summer, have now passed away."

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.

The Death of the late Thaddeus Stevens will be formally announced in the House on Thursday next.

His Successor,

O. J. Dickey, will lead off among those who are to pronounce eulogies upon the deceased.

The departments were thronged with members and Senators to-day, attending to business for their constituents.

The Alta Vela Claim

has been revived in the House and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Destructive Fire at Greenwich, N. Y.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 11.—A fire occurred at Greenwich, Washington county, this morning, destroying six stores. The loss will probably reach $100,000, mostly covered by insurance.

A Missing Steamship.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The steamer Union, which sailed from London on October 24 for this port, has not since been heard from. She had a cargo of iron, but no passengers.

—Highway robbers hold the northern part of New York in a reign of terror.

—Somebody has computed that it has cost us $1,000,000,000 to fight the poor Indian for forty years.

—A New York boy stole a pair of spectacles because he had weak eyes and a weaker conscience.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.
SUN RISES.....7:15 MOON RISES.....5:29
SUN SETS.....4:32 HIGH WATER.....1 05

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Wyoming, Teal, Savannah, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Steamship Saxon, Boggs, Boston, H. Winsor & Co.
Barque Schamyl, Snow, Marseilles. L. Westergaard & Co.
Brig Life Houghton, Morton, Portland, Warren & Grier.
Schr A. A. Webb, Webb, Boston David Cooper.
Schr Ann Eliza, Richards, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Schr J. S. Shriver, Dennis, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Schr H. A. Adams, Nerason, Newbern, David Cooper.
Schr Mount Vernon, Hewes, Baltimore, S. D. Wood.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, for Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Norman, Crowell, 48 hours from Boston, with indse. to H. Winsor & Co. On the 10th inst., 5 miles ESE from Block Island, passed a red can buoy, drifting seaward; 11th, passed a loaded barque at anchor at the Brandywine; off Bombay Hook, passed iron ship Humboldt, from New York, in tow of the tug Gladiator.

Steamship Brunette, Howe, 24 hours from New York, with indse. to John F. Ohl.

Schr J. Truman, Gibbs, 5 days from New Bedford, with box boards to captain.

Schr Ann Rambo, Eskridge, 5 days from James river, with lumber to Moore, Wheatley & Cottingham.

Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, 24 hours from New York, with indse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship J. W. Everman, Vance, hence for Richmond (erroneously reported yesterday as arrived), was ashore at Point of Shoals, near the mouth of James river. A tug was alongside to render assistance.

Steamship Juniata, Hoxie, for Philadelphia via Havana, cleared at New Orleans 5th inst. Passengers for Philadelphia—T. Roberts and wife, Miss Peal, Miss J. B. Hoff, and Miss Regan. Cargo, 405 bales cotton, 75 bales moss, and 2758 bbls molasses.

Barque Lorena, Hichborn, was loading at Cardenas 4th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.

Brig Emily Fisher, Clark, hence, was discharging at Trinidad 2d inst.

Brig Tangent, Verrill, for Philadelphia, cleared at Cadis 5th inst.

Schr Addie Ryerson, Houghton, for Philadelphia, cleared at St. John, N. B., 5th inst.

Schr Clara Rankin, Rankin, for Philadelphia, cleared at Georgetown, S. C., 7th inst.

Schrs J. W. Wilson, Somers, and J. H. Gallagher, Gallagher, hence, at Washington, D. C., 9th inst.

Schr Amanda M. Flanagan, Collins, 20 days from Matanzas, via Delaware Breakwater, at New York 10th inst. In leaving the Breakwater got on the beach. She was towed off by the steamtug America.

Schr R. S. Dean, Cook, of and from Taunton, for Philadelphia, before reported ashore at Deal, lies high up on the beach and is in good condition; will probably be got off.

Schr Emma G., Webber, hence, at St. John, N. B., 9th inst.

Schr Sinaloa, Steele, at Mayaguez 23d ult., for a port north of Hatteras.

Schrs Lottie Beard, Perry, and J. H. Perry, Kelley, hence, at New Bedford 9th inst.

Schr Thomas J. Smith, Perry, hence for Boston, at New York 10th inst.

Schr Abbott Devereaux, Rich, hence, at New Orleans 5th inst.

Schr Gen. Grant, Colburn, hence, at Richmond 9th instant.

Schrs Elvie Davis, Johnson; Polly Price, Yates; and Ald. Smith, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 9th inst.

Schr Joseph Maxfield, May, hence, at Gloucester 9th instant.

Schr E. A. Conklin, Daniels, hence for Boston, at New York 10th inst. Dec. 9, off Sandy Hook, in a gale from SW, carried away mainsail and jib.

Schrs Georgie Deering Willard, and H. E. Sampson, Blake, hence, at Portland 9th inst.

MISCELLANY.

Two wrecking schooners from the wreck of the steamship Star of the Union, arrived at Havana 29th ult., with 51 bales cotton, 66 bbls. flour, 34½ bales sea moss, 86 bbls. potatoes, 35 do. hams, 98 bales hay, 68 bbls. molasses, 14 sofas, 13 sets blinds, 8 sails, a quantity of furniture, bedding, linen machinery, etc.

Steamship Kensington, Babson, at Boston from New Orleans, reports:—On the 6th inst., Montauk bearing NE. by N., 100 miles, fell in with the Pollock Rip Lightship, and took her in tow, but the next morning off Shinecock, during a heavy gale, parted from her and she stood to the eastward under sail.

CITY ITEMS.

IT IS WONDERFUL how cheap goods are sold at Gay's China Palace, No. 1042 Chesnut street.

The stock was well selected by Mr. Gay in person, from the largest manufactories in Europe. The cause of their being so remarkably cheap is the great reduction of prices on the other side of the water. Business being very dull, all the manufacturers have large stocks on hand, and are willing to discount largely to effect sales.

Below we quote prices of a few staple goods. Fancy are at a still greater discount.

White French china cups and saucers, per set, 12 pieces, $1·25.

White stone china cups and saucers, per set, 12 pieces, 45 cents.

White French china dining plates, 9½ inches, per dozen, $2.

White stone china dining plates, 9½ inches, per dozen, $1·50.

White stone china chamber sets, per set, $3.

Cut-glass goblets, per dozen, $2 25.

Blown-glass goblets per dozen, $1·50.

Cut-glass tumblers, per dozen, $1·25.

A TENDER-HEARTED RAILWAY ENGINEER says he never runs over a man if he can help it; it musses up the engine so!

CHARLES STOKES & Co.
never allow a garment to leave their
FIRST-CLASS CUSTOMER CLOTHING HOUSE
unless it is a perfect fit and entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.
The First Pantaloon Cutter in the Union is employed at
CHARLES STOKES & Co's.,
No. 824 Chesnut street.

A HACKING COUGH is one of the most distressing as well as dangerous forms of cough one can be afflicted with. Its continuous action fatigues and irritates the lungs, and thus engenders consumption. Upham's Fresh Meat Cure will cure the cough, soothe the irritated bronchia, and give tone and vigor to the lungs and whole system.

A single bottle will convince any one of its purity Sold one dollar per bottle.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
No. 602 Arch street.

JEWELRY.—Mr. William W. Cassidy, No. 12 South Second street, has the largest and most attractive assortment of fine ewelry and silverware in the city Purchasers can rely upon obtaining a real, pure article furnished at a price which cannot be equalled. He also has a large stock of American Western watches in all varieties and at all prices. A visit to his store is sure to result in pleasure and profit.

COAL, COAL COAL for the million. Now is the time to lay in your winter's store of fuel. Old King Frost is drawing pictures on the windows, and the moist snow is wetting your feet. Build bright fires and bid the cold defiance. But to build the fires you must have good coal—and where should you purchase it if not at the celebrated Alter's, No. 957 North Ninth street (office Sixth and Spring Garden streets). He has it in abundance, too—notwithstanding the recent strike in the coal regions—and is ready to furnish customers with all sizes and kinds, at the very lowest prices.

A HUMOROUS APOTHECARY IN BOSTON exposes a cake of soap in his window, with the pertinent inscription,

"Cheaper than dirt."

Just so with the
Evening and Walking Coats,
Irish Freize Coats,
Pants and Vests,
At CHARLES STOKES & Co's.
In price they are cheaper than ever.
Convince yourself.

FURS—REMOVED TO No. 510.—Russia, Hudson Bay, Mink, Sable, Dark Squirrel, etc., of the best qualities, at the most reasonable prices, at our new and light store, No. 510 Arch street, between Fifth and Sixth. Please give us a call.

JOSEPH ROSENBAUM & Co.

P. S.—No business transacted on Saturday. Furs altered and repaired. Remember 510, 510.

LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, ETC., are speedily relieved and, if taken in time, permanently cured, by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. You will find in it, also, a certain remedy for Coughs and Colds. Sold everywhere.

TRENWITH'S NEWS DEPOT, lately opened on Chesnut st., west of Sixth, No. 614, is a model establishment of its kind in every respect. Neatly fitted up, airy, light, and convenient, goods conspicuously displayed, everything in perfect order, it is really a pleasure to stop in his place. We have just received from him "Harper's Weekly" and "Monthly," the "Atlantic Monthly," "Comic Monthly," etc

SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—We would call the early attention of the trade to the large and attractive sale of boots and shoes, to be sold by catalogue for cash, on Monday morning, December 14, commencing at 10 o'clock, by C. D. McClees & Co., auctioneers, at their store, No. 506 Market street.

WE CALL ATTENTION of capitalists and manufacturers to a valuable mill and farm property, 45½ acres, in Twenty-fourth ward, for public sale, by Thomas & Sons on Tuesday next.

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Sewing Machines, No. 730 Chesnut street.

MARRIED.

JONES—VANSCIVER.—On the morning of December 10, by the Rev. Thomas Winter, D. D., A. ELLWOOD JONES to ROSA C. VANSCIVER, all of this city. No cards.

LEIB—FELL.—On the 10th instant, at St. Luke's Church, by the Rev. M. A. De Wolfe Howe, D. D., HARRISON LEIB to M. E. Fell, daughter of the late Reese D. Fell, all of Philadelphia.

DIED.

BENNEY.—On the 9th instant, DOLLIE BENNEY, daughter of Joseph and Martha Benney, aged 1 year and 7 month.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her grandparents, John and Sarah Pierce, No. 937 S. Sixth street, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Philanthropic Cemetery.

COOPER.—On the morning of the 10th instant, LAURA VIRGINIA, eldest daughter of William P. and Elizabeth A. Cooper, in the 21th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 718 N. Twentieth street, on Monday morning, the 14th instant, at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Cedar Hill Cemetery, without further notice.

KNOX.—On the 9th instant, GEORGE W. KNOX, Jr., son of George W. and Mary Jane Knox, aged 21 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 516 Marker street, First ward, on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. To proceed to Lafayette Cemetery.

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Philadelphia.

S. E. Corner Fourth and Walnut Streets.

This Institution has no superior in the United States 6 10

JONES'
ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,
No. 604 MARKET Street.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

Our Stock is Large.

None but well-made GARMENTS are offered.

But One Price is Asked.

Satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser.

JONES' ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE
No. 604 MARKET Street,
Above Sixth.
11 18 mwslm

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

405 CHESNUT STREET,
OLD RYE HOTEL.
LUNCH OF VENISON, and other Game in Season, every day from 10½ to 12 M.
12 9 1m ROBERT BLACK.

MIDDLE TEMPLE
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
No. 116 South SIXTH Street.
12 9 1m H. REINHARD, Proprietor.

GEORGE ZIELLEY,
Formerly Fitzwater & Zielley,
Filbert street, above Eighth street,
has opened the old stand,
N. W. COR. THIRD AND WOOD STS.,
where he will be glad to see his friends.
12 11 1m GEORGE ZIELLEY.

FURNITURE.

DETERMINED TO MEET THE POPULAR demand for lower prices, I offer my entire stock of new and elegant styles of
FURNITURE
at greatly reduced prices.
JOHN M. GARDINER,
No. 1316 CHESNUT Street.
11 18 1m4p

LUMBER.

1868. SPRUCE JOIST. SPRUCE JOIST. HEMLOCK. HEMLOCK. 1868.
1868 SEASONED CLEAR PINE. SEASONED CLEAR PINE. CHOICE PATTERN PINE. SPANISH CEDAR, FOR PATTERNS. RED CEDAR. 1868
1868 FLORIDA FLOORING. FLORIDA FLOORING. CAROLINA FLOORING. VIRGINIA FLOORING. DELAWARE FLOORING. ASH FLOORING. WALNUT FLOORING. FLORIDA STEP BOARDS. RAIL PLANK. 1868
1868 WALNUT BDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BDS. AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS. WALNUT PLANK. 1868
1868 UNDERTAKERS LUMBER. UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. RED CEDAR. WALNUT AND PINE. 1868
1868 SEASONED POPLAR. SEASONED CHERRY. ASH. WHITE OAK PLANK AND BOARDS. HICKORY. 1868
1868 CIGAR BOX MAKERS' CIGAR BOX MAKERS' SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS, FOR SALE LOW. 1868
1868 CAROLINA SCANTLING. CAROLINA H. T. SILLS. NORWAY SCANTLING. 1868
1868 CEDAR SHINGLES. CYPRESS SHINGLES. MAULE, BROTHER & CO., No. 2500 SOUTH Street. 1868
1 1J

T. P. GALVIN & CO.,
LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS
SHACKAMAXON STREET WHARF,
BELOW SLOAT'S MILLS,
(So-CALLED), PHILADELPHIA.
AGENTS FOR SOUTHERN AND EASTERN Manufacturers of YELLOW PINE and SPRUCE TIMBER BOARDS, etc., and will be happy to furnish orders at wholesale rates, deliverable at any accessible port.
Constantly receiving and on hand at our wharf SOUTHERN FLOORING, SCANTLING, SHINGLES, EASTERN LATHS, PICKETS, BED-SLATS, SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, SELECT MICHIGAN AND CANADA PLANK AND BOARDS, AND MACATCO SHIP-KNEES.
1 31 stuthsJ
ALL OF WHICH WILL BE DELIVERED AT ANY PART OF THE CITY PROMPTLY

GEORGE PLOWMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
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FANCY FURS! FANCY FURS!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

JOHN FAREIRA,
At his old and well known FUR HOUSE,
No. 718 ARCH Street,
Is now closing out the balance of his immense assortment of
FANCY FURS,
For Ladies' and Children's wear, at a great reduction of prices.
This stock must all be sold before New Year to make room for great alterations in our establishment next year. The character of my Furs is too well known to require praise.
Remember the name and number.
JOHN FAREIRA,
No. 718 ARCH STREET,
11 30 2tl rp PHILADELPHIA.

FURS
At 30 Per Cent. less than Invoice Prices!
LOUIS GERBER,
No. 825 Arch Street,
(Half way between Eighth and Ninth, north side)
AND 234 ARCH STREET,
HAS REDUCED HIS SPLENDID STOCK OF FURS 30 PER CENT. LESS THAN INVOICE PRICES.
The Goods have been imported and manufactured by himself, and are warranted to be as represented. 12 9 1strp

STEAMBOAT LINES.

PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON Steamboat Line.—The steamboat EDWIN FORREST leaves ARCH Street Wharf, for Trenton, stopping at Tacony, Torresdale, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Robbins' Wharf, and White Hill.

Leaves Arch Street Wharf			Leaves South Trenton.		
Saturday, Dec.	12	10 A.M	Saturday	Dec. 12,	2 P.M
Monday,	"	14, 12 M.	Monday,	" 14,	4 P.M
Tuesday,	"	15, 1 P.M	Tuesday,	" 15,	5 P.M
Wed'day,	"	16, 1 P.M	Wed'day,	" 16,	don't go
Thursday,	"	17, 1½ P.M	Thursday,	" 17,	7 A.M
Friday,	"	18, 2½ P.M	Friday,	" 18,	8 A.M

Fare to Trenton, 40 cents each way; intermediate places, 25 cents. 4 11

OPPOSITION TO THE COMBINED RAILROAD AND RIVER MONOPOLY.
Steamer JOHN SYLVESTER will make daily excursions to Wilmington (Sundays excepted), touching at Chester and Marcus Hook, leaving ARCH Street wharf at 9:45 A. M. and 3:30 P. M., returning leave Wilmington at 7 A. M. and 12:30 P. M.
Light freights taken.
4 28 tf L. W. BURNE, Captain.

FOR NEW YORK—SWIFT-SURE Transportation Company.—Despatch and Swift-sure Lines, via Delaware and Raritan Canal, on and after the 15th of March, leaving daily at 12 M. and 5 P. M., connecting with all Northern and Eastern lines.
For freight, which will be taken on accommodating terms, apply to WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO.,
1 1J No. 132 S. DELAWARE Avenue.

SUNDAY EXCURSION.—CHANGE OF TIME.—The splendid steamer TWILIGHT leaves Chesnut street wharf at ¾ A. M., and 2 P. M., for Burlington and Bristol, touching at Tacony, Riverton, Andalusia, and Beverly. Leaving Bristol at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Fare 25 cents. Excursion, 40 cents. 10 10 s tf

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HENRY S. MATLACK,
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IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
WALL PAPERS.
ALL ORDERS PERSONALLY ATTENDED TO.
Competent workmen sent to all parts of the country. Work executed at city prices. 9 15 tuthssm

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OF THE LATEST
LONDON AND
PARIS STYLES,
FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
FOR SALE BY
WM. A. BROWN & CO.,
No. 246 MARKET Street,
12 9 1tl PHILADELPHIA.

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We have now on hand the largest and finest assortment of FANCY GOODS ever offered to the public, of the newest designs, of late importations, and at unprecedentedly low prices.
BRONZE CLOCKS, STATUARY, INKSTANDS, ETC. ETC.
PARIAN GROUPS, BUSTS, STATUETTES AND BANDS.
CHINA AND BOHEMIAN VASES, TOILET SETS, BOUQUET HOLDERS, ETC.
LAVA SMOKING SETS, CIGAR HOLDERS, MATCH AND TOBACCO BOXES.
JARDINIERES of various designs, richly mounted on Wood and Bronze. BRONZE AND CHINA CARD STANDS, FLOWER POTS, HANGING VASES, ETC. ETC.
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NEW MUSIC STORE,
NO. 1317 CHESNUT ST., above THIRTEENTH.
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Music Publishers, and Dealers in Musical Merchandise of every Description.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENT
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THE BEST GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
DIRECT FROM EUROPE
CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD.
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JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,
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First door above Chesnut street. 4 9J

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED, and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office. 11 19 5p

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A NEW NOVEL
BY "OUIDA."
TRICOTRIN,
THE STORY OF A WAIF AND STRAY.
BY "OUIDA."
Author of "Strathmore," "Under Two Flags" "Ouida," "Granville de Vigne," "Chandos," etc.
With Portrait of the Author from an Engraving on Steel.
1 vol. 12mo. of nearly 700 pages. Cloth. Price, $2 00

The works of "Ouida" are among the most powerful and spicy works of fiction which the present century, so prolific in light literature, has produced. The style is elegant, forcible, sparkling; the characters are powerfully drawn, and many of the scenes are passionate and thrilling, and the knowledge of the world displayed in the book is very great. The author seems at home in all spheres—alike in the drawing-room, the battle-field, the college, and the club. "Tricotrin" is one of the best novels that we have ever read.

For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mail postage free, on receipt of price.

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AT
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Shakespeare, 8vo., genuine Turkey Morocco, $6; selling price, $10.
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Juvenile and Toy Books, with beautifully colored pictures—an immense variety.
All the Standard Works, in plain and fine bindings,
A REDUCTION OF 25 TO 75 PER CENT. ON EVERYTHING IN OUR LINE.
All books sold at a great reduction, and no exception. Call and satisfy yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
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Call and get our new Holiday Catalogue,
JAMES S. CLAXTON,
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IS NOW AT
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A LARGE AND ELEGANT
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BOOKS IN FINE BINDINGS,
CHILDREN'S BOOKS
TOY BOOKS IN LINEN
MOSTLY LONDON EDITIONS, AS CHEAP AS AMERICAN EDITIONS.
Your early inspection is invited while the stock is large and well assorted, at
THE ENGLISH BOOKSTORE,
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C. J. PRICE
Has Removed to No. 723 SANSOM Street,
Directly opposite his Old Stand, where he will continue the importation of
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He has now received all the choicest
ENGLISH AND FRENCH ILLUSTRATED WORKS
For the Present Holiday Season, besides a complete assortment of
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To which the attention of those in search of choice and elegant Christmas Gifts is invited. 12 11 6t

HAZARD'S ENGLISH BOOKSTORE.—Hazard's Bookstore is becoming synonymous with good books, fine books, elegantly illustrated books, choice editions of standard books, books in rich and tasty bindings, children's books, toy books on linen and paper, books for all trades and people. The stock being almost entirely of London editions, here will be found at all times English Books which cannot be had elsewhere in this city.
Particular attention is invited at the present time from those in search of a really tasty Present for the Holidays to the Elegantly Bound or Illustrated Books in the collection, and the Children's Books, with gay bindings and attractive pictures.
Prices as cheap as American editions, and ranging from the lowest sum to two hundred dollars the volume. 10 6J No. 722 SANSOM STREET.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Assigned Estate of WILLIAM FRY, J. REESE FRY, and EDWARD P. FRY.
The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the second and final account of JOSEPH A. CLAY, Esq., and JOHN C. MITCHELL, Esq., Assignees of WILLIAM FRY, J. REESE FRY, and EDWARD P. FRY, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on TUESDAY, December 22, A. D. 1868, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., at his office, No. 406 WALNUT Street, in the city of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM D. BAKER,
12 10 thstu5t* Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of JAMES HAMILTON deceased.
The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the thirty-eighth account of THOMAS CALWALADER, Executor and Trustee of the last will and testament of JAMES HAMILTON, deceased, and arising from that portion of the estate belonging to Schedule B, annexed to the indenture of petition in said estate, dated January 26, 1849, recorded in the office for recording deeds, etc., in Philadelphia, in Deed Book G. W. C., No. 1, page 497, etc, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, December 21, A. D. 1868, at 4 o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 406 WALNUT Street, in the city of Philadelphia.
12 10 thstu5t* WILLIAM D. BAKER, Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of SAMUEL L. KAIN, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the widow of said decedent has filed in said Court her petition and an appraisement of the personal property, which she elects to retain under the act of April 14, 1851, and its supplements, and that the same will be approved by said Court on SATURDAY, Dec. 12, 1868, unless exceptions be filed thereto.
RICHARD LUDLOW,
12 4 fs4t Attorney for Petitioner.

CORN EXCHANGE
BAG MANUFACTORY.
JOHN T. BAILEY,
N. E. corner of MARKET and WATER Streets.
Philadelphia.
DEALERS IN BAGS AND BAGGING
Of every description, for
Grain, Flour, Salt, Super-Phosphate of Lime, Bone Dust, Etc.
Large and small GUNNY BAGS constantly on hand
Also, WOOL SACKS.
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WILLIAM S. GRANT
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 88 S. DELAWARE Avenue, Philadelphia.
AGENT FOR
Dupont's Gunpowder, Refined Nitre, Charcoal, etc
W. Baker & Co.'s Chocolate, Cocoa, and Broma,
Crocker Bros. & Co.'s Yellow Metal Sheathing Bolts, and Nails. 1 24J

RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR SCISSORS of the finest quality.
Masons, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH street, below Chesnut. 6 5p4

AMUSEMENTS.

AMATEURS' DRAWING-ROOM,
SEVENTEENTH STREET, ABOVE CHESNUT.
SOIREE DRAMATIQUE,
TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 15,
The Comedy of
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND.
A limited number of secured seats can be had by personal application to
C. W. A. TRUMPLER,
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AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN AND GERMAN OPERA.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR.....MAX MARETZEK
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Dec. 12,
GRAND FAREWELL NIGHT.
GRAND FAREWELL NIGHT.
DER FREISCHUTZ,
DER FREISCHUTZ,
DER FREISCHUTZ,
Sung entirely in German.
NEW SCENERY,
NEW PROPERTIES, imported expressly for the
WOLF'S GLEN,
and the following great cast:—
Agathe.....MADAME ANNA DE LA GRANGE
Aennchen.....MADAME ROTTER
Max.....HERR HABELMANN
Caspar.....HERR FORMES
Prince.....HERR REICHARDT
Ubric.....HERR BEHRINGER
Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Family Circle, 50 cents. Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
Tickets and Seats can now be secured for to-night at the Academy of Music and Charles Trumpler's Music Store, No. 926 Chesnut street.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
OLE BULL
respectfully announces one
GRAND CONCERT
AND
GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY EVENING AND AFTERNOON,
Dec. 19, 1868,
assisted by the following favorite artists:—
Miss BARTON, of Boston, Soprano.
Mr. GUSTAVUS F. HALL, Baritone.
Mr. EGBERT LANSING, Pianist and Accompanyist.
ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.
FAMILY CIRCLE, FIFTY CENTS.
Seats can be secured, without extra charge, at Gould's Piano Warerooms, No. 923 Chesnut street, and at the Academy of Music.
Sale of seats will commence on WEDNESDAY MORNING, Dec. 16, at 9 o'clock.
CONCERT—Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
MATINEE—Doors open at 1:30; commence at 2:30 P. M.
T. R. TURNBULL,
12 12 7t Business Manager.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET THEATRE, Begins at half-past 7.
MONDAY, Dec. 7, and EVERY EVENING, first nights of Colonel Fitzgerald's Play,
WOLVES AT BAY.
With every scene new
By Charles Hawthorne and Mr. Fetter.
Realistic Mechanical Effects.
By John Furze and Assistant.
New Music and Great Cast.
By Mrs. JOHN DREW and Company
Seats secured six days in advance.

WALNUT ST. THEATRE, BEGINS AT 7¾.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Dec. 12,
MRS. D. P. BOWERS
in her extraordinary impersonations of
JANE SHORE AND MADELAINE.
Nicholas Rowe's celebrated Tragedy, in five acts, of
JANE SHORE.
Jane Shore.....Mrs. D. P. BOWERS
Lord Hastings.....Mr. J. C. McCollom
To conclude with the interesting Domestic Drama of
MADELAINE.
Madelaine.....Mrs. D. P. BOWERS
Monday—Mrs. D. P. BOWERS as NELLE GWYNNE.
THE ORANGE GIRL.
a Christmas Story, will be produced shortly.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.
THIS (Saturday) NIGHT,
THE GREAT CIRCUS TROUPE,
headed by
JAMES ROBINSON,
IN A
PEERLESS PROGRAMME.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY,
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.
For further particulars see morning "Ledger."

THEATRE COMIQUE, SEVENTH STREET below Arch

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,
NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1868.

Decline of Southern Influence—Future Programme of the Democracy.

In the speech delivered by Mr. Blaine in the House of Representatives on the 10th inst., on the results of the late election, he declared that "the approaching census of 1870 will disclose the fact that the ten Rebel States, viewed as one compact power, will no longer have sufficient strength to offer temptation to the Democratic party of the North to sacrifice its loyalty and its pride for the profit of an alliance with them," and that "the election of 1868 is the last in which the lately rebellious section, even if it could be wholly controlled by Rebels, will have sufficient power in the electoral vote of the country to make it the object either of hope or of fear on the part of political organizations striving for the government of the nation." Politicians of all parties should attentively consider the full force of the change which is thus forcibly depicted. For many years the compacted South held a predominating influence in the national councils, and the custom was for a long time maintained of refusing admission to a new free State until a new slave State was also prepared for admission, so that a balance of power could be perpetuated in the United States Senate. Calhoun earnestly advocated such a change in the form of the Government as would always ensure to the Southern States sufficient influence in the national councils to prevent the passage of any law unanimously opposed by their Senators and Representatives. He viewed with gloomy apprehensions the rapid growth of the free Commonwealths, and impressed his followers with the conviction that they must either secure a perpetual check upon the Union, or abandon and destroy it. They were taught to demand that the North should continually be subservient to the South, despite disparity of population, and to make the first open expression of free and unshackled Northern opinion on a test question the signal for the disruption of the Republic. The nation and the world have seen some of the results of this struggle of a desperate and retrograde minority to enchain a vigorous and progressive majority; but the protracted discussion of the terms of reconstruction and temporary uncertainty in regard to the future position of the Rebel States, have prevented a full recognition of the completeness of the overthrow of the arrogant pretensions of the secessionists. All know that the Confederacy was demolished. But next to power out of the Union they longed for power within it; and the restrictions imposed by the reconstruction policy of Congress, joined to the rapid influx of emigration in the North, and the prosperity insured to Northern communities by liberty combined with law, have sounded forever the death-knell of the distinctive Southern influence which was formerly the controlling element in American politics. It has fallen, like Lucifer, never to rise again. Men look back with wonder at the patience of the North in submitting to the brutal dictation of the lords of the plantation lash, and can scarcely realize that the leaders of the Rebellion once swayed the destinies of the entire nation. Henceforth the South will exercise but a small share of the governing power. Whatever may be the final result of the Congressional efforts to infuse a loyal element into Southern politics, her future statesmen can never again become the despots of the country. This change possesses a deeper significance to the Democrats of the Northern States than to any other portion of the American people. They have become so accustomed to unquestioned submission to Southern dictation that they scarcely yet realize that policy and prudence, as well as patriotism, impel them to recognize their emancipation from their ancient thraldom. They are slower than the slaves in learning that they should work for themselves, and for the immediate benefit of the communities in which they live, instead of their old Southern masters. They committed a fatal blunder in the last Presidential campaign by exposing their willingness to fight the battles of a lost cause, and by affording new evidence of their continued disposition to make the interests of the loyal States subordinate to those of rebellious districts. They can scarcely fail to gradually learn the folly of reposing their hopes for future triumph on an alliance with baffled traitors, and four years hence they will probably correct the flagrant error which contributed so largely to their recent defeat. They will not again venture to ask the people to endorse a Wade Hampton platform, or to support another national candidate who favors a new rebellion.

JOHNSON'S MESSAGE is as full of absurdities and inconsistencies as of insults to the American people. He says that "our national credit should be sacredly observed," and he follows up this declaration by proposing that the principal of the national debt should be extinguished by the moneys paid for interest. He denounces and exaggerates the public expenditures, forgetting that he himself signed all the appropriation bills passed since April, 1865, notwithstanding his numerous vetoes of other laws, and ignoring the fact that the appropriations were nearly all based upon estimates made by his own Administration, which, however, were in many instances greatly reduced. He also strangely supplements his declaration against the large expenditures of the Government by proposing to purchase more foreign territory. In one breath he states that "it is indeed a question of grave consideration whether our recent and present example is not calculated to check the growth and expansion of free principles," and yet in another he alleges that "the conviction is rapidly gaining ground in the American mind that, with the increased facilities for intercommunication between all portions of the earth," we could govern under our Constitution not only this entire continent but "the rest of mankind." The message is evidently either the patchwork product of different authors or of varying Presidential moods.

League Island.

THE Attorney-General having passed upon the title of the city of Philadelphia to League Island, and reported that it is sound and unencumbered, the formal and final transfer of the great Iron-clad Navy Yard site will be fully consummated in a few days. The Federal Government will then be placed in possession of a piece of property which is eminently adapted to all the requisites of an iron-clad naval station. From the first tender of the property to the United States by this city, the movement has encountered the bitterest opposition by persons in and out of the Government who were interested in having other localities fixed upon. But, after all, the true interests of the country were consulted, and the Navy Yard for iron-clad vessels of war located at the point which was unquestionably the most suitable, with a view to safety, economy, and convenience. Philadelphia has just cause to be gratified at the result.

THE indignant denunciations in Congress and in the press of the Presidential scheme of repudiation will go far to satisfy the national creditors, at home and abroad, that the solemn decision pronounced in November last, that all the obligations incurred by the war should be faithfully discharged, will be executed. The most probable explanation of Andrew Johnson's motives is that he prepared portions of his message rather as texts for future stump speeches as a candidate for United States Senator in Tennessee before semi-rebel audiences at Confederate X Roads, than as official advice and information to Congress. Having swung around the circle once from the lowest office to the highest, he is preparing for a return trip, which is to begin by a canvass for a seat in the Senate, and may end in his defeat as a candidate for alderman.

J. MOTTET & CO.'S

SUPERIOR

OLIVE OIL,

Well known in France and other countries of Europe as a

STICTLY PURE

TABLE OIL,

Is now introduced to the trade of the United States by the undersigned,

Sole Agent for its Sale in this Country.

In addition to the purity of the OIL, the bottles are larger than any other brand, making it in POINT OF FACT, the cheapest.

RICHARD H. WATSON,

No. 25 South FRONT Street,

12 7 mwsdp PHILADELPHIA.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

Any person habitually costive cannot be in the enjoyment of health. If not relieved costiveness will result in confirmed cases of Rheumatism, Piles, Inflammation of the Bowels, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and surrounding organs. When costiveness is radically cured, all the machinery of the system moves in harmony. Marshall's Elixir permanently cures costiveness, and so prevents diseases more painful and dangerous.

Headache quickly yields to its curative powers. Being entirely vegetable, it may be safely taken by all persons at any time, with perfect safety. Headache, besides being a very painful complaint, is also weakening to the nervous system, and may lead to palsy in its various forms if not soon relieved. Marshall's Elixir so strengthens the nerves that they perform their duties without pain or uneasiness.

By supplying the stomach with the medicinal principle, the want of which causes Dyspepsia, this distressing and common disease is quickly cured by its use. It not only supplies this to the stomach, but imparts strength and vigor to the whole digestive apparatus, so that health, with cheerful spirits and a ruddy countenance, is fully established. Read the following certificate:—

CHESTER, Delaware county.

Dear Sirs—I have had sick headaches at times for many years. When afflicted with it I was unfit to attend to my household affairs. Your Elixir partially cured me the first time I tried it. The second time it cured me almost immediately. Since then, by its occasional use, I have been entirely free from it.

MRS. MATILDA HAYS.

Depot, No. 1301 MARKET Street, Philada.

M. MARSHALL & CO.,

11 25 thstuff PROPRIETORS.

Lord Chesterfield—His Clothes.

Lord Chesterfield was a gay old fellow,
A gay old fellow was he,
He died on the twenty-fourth of March,
In seventeen seventy-three.
A splendidly gotten-up sort of a man,
From his hat to the tips of his toes;
But what he was chiefly famous for
Was the elegant style of his clothes.

In Cheste field's day they had to pay
For a coat to put on one's back
Five times as much as you do to-day,
For the finest *Chesterfield Sack*,
And, if you inquire the reason why
They had to pay so much more,
We answer, they then had no such thing
As ROCKHILL & WILSON'S Store.

Neither Lord Chesterfield, nor any other man of past generations, could get as beautiful clothes, as well-fitting clothes, as well-made clothes, as durable clothes or as desirable clothes, in any respect, as you can now buy, for a mere trifle, at the great BROWNSTONE HALL. In olden times good clothes were worn only by the wealthy few. But now the great public come with their cash; and, in Chesterfield Sacks, Chesterfield Overcoats, Beaver Cloth, Tricot, and other materials, look a great deal better than even old Chesterfield himself ever did. COME and BUY of

ROCKHILL & WILSON,

GREAT BROWN CLOTHING HALL,

Nos. 603 and 605 CHESTNUT STREET,

11 4p PHILADELPHIA.

DRY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Bargains for the Holidays.

I will offer during the Holidays my entire stock of

New and Desirable Goods.

Comprising in part—
Irish Poplins, Plaid Poplins,
Silk Face Poplins, Velour Poplins,
Plain Poplins, Stripe Poplins,
Poplin Alpaca, Alpaca Lustre,

Velveteen,

The Cheapest in the City.

Silks for Christmas, Silk Colored Taffetas.

Colored Corded Silks.

Evening Silks in choice shades.

Black Silks! Black Silks!

Admitted by all to be the cheapest BLACK SILKS offered this fall.

All of which will be sold at a great sacrifice from the original cost, at

GEORGE D. WISHAM'S

One Price Dry Goods Store,

No. 7 North EIGHTH St.,

12 10 thstustrp PHILADELPHIA.

1868. CHRISTMAS. 1868.

USEFUL HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

JAMES M'MULLAN,

No. 1128 CHESNUT STREET,

Next Door to BAILEY'S,

FORMERLY SEVENTH AND CHESNUT,

IS SELLING

BLANKETS, QUILTS,
SHEETINGS, TABLE CLOTHS,
NAPKINS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
FLANNELS,
MUSLINS,
EMBROIDERIES,
HDKFS., ETC. ETC.

The very best grades at the lowest prices for CASH. 12 10 thstu10trp

PRICE & WOOD,

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT,

Fancy Goods Suitable for the Holidays.

Paris Silk Fans, very cheap.
Handsome Gilt Stick Fans,
Ivory Stick Silk Fans,
Children's Silk Fans.
Lace Handkerchiefs! Lace Handkerchiefs!
A large lot of Ladies' Lace Border Handkerchiefs, Linen Centres, very cheap.
Gents' Colored Border Handkerchiefs, a very fine lot, at 50 cents.
Colored Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' and Gents' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Mourning Border Handkerchiefs.

GLOVES. GLOVES.

Ladies' and Gents' Cloth Gloves.
Ladies' and Gents' Berlin Gloves.
Children's Cloth and Berlin Gloves.
Gents' Kid Gloves, lined.
Fancy Goods, consisting of Building Blocks, Work Boxes, Pencil Boxes, Glove Boxes, Hdkf. Boxes, Writing Desks, Ink Stands, Cigar Stands, Match Safes, Toilet Sets, Wine Sets, Tea Sets, Vases, etc.
Handsome Flower Vases.
N. B.—Daily receiving New Goods, suitable for Holiday Presents.

PRICE & WOOD,

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT.

Bargains in Muslins, Table Linens, Flannels, Canton Flannels, Calicoes, Ginghams, Alpacas, etc. etc. 10 3 sw

ANNUAL SALE

OF

NOTTINGHAM AND SWISS

Lace Curtains,

TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,

DAMASKS, TERRIES, REPS,

And a General Line of Curtain Materials. Prices Marked Down,

According to our custom at these sales.

An extra force of Upholsterers engaged; will insure promptness in executing our orders for the Holidays.

CARRINGTON, DE ZOUCHE & CO.,

S. E. Corner THIRTEENTH & CHESNUT,

9 2 wsdp PHILADELPHIA.

INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS

For Holiday Gifts.

On exhibition, a large stock at less than usual prices

CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER,

NOS. 450, 452, AND 454 N. SECOND STREET.

12 11 3t ABOVE WILLOW.

BROCHE LONG SHAWLS

OF NEW DESIGNS,

From recent Auction Sales, at $10, $12, $14, $16, $18, and $20.

A full line of superior grades in

Paris and Viennese Fabrics.

From $25 to $100.

ALL AT REDUCED PRICES.

CURWEN STODDART & BRO.,

NOS. 450, 452, AND 454 N. SECOND STREET,

12 11 3t ABOVE WILLOW.

DRY GOODS.

LADIES' HEM-STITCHED

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Just received, an entire case of one number Hdkfs., measure 17 inches, with one and a half inch hems, at $2.50 a dozen, or 21 cents apiece. These are very much better than usual for the price.

SHEER LINEN HEM-STITCHED HDKFS. A few small lots of very fine quality, much less than regular price for Holiday presents.

LADIES' MOURNING HDKFS.

LACE TRIMMED HDKFS—Real and Imitation.

EMBROIDERED HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.

HEMMED AND HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS for Gentlemen.

Hemmed Linen Hdkfs. for Misses.

Hem-stitched Ladies' Linen Hdkfs., from 22 to 88c a heer Linen Lawn Ladies' Hdkfs., at 40 and 62c., worth more than is going; a special bargain.

BLACK LACE VEILS, from 18c. to $5. A large lot of Chantilly Veils at $2. Same quality Veil have been sold by us at $3 75, good, and by a neighbor, within two years, at $6; therefore do not wait for Senator Sumner's Fourth of July, 1869, specie payments bill to become a law, before purchasing Worne's Goods. We offer many goods under a gold valuation.

ELEGANT NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

THREAD LACE COLLARS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Acting upon the principle, "Live and Let Live" we keep no goods but those belonging to Laces, Embroideries, and White Goods proper, and as a sequence the very largest and very cheapest stock of the same may be found at

WORNE'S,

No. 38 North EIGHTH St.,

1t PHILADELPHIA.

727 CHESNUT STREET. 727

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.

HAVE ON EXHIBITION

BLANKETS,
In great variety, including best makes.

LINEN SHEETINGS,
Real Barnsley, below their value.

LINEN DAMASKS,
Napkins, Doylies, and Table Linens.

BLACK SILKS,
A full stock at low prices.

COLORED TAFFETAS AND FANCY SILKS,
The best assortment of new styles and colorings, in great bargains.

BLACK VELVETS AND VELVETEENS,
Of every grade, at a great reduction.

BLACK EPINGLINES,
Velours, Ottomans, Poplins, Reps, Alpacas.

POLLIN ALPACAS,
Mous-Delaines, etc., etc.

All marked down to less than importation cost.

COLORED AND CHANGEABLE SILK POPLINS, Velour Ottomans, French Poplins, Serges Lastings, and the largest general assortment of Novelties in Dress Goods ever exhibited in this market.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

12 5 smwst No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

COOPER & CONARD,

S. E. Cor. NINTH and MARKET.

HOLIDAY GIFTS

Of substantial worth, and always of an acceptable kind, may be selected from our large, varied, and fresh Stock, than which none in our line is superior. We have reduced many goods, and suggest our superb

CLOTH STOCK.

CLOAKS, $4 00 to $125.
SHAWLS, $1 to $70
DE LAINES, POPLINS,
MERINOES, 50 cents up.
CHEAP BLANKETS.
EVERY KIND QUILTS
MERR. MAC PRINTS.
MOURNING GOODS.
25 CENT DRESS STUFFS.
HANDKERCHIEFS. [9 26 fstu3mrp
TIES, SCARFS, COLLARS, CUFFS, ETC.

EXTRA NOTICE.

JOHN W. THOMAS,

Nos. 405 and 407 N. SECOND St.,

Invites especial attention to his LARGE and ELEGANT assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR [11 7

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

The Entire Stock is Offered at the Very LOWEST PRICES.

E. M. NEEDLES & CO.

WILL REMOVE TO THE STORE

No. 1126 CHESNUT Street,

ABOUT JANUARY 1,

FROM N. W. Corner ELEVENTH and CHESNUT,

WHERE THEY NOW OFFER

SPLENDID ASSORTMENTS OF

Laces and Lace Goods,
Embroideries, Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs, Veils,
Napkins, Table Cloths, Towels, Etc.,

SPECIALLY APPROPRIATE FOR PRESENTS.

THE LEASE OF THEIR PRESENT LOCATION FOR SALE. 12 3 thstu4t

CLOSING-OUT SALE

FANCY WINTER GOODS.

JOHN ZEBLEY, Jr. & CO.,

No. 17 NORTH FOURTH STREET,

Offer for sale the balance of their Stock of Fancy Knit Germantown Goods, consisting of

HOODS, BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
NUBIAS, INFANTS' CAPAS, ETC.,

All of which will be sold without regard to cost.

Persons buying for Fairs will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
ZEPHYRS AND GERMANTOWN WOOLS,
AT LOW PRICES. [9 12 sthstf

PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND square and upright Pianos, at BLASIUS BROS.' No. 1006 CHESNUT Street. 8 1 tf

CHICKERING Grand, Square and Upright PIANOS. DUTTON'S, 11 3tf No. 914 CHESNUT Street.

STECK & CO.'S & HAINES BROS'. PIANO FORTES, AND MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET AND METROPOLITAN ORGANS, with the new and beautiful VOX HUMANA. Every inducement offered to purchasers J. F. GOULD, 12 1 tuths 3m No. 923 CHESNUT Street.

ESTABLISHED 1826.

HOLIDAY APPLIANCES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY

GROCERIES,

Comprising all the Delicacies known in the trade, purchased expressly for the Holidays, is now offered for sale, at reduced prices, by

CRIPPEN & MADDOCK,

(Late W. L. Maddock & Co.),

NO. 115 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

BELOW CHESNUT,

DEALERS IN AND IMPORTERS OF FINE GROCERIES.

French Peas,
French Mushrooms,
French Truffles,
French Sardines
L. Henry, Strasbourg, Pates de Foie Gras.
Potted Games of all kinds, in small tins.

Goshen Butter, in small tubs, expressly for family use.
Leaf Lard in small kegs.
Bethlehem Buckwheat.
W. G. FAMILY FLOUR,
The Finest made in this Country.

FINE WHITE ALMEIRA GRAPES.

CLOAKINGS.

CLOTHS! CLOAKINGS!

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Being desirous to close their large stock of

CLOTHS AND CLOAKINGS

During the month of December, have greatly reduced prices, and now offer every variety of these goods at prices believed to be

THE LOWEST OF THE DAY.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

CENTRAL CLOTH HOUSE,

Cor. EIGHTH and MARKET,

12 9 4t PHILADELPHIA.

CLOAKING VELVETS

At $6 50, $7, $8, $9, and $10.

A full line of

LYONS VELVETS,

Comprising all widths and grades

AT REDUCED PRICES.

CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER,

NOS. 450, 452, AND 454 N. SECOND STREET,

12 11 3t ABOVE WILLOW.

WILLIAM C. PERRY,

No. 728 ARCH Street,

Begs to announce that he is prepared to offer his patrons a very extensive stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS,

At prices which will recommend them to buyers for presents or for every day use.

Bibles, Hymn, and Prayer Books,
In every style of binding.

Juvenile Books
In great variety, selected from the best authors.

Writing Desks.
A very large stock of Square and Regency Patterns, Papier-mache, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Morrocco, embracing some new and beautiful designs.

Portfolios, Bankers' Cases, Pocket Books, Purses and Cutlery.

DIARIES FOR 1869. A full stock, embracing over eighty different varieties.

Ink Stands
In endless variety, including a very large stock of recent importations of the choicest artistic designs.

GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS, all sizes, with a full line of Rubber Pen and Pencil Cases.

IMPORTED AND AMERICAN CHROMOS
A fine collection of the most popular subjects.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS. A large variety at reduced prices.

DRESSING CASES. A fine assortment of English and French importation.

Stationery.
This department challenges competition with any establishment in the country. The stock, which is very large, comprises not only everything new and choice in Fancy Stationery, but every article, also, in Counting-house Stationery known to the trade.

Card Engraving and Fancy Stationery.
This department will be found very complete. The stock comprises all the choicest styles of French, English, and American goods, and to which every new style will be added as soon as produced. Wedding and Visiting Cards engraved and printed in the best style. Monograms, Crests, Initials, etc., designed, engraved, and printed, either plain or in colors.

No Charge for Stamping Initials.
Purchasers are respectfully requested to call and examine the stock, additions to which are being made daily.

OPEN EVENINGS DURING DECEMBER.

W. G. PERRY,

No. 728 ARCH STREET,

1t PHILADELPHIA.

1868. CLOTH HOUSE. 1868.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Wish to keep before the public the fact that their aim is to keep the largest and most varied stock of all descriptions of

CLOTHS

To be Found in Philadelphia.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

CENTRAL CLOTH HOUSE,

Corner EIGHTH and MARKET,

9 4 PHILADELPHIA.

WEST PHILADELPHIA SKATING PARK,

THIRTY-FIRST and WALNUT Streets.

SPLENDID SKATING

at this Park.

Take Market or Chesnut and Walnut St. Cars. [11*

MR. A. D'HUYVETTER'S

(OF ANTWERP)

COLLECTION

OF

HIGHEST CLASS PAINTINGS

NOW ON EXHIBITION

IN THE

Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts

(EASTERN GALLERIES),

To be sold on the Evenings

OF

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

DECEMBER 17 and 18,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK, AT

SCOTT'S ART GALLERY,

No. 1020 CHESNUT Street.

12 12 5t B. SCOTT Jr.

FLOUR.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The best and most suitable Present for a friend or the needy is a barrel of our "J. S. WELCH" FIRST PREMIUM FLOUR and a bag or half barrel STERLING'S "MOUNTAIN" BUCKWHEAT MEAL, warranted superior to any in the market.

Constantly on hand the best assortment of different brands of FLOUR, INDIAN, and RYE MEAL, HOPS, etc.

GEORGE F. ZEHNDER,

11 24 2m tfrp FOURTH AND VINE STS.

FAMILY FLOUR,

In lots to suit GROCERS, or by the Single Barrel, for sale by

J. EDWARD ADDICKS,

No. 1230 MARKET Street,

10 9 3m4p PHILADELPHIA.

AARON E. BURR.

BURLINGTON, N. J., October 9, 1868.

This is to certify, that in the year 1864 I was pronounced by the physicians who attended me to be in the *last stages of Pulmonary Consumption, and that my end was near at hand.*

At this critical stage of affairs I was induced by a friend to give "Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial" a trial. I did so, and I was almost immediately relieved. I persevered, took fourteen bottles of the "Pine Tree Tar Cordial," and was completely restored to health once more! Four years have elapsed since my miraculous restoration to health, and I am still in the enjoyment of most excellent health, and would say in all sincerity that, under God, I owe my life and health to "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial!" I advise all poor, lingering consumptives, if they value life and health, to give the "Pine Tree Tar Cordial" a trial. AARON E. BURR.

Mr. Burr is one of the most prominent and influential merchants of Burlington, New Jersey. This Great Remedy is sold by all Druggists throughout the world. Also, at Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Great Family Medicine Store, No. 232 North Second street, Philadelphia, Pa. One of the most celebrated and successful regular practising Physicians of the age in attendance, who can be consulted in strict confidence, either in person or by letter, free of charge. This is an opportunity rarely offered invalids in this penurious and money-making age: and those in need of professional aid or counsel will do well in making a note of the above liberal offer.

Send for a Circular. Address all communications, "L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D., No. 232 North Second street, Philadelphia, Pa. 12 3 thstu4p

OPERA CLASSES.

A large and elegant variety.

GOLD SPECTACLES,
MAGIC LANTERNS,

A very large assortment

MICROSCOPES,
STEREOSCOPES, and
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,

And a large variety of Useful and Ornamental articles for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

WILLIAM Y. McALLISTER,

12 11 12trp No. 728 CHESNUT Street.

NEW YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12, 1868.

THE SOROSIS

every now and then gives one reason to believe it has not altogether died out.

Thus, it met some days ago at Delmonico's, and discussed, as usual, the right of woman to be and to do, but more particularly to *be*.

The subject which excited the chief attention of the meeting, was the necessity of women governing the fashions, instead of allowing the fashions to govern them.

A series of resolutions thereon was adopted unanimously.

The idea of the Sorosis is to attempt not so much a reform in fashion as freedom in it, the permissibility to be in fashion or out of it, without becoming a fit subject for obloquy.

Among the new members admitted were Miss Virginia Penny, Miss Dunning, Mrs. Dr Lozier, and Mrs. Tobitt.

But, as I have intimated before, these Sorosis meetings savor too much of the dilly-dallying of *dilettantism* rather than of the purposeful efforts of concentrated womanly strength.

They smell too much of Phalon's perfume, and too little of the fresh breezes of nature.

THE SEVENTH AND TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENTS

gave their respective entertainments at the Academy of Music and the 22d Regiment's Armory, with almost equal *eclat*.

The 7th Regiment's arrangements were most perfect, inasmuch as the cards were limited to 2500. Consequently, everybody had room without the dancing-floor being disfigured by any of those dreary-looking, deserted patches which do sometimes occur when such an attempt at exclusivism is made.

At the Armory all were crowded and uncomfortable, and many a woman of fashion was yesterday bewailing the ruin of expensive satin and lace.

The next grand ball that is looked for is that of Abel and Risley, the celebrated "ballists" o Philadelphia.

Uncommon efforts to achieve uncommon success have been made by these gentlemen, and the Academy of Music, which they have selected as the scene of their operations, although it will not compare with the Philadelphia Academy in chaste richness, is so constructed as to display to the utmost advantage the *toilettes* of the audience,

A GRAND AND A GRANT

reception was that of Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts to General Grant.

Every portion of the immense mansion was fitted up with flags and flowers. One thousand guests were present, and large as the house is, it would have been overcrowded had not a special supper-room been erected over the spacious court-yard of Mr. Roberts as well as that of his neighbor.

THE SEASON OF SNOW

having set in, all the skaters of New York are anxious and trembling for the inauguration of their favorite amusement.

Only one individual, and that individual a young lady, has as yet been permitted to try the new skating rinks, called the Empire City, on Second avenue, above Sixteenth street.

There has been no skating yet at Central Park, but should the weather prove propitious, all the skating parks will be open to-day.

On the 31st of the present month

JOHN T. HOFFMAN

is to be escorted to Albany, there to undergo his inauguration as Governor.

He will be escorted by the 71st Regiment, and the 71st Regiment will be escorted to the depot, going, by the 22d Regiment, and from the depot, returning, by the 12th Regiment.

The latest news about

THE ERIE

is contained in a succession of "cards" by Commodore Vanderbilt and Mr. James Fisk, Jr., from which it appears that neither party had "anything to do with it."

This afternoon the

TENTH STREET STUDIOS

are to be opened, and the public are expected to admire the works of such artists as J. G. Brown, whose specialty is children; Mr. M. J. Heade, who has two new pictures, one called "Spring," and the other "The Salt Marsh;" J. B. Irving; Gignoux, with a "Frosty Morning;" the De Haas brothers, who present studies from Long Branch and the Hudson.

The collection of new pictures is not large, and, though the studios will probably be crowded, there will be less than the usual amount of interest manifested, owing to the dearth of new subjects. ALI BABA.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements.

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC the last performances of Mr. Max Maretzek's Italian and German Opera season will be given this afternoon and evening. At the matinee *Il Trovatore* will be performed, and in the evening Weber's opera of *Der Freischutz*, with the following cast:—"Agatha," Madame La Grange; "Anna," Madame Rotter; "Max," Herr Habelmann; "Caspar," Herr Formes; "Prince," Herr Reichardt; "Cuno," Herr Berringer. The incantation scene will be made impressive by new properties.

AT THE CHESNUT there will be performances by the circus troupe this afternoon and evening. James Robinson, the great bare-back rider, will appear on both occasions.

AT THE WALNUT Rowe's tragedy of *Jane Shore* and the domestic drama of *Madelaine* will be given this evening, with Mrs. D. P. Bowers in both pieces.

On Monday, Mrs. Bowers will appear as "Nell Gwynne" in Tom Taylor's and Charles Reade's play of that name.

The Orange Girl, a Christmas story, is in active preparation for a holiday piece

AT THE ARCH Colonel Fitzgerald's new drama of *Wolves at Bay* will be performed this evening.

AT THE AMERICAN there will be attractive entertainments given this afternoon and evening.

AT THE THEATRE COMIQUE the price of admission to the matinee to-day will be twenty-five cents. The performances at this house are very pleasing.

MR. KENNEDY, the Scottish vocalist, will give one more entertainment in this city on Monday evening, at Concert Hall, previous to his departure for California.

THE AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, established in 1857, will begin its third year on the 11th of January, 1869, on which day the regular Winter Quarter will be inaugurated. This institution has already established an excellent reputation for thoroughness of discipline, artistic education, and general good management.

New pupils are expected to enter their names before Christmas.

AN INTERESTING amateur performance will be given on Tuesday evening next at the "Amateurs' Drawing-Room," Seventeenth street, above Chesnut, on which occasion the very amusing comedy of *Everybody's Friend* will be produced. The theatre is complete in every respect, and all the appointments are of a superior kind. The auditorium is finished in a most elaborate style, and rivals our Academy of Music. A limited number of secured seats may be had by personal application to C. W. A. Trumpler, the popular music publisher, No. 926 Chesnut street.

CITY ITEMS.

THE useful always most desirable. The preparations made by Ritchie, at No. 29 North Eighth street, for the holiday season, are appreciated by every one who contemplates making presents. He has got in his fine stock kid-lined gloves, ties, scarfs, suspenders, linen cambric handkerchiefs and mufflers; also, a good assortment of portemonnaies, cigar cases, hair brushes, combs, and a thousand other articles, useful and ornamental. Call at No. 29 North Eighth street if you want any kind of goods cheap.

PUBLIC SALE.—Valuable Mill and Farm Property, 45½ acres, Twenty-fourth Ward, Philadelphia, near Haddington.

See M. Thomas & Sons' Catalogue for Tuesday next, or apply to J. R. RHOADS, No. 419 Locust street.

WE GUARANTEE *all prices lower than the lowest elsewhere; also, guarantee full satisfaction to every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.*

PROTECTION TO OUR PATRONS.—To fully carry out the above business rule at the present time, we have

REDUCED ALL PRICES.—Our stock of Men's, Youths', Boys', and Children's Ready-made Clothing, which is large, complete, and comprehensive enough to embrace all desirable styles, sizes, and kinds,

MUST ALL BE SOLD, as it was manufactured for that especial purpose. To insure this we intend to continue, as heretofore, to give all customers

MORE VALUE FOR THEIR MONEY than they can get elsewhere, under any and all circumstances. Call on us, hear our prices, and examine our goods before purchasing.

Half-way between Fifth and Sixth streets. } BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, No. 518 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA, AND No. 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A EXPERIMENTAL TRIAL SOLICITED.—Any person who is desirous of knowing, by a practical test, the real and intrinsic value of a good Family Sewing Machine, will be furnished one of the Willcox & Gibbs latest improved, without charge, either for hire or transportation upon application at the Will, cox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Depot, No. 720 Chesnut street.

AUTUMN SEWING.—With the change of apparel indent to the change of temperature at this season of the year, there is necessarily required an increased amount of sewing in every family. To meet this a good sewing machine is absolutely indispensable where health, comfort, and economy are properly considered. Every head of a family who has not yet done so should add this essential requirement to his home. A gentleman remarked in our hearing recently that he regarded a GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE as necessary to the proper completion of a home as a good cooking-range or a timepiece. He was right. The Grover & Baker instruments, we may state, are preferred now universally on account of their wider range for such work as is required in families, their capacity for fine ornamental sewing, and their greater simplicity, being more easily operated than any other machines, and less liable to get out of order. The demand for the Grover & Baker Machines, at the warerooms of the agent in this city, No. 730 Chesnut street, is unprecedented.

GROCERIES, ETC.

$1000—CHALLENGE.

MINCED MEAT.

I am ready to prove that the article which is being manufactured by me is the best

MINCED MEAT

In the market.

I am ready to place $1000 in the hands of any responsible party, and submit my article to a test.

JOSHUA WRIGHT,

S. W. Corner FRANKLIN and SPRING GARDEN Streets,

1t PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by all Grocers.

FINE IMPORTED CHEESE.

JUST IN STORE, A FRESH INVOICE OF

BRIE,
CAMEMBERT,
NEUFCHATEL,
ROQUEFORT,

AND OTHER FINE CHEESE.

ALSO.

SPANISH QUEEN OLIVES

By the gallon or quart.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT Sts.,

11 9 tu 1 PHILADELPHIA.

ATMORE'S MINCE MEAT!

THE BEST AND ONLY RELIABLE!!

ATMORE DEFIES COMPETITION.

To be had of nearly all Grocers in the City and Country. 12 5 17t 4p

FRESH FRUITS & PRESERVES.

Bunch, Layer, Seedless, and Sultana Raisins; Currants, Citron, Oranges, Prunes, Figs, etc. Every description of Groceries, suitable for the Holidays.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS,

11 7trp Cor. ELEVENTH and VINE Streets.

FOX'S PHILADELPHIA STARCH.

C. J. FELL & BRO., Agents.

PRESTON'S BREAKFAST COCOA.

C. J. FELL & BRO., Agents.

AZURENE.

C. J. FELL & BRO., Agents.

FRANKLIN MILLS SELF-RAISING FLOUR,

C. J. FELL & BRO., Manufacturers,

12 12 ws 1m* No. 129 S. FRONT Street.

GRAET DISPLAY.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Writing Desks,

Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Papier-Mache

Leather Writing Cases.

Backgammon Boards.

Gold Pens.

Games. Water Colors.

Parlor Croquet, from $10 per set up.

Boxes of Paper and Envelopes, stamped with birds, butterflies, flowers, etc., for Presents.

R. HOSKINS & CO.,

Stationers and Engravers,

NO. 913 ARCH STREET.

OPEN EVENING 12 12 stuth6trp

J. A. YOST'S HOBBY-HORSE

And Children's Carriage Bazaar,

Formerly No. 214 DOCK Street, is removed to THE HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE,

NO. 121 NORTH NINTH STREET,

Where will be found a large assortment of HOBBY HORSES, SLEIGHS, TOYS, FANCY AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS. 12 12 6t4p

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, ETC.

GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

No. 902 CHESNUT Street,

Are now opening a collection of

Novelties, Gems and Artistic Goods,

Greatly excelling in variety and extent every former effort of this House, to which they invite attention,

Gold Watches, Diamonds, Oriental Rubies, Emeralds and Sapphires, East India Pearls.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF JEWELRY IN ITALIAN BYZANTINE MOSAICS.

New Designs in Gold Jewelry.

PALAIS ROYAL JEWELRY.

Bronze and Inlaid Marble Clocks and Vases in Sets, for Mantel Ornaments.

VERY CHOICE PRODUCTIONS OF ART IN

REAL BRONZE.

SPECIAL DESIGNS IN

STERLING SILVER GOODS.

Best Qualities and Newest Styles in

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PLATED WARES

An unrivalled display of

FOREIGN FANCY GOODS,

In Metal, Marble, Cut Glass, Leather, and GOLDEN BRONZE,

Of the most exquisite taste, from all quarters of Europe.

Our arrangements, both in Europe and this country, are such as give us unusual facilities in the selection and economical production of our stock. It is our wish, as well as our interest, to secure to our patrons the benefit of such advantages in

Moderate Prices Throughout our Stock,

WITHOUT EXCEPTION [11 18wsm tl2 23

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, & SILVER WARE.

WM. W. CASSIDY,

No. 12 South SECOND Street,

Would respectfully call the attention of purchasers to his stock of

American, English, and French GOLD AND SILVER LEVER WATCHES,

GOLD FOB, GUARD AND VEST CHAINS.

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

Etruscan, Carbuncle, Coral, Garnet, Lava, Onyx, Jet, and Mosaic Pins, Ear-Rings, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Etc. Etc.

GOLD PENCILS, MEDALIONS, CHATELAIN CHAINS, ETC. ETC.

GOLD, SILVER, AND STEEL SPECTACLES,

To Suit all Ages and Sights

SILVER WARE,

EQUAL TO COIN.

Tea Table, Dessert, Salt, Mustard, Cream, Sugar, and Gravy Spoons.

Tea, Table and Dessert Knives Butter Knives, Napkin Rings, Etc. Etc.

PLATED WARE.

A general assortment of PLATED WARE, comprising Forks, Spoons, Ladles Knives, Casters, Cake Baskets, Etc.

RICHLY PLATED TEA SETS, URNS, ETC.

The above goods will be warranted what they are sold for, and at the lowest CASH PRICES. 11 21 s3t

BAILEY & COMPANY, DIAMOND DEALERS.

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WATCH CASES,

And Dealers in American and Imported

WATCHES,

No. 13 South SIXTH Street,

12 1 tfrp *Manufactory, No. 22 S. FIFTH St.*

PRESENTS OF WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE.

HENRY HARPER,

12 12 14t No. 520 ARCH Street.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

JACOB HARLEY,

JEWELLER,

12 1 1mrp No. 622 MARKET Street.

THE GREAT SALE OF FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING,

AS PER ARRANGEMENT WITH THE EXECUTORS.

THE SALE HAS COMMENCED, AND IS NOW IN FULL PROGRESS AT

OAK HALL,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE OF THE CITY.

WE ARE RAPIDLY SELLING OFF.

PRICES BELOW THE COST OF MANUFACTURING.

OVERCOATS, All Styles. SUITS, Every Description.

PANTS AND VESTS, Hundreds of Varieties.

For a Short Time a Reduction of 15 Per Cent. on all Cash Sales in the Custom Department.

BOYS' CLOTHING,

THE VERY BEST MADE, AT HEAVY REDUCTIONS.

25 Per Cent. Discount on all manner of Gents' Furnishing Goods

Determined to close out quickly the Stock of the late firm, no other house can approach the low prices at which we are selling off, as the large crowds who have filled the store all the week can testify.

All these goods are of our own excellent make, and satisfaction warranted.

HOUSE OPEN FROM 7 A. M. TO 9 P. M., AND SATURDAY NIGHT LATER.

Any garment bought at night or any other time cheerfully exchanged, and when not able to suit the customer the MONEY RETURNED, according to our custom for years past.

An extra force of salesmen in attendance, and most careful attention given to all.

WE ARE GLAD THE PEOPLE APPRECIATE THE OPPORTUNITY, AND ARE GETTING SUCH BARGAINS. WE HAVE STILL AN IMMENSE STOCK.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE,

THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, ETC.

CLARK & BIDDLE

SOLID SILVER TEA SETS.

A LARGE VARIETY MADE TO OUR ORDER BY THE

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.

GORHAM PLATE.

TEA SERVICES,
SALVERS,
URNS,
KETTLES,
TURRENS,
WINE STANDS,
SALAD CASTORS

And a Great Variety of Smaller Pieces, Suitable for

Bridal or Holiday Gifts.

Wishing to reduce our Stock as much as possible previous to REMOVAL TO NEW STORE, we shall offer inducements during December that will INSURE RAPID SALES.

CLARK & BIDDLE

No. 712 CHESNUT Street,

11 21 mwstm4p PHILADELPHIA.

ESTABLISHED 1828.

C. W. RUSSELL,

No. 22 North SIXTH Street,

OFFERS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
From the best manufacturers.

FINE JEWELRY,
Of all descriptions, and latest styles.

FRENCH MARBLE CLOCKS,
Direct from Paris.

SILVER WARE OF THE GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

AT [12 5 3wrp

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

A. B. WARDEN,

S. E. Corner FIFTH and CHESNUT Sts.,

PREVIOUS TO REMOVAL TO

No. 1029 CHESNUT STREET,

OFFERS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

Gold and Silver Watches, Fine Jewelry,

Sterling Silver Ware, Plated Ware, Etc. Etc.,

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS,

AT THE [12 8 1mrp

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

BAILEY & CO.,

CHESNUT AND TWELFTH STS.,

GRAND OPENING.

FRESH IMPORTED NOVELTIES

OF

Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Wares,

FOR THE

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

JEWELRY.

Diamonds,	Viennese,	Seal Rings,
Emeralds,	Bohemian,	Seals,
Sapphires,	French,	Charms,
Rubies,	English,	Scarf Pins,
Opals,	Swiss,	Scarf Rings,
Pearls,	Russian,	Studs,
Solitaires,	American,	Sleeve Buttons,
Clusters,	Watches,	Lockets,
Italian,	Swiss,	Necklaces,
Roman,	English,	Brooches,
Byzantine,	American,	Earrings,
Venetian,	Chains,	Bracelets, Etc.

FANCY GOODS.

Opera Glasses,	Party Fans,	Jewelry Cases,
Pipes,	Reticules,	Dressing Cases,
Match Boxes,	Glove Boxes,	Bonbon Boxes,
Cigar Stands,	Mouchoir Boxes,	Jardinieres,
Inkstands,	Card Stands,	Vases,
Portemonnaies,	Music Boxes,	Toilet Sets,
Cigar Cases,	Skate Bags,	French Bouquets, Etc. Etc.
Bridal Fans,		

BRONZE GOODS.

French Clocks,	Statuettes,	Groups, Etc.,
Vienna Clocks,	Busts,	

From the best French Modellers.

Marble Statuary,	Parian Ware,	Paintings.

SILVER AND PLATED WARES.

Epergnes,	Cake Baskets,	Castors,
Fruit Dishes,	Flower Stands,	Butter Dishes,
Waiters,	Vegetable Dishes,	Etc. Etc.

Gorham Silver Wares. Gorham Plated Wares

Open every Evening till 9 o'clock during December.

BAILEY & CO.,

CHESNUT AND TWELFTH STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

To Purchasers of Holiday Presents.

MEAD & ROBBINS,

Successors to John O. Mead & Son,

N. E. Corner NINTH and CHESNUT Sts.,

Manufacturers of the Finest Grades of

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Respectfully inform their customers and the public that they are now prepared to offer EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS during the HOLIDAY SEASON, and confidently invite an inspection of one of the largest stocks of Silver Plated Ware to be found in this city. Hard Metal Sets reduced from $115 to $75 and $50 per set. An examination of our stock will insure sales.

CUTLERY.

PEARL, IVORY, and RUBBER CUTLERY in great variety, Plated and Unplated, in quantities as required. 11 19 thstu5 w

MEDICAL.

S. SIMES' PURE COD LIVER OIL.

THIS OIL has been in constant use FOR THE LAST TWENTY YEARS, and during that period has been pronounced by the medical profession to be

The Best in the Market.

For sale Wholesale and Retail by

CUSTAVUS KRAUSE,

S. SIMES' SUCCESSOR,

N. W. Corner TWELFTH and CHESNUT,

10 15 wrp4 PHILADELPHIA.

KELFENSTEIN & LEWIS' RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL PRINTING ROOMS N.E. CORNER OF FIFTH & CHESTNUT STREETS.

OUR SATURDAY NIGHT SUPPER TABLE SERIES

NUMBER CXCXI.

A DIET FOR MENTAL DYSPEPTICS, AND A CURE FOR HY-POCHONDRIA, HY-POCRISY, OR ANY COMPLAINT OF A HY ORDER.

ABORTIVE ATTEMPTS AT HUMOR, FALLING SHORTER OF THE GENUINE THAN DOES OUR SERIES EDITOR.

From "Punch."

A NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Sing a hymn
To General Prim,
Tall and slim,
Stern and grim,
Stout of limb,
Eyes not dim,
Likes to swim,
That's his whim,
English Pym,
Though a Sim,
Was like him,
Bright and clim
As Cherubim,
Or Shakespeare's *Nym!*
Call in Tim
And Cardinal Xim—
—ennes, to the rim
Fill, to the Brim,
For he's no Crim—
—inal is Prim,
So Drink to him!
and
Dowse the glim!

BOOKS NOT YET IN THE PRESS.

"A Spendthrift Tight." A Novel, by the Author of "A Screw Loose."

"Fish all Alive." A Tale of thrilling interest, by the Author of "Dead Sea Fruit."

"Hate the Forgiver." A Romance, by the writer of "Love the Avenger."

"Gone to See." A Sensation Story, by the Author of "Run to Earth."

"The Death Struggle." A Sequel to "A Fight for Life."

"SIGH NO MORE, LADIES: LADIES, SIGH NO MORE."—An indignant "advocate of her sex" writes to us, denouncing the *Pall-Mall* as a "brute of a paper," which has always treated the softer and sweeter sex in its articles "as the dirt under its feet," and complaining especially of that ungallant organ for having dared to call the claim of ladies to vote at common law, a "mare's nest." *Punch* begs his indignant correspondent to be comforted. The *Pall-Mall* is very rude. It wasn't a mare's nest. It was a lady-mayoress'.

TOO BAD.—The brigands, a week or so ago, took off Mr. Campbell, Vice-Rector of the Scotch College in Rome. Mr. Campbell was returned by the brigands, on compulsion, safe and sound. Now what was the observation of the *Times* correspondent on this matter? Why, will it be believed, an unfeeling pun; he actually wrote to the leading journal to say that "brigandage in this province is not killed, though *Scotched*." We shouldn't ha' thought it of him.

A LA BONNE HEURE!—The Tories spread rumors that Mr. Gladstone is a Catholic. Ha! *Mr. Punch* is reminded of a verse of an old ballad, wherein it is said to the enemies of a fighting Bishop:—

"Right heavily upon your heads
He'll lay his hand—in steel,
And with his trusty Partisan
Your absolution deal."

A CONSTITUENT'S QUESTION.

When Candidates, to gain your votes,
In urgent manner sue,
Their importunity denotes
That they've some end in view.
Do Railwaymen at public good,
Or private objects aim?
Of all such customers you should
Ask—"What's your little game?"

CANDIDATES FOR THE COUNTY CROP.—Cads, intending to satirize chignons, have taken to insult ladies in the street by crying, "I'll have your hair!" It never occurs to them that their own hair will, perhaps, be shortly taken by the shaver to the House of Correction.

POEM FOR A RAILWAY PLATFORM.

Ideas, into trains of thought
By running, hurt no brains—
Not so when passengers are brought
To grief—by luggage trains.

A PASTORAL IDEA.—A Bishop's crook reminds him that he is, as it were, a Shepherd; and then, if there are any Ritualists in his diocese, he must regard them as so many silly sheep that have got the staggers.

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL GASTRONOMY.

Examiner.—What is the best local application for gastritis?

Candidate.—Bread sauce.

A SAYING IN THE CITY.—The new Viceroy of India is only Lord Mayo, but Mr. Alderman Lawrence is Lord Mayor.

"IN MEDIO TUTISSIME."—The county all strong-minded females ought to vote in—Middlesex.

TO THE THOUGHTFUL.—Not every man can grow Coffee who has coffee grounds in his cup.

HIGH CHURCH NOTED.—The Ritualists bow to the East when they're in the *Vest*.

EXTREMES MEET.—So did Mr. Bright and the Gun Trade.

TOAST OF FEMALE SUFFAGE.—The Chignon at the Poll.

From "Fun."

STRANGE IF TRUE.—The *Police News* is determined to make on "horror's head horrors accumulate." The other day, in the account of an inquest upon a child killed in a coal-mine, it stated:—

"The deceased was *seven* years of age, and had been employed as a hurrier in Messrs. Charlesworth's Castle Pit, Robin Hood, for *eight* years."

If this sort of thing is allowed, the Factory act will have to be amended in the interests of the babe unborn.

"BEETS TO THE SWEET."—The New York *Tribune* remarks, "Beet sugar is the child of protection, but has now outgrown the need of parental nourishment." This would seem to be a complete answer to those who wish to abolish flogging at schools. If beet sugar is so improved by the process, it is clear that to spare the rod is to spoil the child. It may, however, be urged on the other hand that sugar at its earliest age is supported by the cane.

AN "ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT OFFICER"—NO DOUBT.—A gentleman residing at Malvern, in giving his experience of the recent earthquake in a letter to the *Times*, naively states:—

"A policeman on the road not one hundred yards from my house knew nothing of the shock or its accompaniments."

The idea that a mere earthquake is sufficient to attract the attention of a policeman on his beat is rather too rich to be passed over without notice.

A COQUETTE'S CAUTION.

A-knitting in my easy chair,
My thoughts are flattering here and there,
My feet are on the fender;
Beside me sits my faithful pug;
My favorite "tabby" on the rug,
Fills me with fancies tender.

I think how in those days of yore
I reckoned lovers by the score;
How now my fortune varies!
To-night I sit in lone despair,
And now bestow my love and care
On kittens and canaries.

Time was there did not come a post
But brought of "billets doux" a host,
From writers fond and clever;
But now 'tis bills the postman brings,
Or circulars and such like things,
But love-letters—oh, never!

Once every morning brought its guest;
My knocker scarce had any rest,
My "flames" were always calling;
'Tis "Taxes" now or "Water Rate,"
Who turns the handle of my gate,
And knocks with zeal appalling!

I was a jolly dancer then,
A favorite partner with the men,
In waltzing I'd no equal.
My dancing now is all alone,
When with rheumatic pains I groan—
Oh, what a bitter sequel!

Instead of rides to coverside,
At "Clothing Clubs" I now preside,
And serve on "Tract" Committees;
Instead of "parties" without end
I Dorcas Meetings now attend,
Yet who my sad lot pities?

I flirted till it was too late,
O'ertaken by avenging fate,
Behold in me a warning!
Young maidens, do not always flirt,
Be wise, and Nemesis avert,
And waste not Life's bright morning.

AN UNFINISHED OPERA.

The following fragments are all that I have at present written. Here is a picturesque bit for the girls to sing on the slopes of the Alhambra—third act, first scene:—

"Come away to the Sierra Nevada,
To the dance:—
On the vine-covered hills of Granada
Gaily prance." (*Twice.*)

Then my castanets come in. Boabdil won't play them, being a Moor. He could have a battle-song instead; not long, but characteristic. This is how it should go:—

"Our steeds are lightly bounding,
La, La!
Hark! hark! the clarion sounding,
Ta, Ta! (*Bugle call.*)
To conquer or to die.
Dying brrrr'm." (*Drum.*)

He goes off anywhere to this tune, the others crowding around him and weeping real tears.

I have a Venetian bit in my desk, but I won't come in just here. This is how it goes (in B flat, if possible), with rippling business underneath:—

"The gondolier glides on the something lagoon,
Luraliety!"

Then a passing allusion to the moon—only for a rhyme, but the people in front of the house like it. Stars cannot be brought in, because they require cars (Irish jaunting cars) to make it all right. If we *could* have cars (Irish jaunting ones), perhaps the word "Philaloo" might be employed, or "Musha Gramachree"—echo doing the "hree" all about the stage, and the orchestra taking it up with flageolets. This might come in the prison scene, if I introduce one.

The girls ought properly to say as they come on—

"Merry, merry mountain maids are we,
(*Echo*) are we-e-e-e!
Beautiful, happy, careless, respectable, and free.
(*Ditto*) Re-e-e-e-e!"

Then a spy in a mask says, "From Lithuania's plains I come," and everybody says (in imitation of echo) "Um-um." This can be made a powerful bit of sarcasm by putting the footlights nearly out, and making the musicians hide their instruments under pocket-handkerchiefs to deaden the sound. The Lithuanian is then carried off by guards, and the scene changes to something more gloomy—say a dungeon. Chorus of under-gaolers, clanking keys major and minor.

Boabdil is pardoned at the last moment, because he saved Olozaga's life in the quarrel. This is all that I have written, but there is plenty more where that came from. I have it *here* (tapping my forehead).

THE PERVERSITY OF MAN.—Writing from "The Horsepools," near Stroud, Mr. Samuel Bowly, the well-known temperance advocate, informs the public, through the medium of a letter to the *Times*, that he is not a member of the United Kingdom Alliance. We fully agree with Mr. Bowly, thrt moral suasion is better than legislative action; but is it not painful to think that in the majority of instances, although you may lead a man to "The Horsepools," you cannot make him drink—water?

THE MAJORITY.

An Election Epigram.

Quoth Jones—"I'd fain know if the victory clings
To the Tories or Whigs on the whole."
Quoth Brown—"'Twould be best, in the fitness of things,
If the W(h)ig were a-top of the poll."

WINTRY WARNINGS.

Two signs there are—two signs which tell
That winter's coming, plain enough!
The one—it is the muslin-bell,
The other is—the belle in muff.

A CATTLE-SHOW THOUGHT.—It must be evident to the meanest capacity that the reason why our British farmers—bless 'em!—are of so portly a presence is because they *grow fat*.

TILL-Y VALLEY!—Prize Ploughing Matches should be discountenanced; they have, we fear, led many a young man to have "a hand in the *till*."

CONVIVIAL THOUGHT.—The Englishman's favorite arithmetical exercise.—"Three times three"—with "three more for the ladies."

FALSE ECONOMY.—That of the total abstainers—'tis true they screw at the tap, but don't they "let out" at the bung hole!

—You rarely find naval men at a civic banquet. Is this due to their wholesome dislike to "stowaways?"

—In what English county should our American cousins find themselves most at home?—In *Surr-ee*, of course.

—Suitable and, just now, seasonable domestic exercise for prospective Bendedicts—Nursing—a cold.

—Why are plum-stones like mile-stones?—Because you never meet with them in pairs (pears).

THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY.—The reception given to strangers at the Stock Exchange.

BETTER THAN WAITING FOR A TURN OF LUCK.—Turning an honest penny.

—Why is a proclamation like eight drachms?—Because it an-ounce-is.

THE AGE OF GOLD, AND THE GOLDEN AGE.—Love letters—L. S. D.

—How a balloon ascent should be described—In inflated language.

"THE TOP OF THE MORNING."—A good spin before breakfast.

A THIRST FOR LITERATURE.—Reading a book "half-bound."

THE GREAT UNKNOWN.—Tim Bactoo.

Important and Valuable Improvement in Upright Pianos—Steinway & Sons.

Eras in piano-forte manufacture are now marked by months instead of years, improvement trending on the heel of improvement. We deem it our editorial duty to keep our readers informed of every important improvement in the musical world, and the latest invention of Steinway & Sons is of such novelty and value that we gladly record the result of our examination.

The first point of importance was the introduction of the double iron frame, which is the vital strength of the fabric, and sustains the whole strain of the strings, imparting a capacity of standing in tune hitherto unknown, to such an extraordinary degree rarely met with even in the best Grand and Square Pianos. Between the front and back iron frame the sounding-board is inserted, and supported by a simple apparatus (Patent Resonator) compressing the sounding-board, which, while isolating it from the iron frame, regulates the tension of the sounding-board with the greatest nicety, giving full play to its increased vibration and placing it forever under control. For this important improvement Letters Patent were granted to William Steinway, June 5, 1866, and the result is a wonderfully increased power and purity of tone through the entire scale of the instruments, placing them above the best square pianos in refinement, sympathy, and volume of tone, and almost equal to the grands in point of power.

The extraordinary success of the Patent Resonator in upright pianos caused Messrs. Steinway to apply the improvement to their grand pianos with equally happy results.

At the Paris exposition, in 1867, these newly improved Grand and Upright Pianos caused the greatest wonder and excitement in musical circles, and, as will be remembered, Messrs. Steinway were awarded the First of the Grand Gold Medals of Honor. It may not be out of place to quote the language of the Official Report of the International Jury (published by the Imperial Commission a few months since), in comparing the relative merits of the pianos of the two great American exhibitors:—

"The pianos of Messrs. Steinway & Sons are equally endowed with the splendid sonority of their competitor; they also possess that seizing largeness and volume of tone, hitherto unknown, which fill the greatest space. Brilliant in the treble, singing in the middle, and formidable in the base, this sonority acts with irresistible power on the organs of hearing. In regard to expression, delicate shading, variety of accentuation, the instruments of Messrs. Steinway have over those of their American competitor an advantage which cannot be contested. The blow of the hammer is heard much less, and the pianist feels under his hands an action pliant and easy, which permits him at will to be powerful or light, voulnent and graceful. These pianos are at the same time the instrument of the virtuoso who wishes to astonish by the eclat of his execution, and of the artist who applies his talent to the music of thought and sentiment, bequeathed to us by the illustrious masters—in one word, they are at the same time the pianos for the concert-room and the parlor, possessing an unexceptionable sonority."

But to return to the very latest improvement which Messrs. Steinway have introduced in their Upright Pianos, viz.: their "Patent Tubular Metallic Action Frame," for which Letters Patent were granted to Theodore Steinway, in July of this year. The result of this invention is the perfecting to an action of such mathematical precision that it can be placed in any upright piano of the same style made by this firm, working as perfectly as if it had been specially made for it. In fact, the actions can be changed from one to another, or in case of an accident to one of them in any part of the world, a perfect action can at once be forwarded to supply its place, the whole machinery of inserting the action being the placing of it in four metal sockets, and turning the four screws which secure the action directly to the iron frame, all of which a child could do with ease and safety.

The action is as compact and unchangeable as the iron frame itself; for where in other instruments the whole mechanism rests upon wooden bars, which are liable to atmospheric influences, this is sustained by hollowed brass tubes, filled with wood, which are of immense strength, and cannot be injured or affected. The compact solidity of the construction produces a corresponding firmness and precision in the action itself, together with rare promptness of the dampers, placing at the disposal of the player an action in every respect equal to that of the best Concert Grand.

In conclusion, we find that the report of the Jury of the Paris Exhibition is fully sustained by the scientific bodies of Europe, the Royal Academies of Berlin, Prussia, and Stockholm, Sweden, having created two of the brothers, Theodore and William Steinway, Honorary Members, for their valuable inventions and numerous improvements.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

Important from the Great Fire

EVANS & WATSON'S SAFE

VICTORIOUS!

SAVES THE BOOKS AND PAPERS WITH ONLY THE INSIDE DOOR CLOSED.

SHOWING THE GREAT VALUE OF HAVING A SAFE WITH THE INSIDE DOOR.

BE CAREFUL AND BUY NO OTHER.

PHILADELPHIA, 12th mo. 4th, 1868.

EVANS & WATSON—Respected Friends:—We had one of your well known inside-door Fire proof Safes in the destructive fire at No. 621 Market street, last evening. The fire extended so rapidly we had not time to close the main or outside door of the safe the inside door only being shut. On examining the contents of the safe next morning, much, to our surprise we found the books well preserved and in execellent legible condition. We take great pleasure in recommending your inside-door Fire-proof Safes, for without the inside-door improvement we would most certainly have lost all our books and papers.

Yours, very truly, SMEDLEY BROS.

We are now selling our stock of Safes at cost prices in order to close business. Call soon and be convinced such an opportunity never before offered. Every business house ought to have an Evans & Watson Safe.

EVANS & WATSON,

No. 28 S. SEVENTH Street,

12 11 18t ABOVE CHESNUT.

C. L. MAISER,

MANUFACTURER OF

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

LOCKSMITH, BELL-HANGER, AND DEALER IN BUILDING HARDWARE,

8 5] No. 434 RACE Street

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC.

BEAVERS, CHINCHILLAS, ETC. ETC

JAMES & LEE,

NO. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET,

Sign of the Golden Lamb

Are now receiving a large assortment of

Beavers, Chinchilla, and other Overcoatings. Also, a full line of 3-4 and 6-4 Black Doeskins, all of the best makes.

The attention of Merchant Tailors and Clothiers are specially invited [3 26 s

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PRIZES CASHED IN ROYAL HAVANA, KENTUCKY, and MISSOURI LOTTERIES Circulars sent and information given. JOSEPH BATES, No 78 BROADWAY, New York Post Office Box, 4264. 11 13 1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WRIGHT'S ALCONATED GLYCERIN Tablet of Solidified Glycerin tends to preserve the skin from dryness and wrinkles, imparts a wonderful degree of softness and delicacy to the complexion, and whiteness to the skin; is an excellent dentifrice, grateful to the taste and tonic to the mouth and gums; imparts sweetness to the breath, and renders the teeth beautifully white. For sale by all druggists. R. & G. A. WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street. 12 4

PIANOS—PIANOS—PIANOS.—GREAT SALE OF ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PIANOS, AT AN EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION OF PRICES, FROM DECEMBER 1, 1868, TO JANUARY 1, 1869.

We have made a reduction of prices on our extensive stock of superior and beautiful Rosewood Pianos, as follows, viz:—

No. 1 Class, $400, for $250. No. 2 Class, $425, for $275. No. 3 Class, $450, for $300. No. 4 Class, $475, for $325. No. 5 Class, $500, for $375. No. 6 Class, $550, for $400. No. 7 Class, $575, for $425. No. 8 Class, $600, for $450. No. 9 Class, $650, for $500. No. 10 Class, $700, for $550. Square Grand, $800, for $500. Concert Grand, $1200, for $875.

We offer the above great inducements to those wishing to purchase at *bargains* before the Holidays. We have the Largest assortment of instruments on hand that has ever been offered in this city, and are determined to close out our present large stock at *"Manufacturers' first cost prices."* Every instrument is warranted to give satisfaction, and at these low prices we place within the reach of every one, the opportunity of obtaining one of these *fully celebrated and highly improved Pianos.*

Call and examine them at our new and beautiful warerooms, No. 1103 CHESNUT Street.

SCHOMACKER PIANO MF'G CO.,

11 15 tuths 12 31 No. 1103 CHESNUT Street.

WILL CLOSE ON SATURDAY, December 12th, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, BROAD Street, below Locust,

A GRAND METHODIST FAIR,

in aid of the

HOME FOR THE AGED AND INFIRM of the M. E. Church, continuing two weeks.

A grand display of useful and fancy articles, giving a good opportunity to choose from the almost endless variety on exhibition of things suitable for

HOLIDAY GIFTS,

and to aid a good work.

Come, and bring all your friends with you.

A Splendid Gallery of Paintings, Beautiful Fountain, Fine Music, Capital Refreshments. Come. 12 10 3t

JOHN B. GOUGH

Will deliver his new Lecture,

"CIRCUMSTANCES,"

AT THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

MONDAY EVENING, December 14.

Admission to all parts of the house, 50 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats. Tickets for sale at Gould's, No. 923 Chesnut street, and at the door on Monday evening. 12 10 4t

UNION LEAGUE HOUSE, BROAD STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7, 1868.

The Annual Meeting of the UNION LEAGUE OF PHILADELPHIA will be held at the LEAGUE HOUSE on MONDAY EVENING, December 14, at 7 o'clock, at which meeting there will be an Election for Officers and Directors for the ensuing year.

12 7 7t GEORGE H. BOKER, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., December 3, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The second instalment on the new stock subscribed for under resolution of the Board of Directors of May, 1868, is now due.

Unless paid on or before the 15th instant the instalment will not draw its proportion of dividend due May, 1869, and those paying up ALL the remaining instalments will receive full dividends in May next.

THOMAS T. FIRTH,

12 3 11t Treasurer.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1, 1868.

NOTICE.—The Semi-annual Interest on the five and six per cent. loans of the City of Philadelphia due January 1, 1869, will be paid on and after that date.

Loans maturing January, 1869, will be paid on presentation, interest ceasing from date of maturity.

The ordinance of Councils approved May 9, 1868, directing that "all certificates of city loans shall be registered previous to the payment of the interest," will be strictly adhered to at the payment of the interest due January, 1869, to both resident and non-resident loan-holders.

JOSEPH N. PEIRSOL,

12 3 27t City Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

PHILADELPHIA Dec. 8, 1868.

Coupons due on the 15th instant, on the gold loan of this company, will be paid in coin at their office on and after that date

Holders of ten or more coupons are requested to present them and receive therefor receipts payable on the 15th. SOLOMON SHEPHERD.

12 8 1w Treasurer.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,

PHILADELPHIA, December 11, 1868.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of January next, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

12 11 27t W. RUSHTON, JR., Cashier

GIRARD NATIONAL BANK,

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8, 1868.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors and for other purposes will be held at the Banking House on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of JANUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock M.

The election will take place between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. W. L. SCHAFFER,

12 8 w8t J 13 Cashier.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 12, 1868.

NOTICE.—Holders of City Warrants numbering from 4 00 to 5000 will be paid on presentation, interest ceasing from this date. JOSEPH N. PEIRSOL,

12 11 6t City Treasurer

MEDICAL.

RHEUMATISM

RHEUMATISM,

NEURALGIA

Warranted Permanently Cured.

Warranted Permanently Cured.

Without Injury to the System.

Without Iodide, Potassia, or Colchicum By Using Inwardly Only

DR. FITLER'S

GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY,

For Rheumatism and Neuralgia in all its forms.

The only standard, reliable, positive, infallible permanent cure ever discovered. It is warranted to contain nothing hurtful or injurious to the system.

WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED

WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED

Thousands of Philadelphia references of cures, Prepared at

No. 29 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,

8 22 stu th tf BELOW MARKET.

FURNITURE, ETC.

EXTRA

FINE FURNITURE.

Latest Designs—Superior Make and Finish.

A. & H. LEJAMBRE,

French Cabinet Makers and Upholsterers,

No. 1435 CHESNUT Street,

12 2 wmslm PHILADELPHIA.

PATENTED.—PANTS SCOURED AND STRETCHED from 1 to 5 inches, at Nottet French Steam Dyeing and Scouring, No. 709 N NINTH Street and No. 706 RACE Street. 7 28 6m

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

OFFICE OF THE

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, November 11, 1868.

The following statement of the affairs of the Company is published in conformity with a provision of its Charter:—

PREMIUMS RECEIVED

From November 1, 1867, to October 31, 1868.	
On Marine and Inland Risks	$803,506 74
On Fire Risks	145,205 06
	$948,711 80
Premiums on Policies not marked off Nov. 1, 1867	406,845 71
	$1,355,557 51

PREMIUMS MARKED OFF

As earned from Nov. 1, 1867, to Oct. 31, 1868.

On Marine and Inland Risks	$746,605 77
On Fire Risks	148,317 72
	$894,923 49
Interest during the same period—Salvages, etc.	107,498 82
	$1,002,422 31

LOSSES, EXPENSES, ETC., During the year as above.

Marine and Inland Navigation Losses	$424,052 74	
Fire Losses	73,485 87	
Return Premiums	59,141 02	
Reinsurances	36,105 31	
Agency Charges, Advertising, Printing, etc.	50,586 63	
Taxes—United States, State and Municipal Taxes	43,555 89	
Expenses	23,908 65	
		$710,837 81
		$291,585 00

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY

November 1, 1868.

$280,000 U. S. 5 per cent. Loan, 10-40s.	$208,500 00
120,000 U. S. 6 per cent. Loan, 1881	136,800 00
50,000 U. S. 6 per cent. Loan (for Pacific Railroad)	50,000 00
200,000 State of Pennsylvania 6 per cent. Loan	211,375 00
125,000 City of Philadelphia 6 per cent. Loan (exempt from Tax)	128,594 00
50,000 State of New Jersey 6 per cent. Loan	51,500 00
20,000 Pennsylvania Railroad 1st Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds	20,200 00
25,000 Pennsylvania Railroad 2d Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds	24,000 00
25,000 Western Penn'a Railroad Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds (Penn'a Railroad guarantee)	20,625 00
20,000 State of Tennessee 5 per cent. Loan	21,000 00
7,000 State of Tennessee 6 per cent. Loan	5,031 25
15,000 Germantown Gas Company; principal and interest guaranteed by the City of Philadelphia, 300 shares stock	15,000 00
10,000 Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 200 shares stock	11,300 00
5,000 North Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 100 shares stock	3,500 00
20,000 Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company, 80 shares stock	15,000 00
$207,900 Loans on Bond and Mortgage, first liens on City Properties	207,900 00
$1,109,900 Par Market value, $1,190,325 25 Cost, $1,095,601 25.	
Real Estate	80,000 00
Bills Receivable for Insurances made	322,486 94
Balances due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies, Accrued Interest, and other debts due the Company	40,178 88
Stock and Scrip of Sundry Corporations, $3156. Estimated value	1,813 00
Cash in Bank $116,150 08	
Cash in Drawer 413 65	116,563 73
	$1,647,367 80

PHILADELPHIA, November 11, 1868.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a CASH DIVIDEND of TEN PER CENT on the CAPITAL STOCK, and SIX PER CENT. Interest on the SCRIP of the Company, payable on and after the 1st December proximo, free of National and State Taxes.

They have also declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND of THIRTY PER CENT. on the EARNED PREMIUMS for the year ending October 31, 1868, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same, on and after the 1st December proximo, free of National and State Taxes.

They have ordered, also, that the SCRIP CERTIFICATES OF PROFITS of the Company, for the year ending October 31, 1868, be redeemed in CASH, at the Office of the Company, on and after 1st December proximo, all interest thereon to cease on that date.

☞ By a provision of the Charter, all Certificates of Scrip not presented for redemption within five years after public notice that they will be redeemed, shall be *forfeited and cancelled on the Books of the Company.*

☞ *No certificate of profits issued under $25. By the Act of Incorporation, "no certificate shall issue unless claimed within two years after the declaration of the dividend whereof it is evidence."*

DIRECTORS.

Thomas C. Hand,	Edmund A. Souder,
John C. Davis,	Samuel E. Stokes,
James C. Hand,	Henry Sloan,
Theophilus Paulding,	William C. Ludwig,
Joseph H. Seal,	George G. Leiper,
Hugh Craig,	Henry C. Dallett, Jr.,
John R. Penrose,	John D. Taylor,
Jacob P. Jones,	George W. Bernardou,
James Traquair,	William G. Boulton,
Edward Darlington,	Jacob Riegel,
H. Jones Brooke,	Spencer McIlvaine,
James B. McFarland,	John B. Semple, Pitts.,
Edward Lamarcade,	A. B. Berger, do.
Joshua P. Eyre,	D. T. Morgan, do.

THOMAS C. HAND, President.

JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice-President.

HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.

HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary. 11 12 1m

1829—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Franklin Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE:

Nos. 435 and 437 CHESNUT STREET,

ASSETS ON JANUARY 1, 1868,

$2,603,740 09.

CAPITAL	$400,000 00
ACCRUED SURPLUS	1,018,893 59
PREMIUMS	1,184,846 50
UNSETTLED CLAIMS.	INCOME FOR 1867
$33,693 22	$350,000 00.

LOSSES PAID SINCE 1829 OVER

$5 500,000.

Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms

DIRECTORS.

Charles N. Bancker,	George Fales,
Tobias Wagner,	Alfred Fitler,
Samuel Grant,	Francis W. Lewis, M. D.
George W. Richards,	Thomas Sparks,
Isaac Lea,	William S. Grant,

CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.

GEORGE FALES, Vice-President.

JAS. W. McALLISTER, Secretary pro tem.

Except at Lexington, Kentucky, this Company has no Agencies West of Pittsburg. 4 12 tf

INSURANCE COMPANY OF *NORTH AMERICA*,

No. 232 WALNUT STREET, PHILADA.

INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL

Marine, Inland, and Fire Insurance.

ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1868, - $2,001,266 72.

$20,000,000 Losses Paid in Cash Since its Organization.

DIRECTORS.

Arthur G. Coffin,	George L. Harrison,
Samuel W. Jones,	Francis R. Cope,
John A. Brown,	Edward H. Trotter,
Charles Taylor,	Edward S. Clarke,
Ambrose White,	T. Charlton Henry,
William Welsh,	Alfred D. Jessup,
Richard D. Wood,	John P. White,
S. Morris Waln,	Louis C. Madeira.
John Mason,	

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President.

CHARLES PLATT, Secretary.

WILLIAM BUEHLER, Harrisburg, Pa., Central Agent for the State of Pennsylvania. 4 25 2

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

INSURE AT HOME

IN THE

Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co.

No. 921 CHESNUT St., Philadelphia.

ASSETS, $2,000,00.

CHARTERED BY OUR OWN STATE, MANAGED BY OUR OWN CITIZENS.

LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

POLICIES ISSUED ON VARIOUS PLANS.

Applications may be made at the Home Office, or to the Agencies throughout the State. [2 18]

JAMES TRAQUAIR.....PRESIDENT

SAMUEL E. STOKES.....VICE-PRESIDENT

JNO. W. HORNER.....A. V. P. and ACTUARY

HORATIO S. STEPHENS.....SECRETARY

ASBURY

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

LEMUEL BANGS, President.

GEO. ELLIOTT, Vice-President and Sec.

EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary.

The Asbury Company issues Policies in all the forms in present use, on the most liberal terms in respect to rates, division of profits, restrictions on occupation and travel, compromise with safety; loans one-third of premiums, when desired, and makes all policies absolutely non-forfeitable.

Commencing business only in April last, it has been received with so much favor that its assurances already amount to over $1,000,000, and are rapidly increasing day by day.

PENNSYLVANIA AGENCY,

JAMES M. LONGACRE, Manager,

No. 302 WALNUT street, Philadelphia.

Local Board of Reference in Philadelphia:—

Thomas T. Tasker,	P. Morris Wain,
James B. Longacre,	John B. McCreary,
Arthur G. Coffin,	J. B. Lippincott,
John M. Maris,	James Long,
William Divine,	James Hunter,
John A. Wright,	E. H. Worne,

10 24 smsam Charles Spencer.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1804—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

No. 224 WALNUT Street, opposite the Exchange.

This Company insures from loss or damage by FIRE, on liberal terms, on buildings, merchandise, furniture, etc., for limited periods, and permanently on buildings by deposit of premium.

The Company has been in active operation for more than SIXTY YEARS, during which all losses have been promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

John L. Hodge,	David Lewis,
M. B. Mahony,	Benjamin Etting,
John T. Lewis,	Thomas H. Powers,
William S. Grant,	A. R. McHenry,
Robert W. Leaming,	Edmund Castillon,
D. Clark Wharton,	Samuel Wilcox,
Lawrence Lewis, Jr.,	Lewis C. Norris.

JOHN R. WUCHERER, President.

SAMUEL WILCOX, Secretary. 8 28]

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY—THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Incorporated 1825—Charter Perpetual—No 510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square.

This Company, favorably known to the community for over forty years, continues to insure against loss or damage by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Furniture Stocks of Goods, and Merchandise generally, on liberal terms.

Their Capital, together with a large Surplus Fund, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to offer to the insured an undoubted security in the case of loss.

DIRECTORS.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,	John Deverenx,
Alexander Benson,	Thomas Smith,
Isaac Hazlehurst,	Henry Lewis,
Thomas Robins,	J. Gillingham Fell,
	Daniel Haddock, Jr.

DANIEL SMITH, JR., President.

WM. G. CROWELL, Secretary. 3 30]

STRICTLY MUTUAL.

PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, No. 111 S. FOURTH STREET.

Organized to promote LIFE INSURANCE among members of the SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

Good risks of any class accepted.

Policies issued upon approved plans, at the lowest rates.

President, SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY.

Vice-President, WILLIAM C. LONGSTRETH.

Actuary, ROWLAND PARRY.

The advantages offered by this Company are excelled 1 27 tf

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds,

$8,000,000 IN GOLD.

PREVOST & HERRING, Agents,

11 4 3m. No. 107 South THIRD Street, Phila.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE

United States of America,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress,

Approved July 25, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

PHILADELPHIA,

Where the business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK,	E. A. ROLLINS,
JAY COOKE,	HENRY D. COOKE,
F. RATCHFORD STARR,	WM. E. CHANDLER,
W. G. MOORHEAD,	JOHN D. DEFREES,
GEORGE F. TYLER,	EDWARD DODGE,
J. HINCKLEY CLARK,	H. C. FAHNESTOCK.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President,

JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee,

HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice-President,

EMERSON W. FEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary,

E. S. TURNER, Washington, Assistants etc'y.

FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Medical Director,

J. EWING MEARS, M. D., Assistant Medical Director.

MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD.

J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A., Washington,

P. J. HORWITZ, Chief Medical Department U. S. N., Washington.

D. W. BLISS, M. D., Washington.

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS.

HON. WM. E. CHANDLER, Washington, D. C.

GEORGE HARDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE ADVANTAGES

Offered by this Company are:—

It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 1868,

It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.

It offers low rates of premium.

It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.

It is definite and certain in its terms.

It is a home company in every locality.

Its policies are exempt from attachment.

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

Church Choirs.

There is nothing connected with the church more beautiful and inspiring than good music, in which the congregation heartily joins in singing the praises of Almighty God. It matters not whether an assemblage of worshippers are led by a quartette, a chorus choir, or by a precentor, so that each member of the church and congregation does his or her part in these services. In the Sabbath Schools of the country the music has become popularized by sweet spiritual songs, in which the children sing with their hearts as well as their voices, and evince an interest, oftentimes, which cannot be excited to so great an extent in any other portion of the Sabbath School exercises. Many schools have been built up through the soul-stirring songs now sung. Children like to sing. It is perfectly natural for them to do so, and while they sing they worship "their Creator in the days of their youth." It is the great interest children take in their songs which renders them so beautiful and attractive, and which popularize the Sabbath Schools of the present far beyond those of the past. Why should not this be the case in our churches? Why do not all join in singing, and help to swell the anthems of the living God? It certainly is not the fault of church choirs; we mean those properly conducted, and where the members are connected with the church. Choirs are just as important in this age as preachers, because the Gospel, with all its attractions and instruction, would not be so freely accepted by the world if the praise of Jehovah were omitted in the sanctuary. Preaching and praising go hand in hand, and it is about as difficult to separate them as it would be to harmoniously unite oil and water. But there are evils in choirs as well as in everything else, and when discovered they should be remedied. So distasteful have they become in some churches, from their indifferent selections of music and from other causes, that changes have been so radical that the organist is now the only occupant of the choir gallery, and the congregation is led by a precentor, who faces the assemblage. This method is approved by many, and condemned by equally as large a number. At the Fifth Baptist Church, Eighteenth and Spring Garden streets, good congregational singing results from this plan; and while this is so, we do not think the music near so pleasant, and the singing certainly not more general, than under the previous organization of the choir. In the Rev. Dr. John Hall's church, on Fifth avenue, New York, the precentor singing has been adapted, and admirably satisfies some, while it displeases others. Such is the world. Tastes differ alike in music as in food, and preferences are stimulated according to the "make-up" of various objects.

Quartette singing is the most popular amongst Philadelphians, and generally these choirs, especially where the members belong to churches, give the greatest satisfaction. St. Stephen's Church choir, on Tenth street, is among the very best in the city. Prof. Taylor has secured superior native talent, and each one feels a deep concern in the style and character of the music, as well as in its harmony with the other services of the church. If the rector preaches a "Fourth-of-July" discourse, the choir selects for the opening piece something more appropriate than the touching anthem, "Thou art gone to the grave;" and if the sermon is on the death of a member, they are sure not to disturb the solemnity of the occasion by singing, "Oh! how lovely is Zion," or the "Hallelujah Chorus." The soprano at St. Stephen's is not excelled, if equalled, by any in Philadelphia, and the other parts have been selected with equal care. This choir gives satisfaction, and its music induces the whole congregation to sing. At West Arch Street Church the chorus choir is in vogue, under the leadership of Mr. Louis. Sometimes the music in this fashionable church is good, but the occasions are very rare. As a general thing there is a great noise, but little of the refined and elegant music that ought to be a constant refreshment. The opening pieces are boisterous; they display indifferent taste or idea of appropriateness to the sermon to be preached by the Rev. Dr. Willits, and the "collection" efforts are frequently shocking. Happening in on Sunday evening last, the duet created a doubt whether we were in a church or a concert saloon. It was loud, inarticulate, inappropriate, and harsh, and, we venture to say, no person understood five words of it. Here are two representative men, the one having charge of two quartette choirs, and the other a chorus. Each is well known in musical circles, and each have reputations peculiar to their associations, their tastes, their habits, and abilities. The one demands and secures the best talent in all the parts, whilst the other has a much larger number, but all consolidated fail to make up for the performances of the four voices of the quartette. Mr. Louis should have a first-class soprano to lead, instead of singing soprano himself whenever that part fails to make itself heard. He should diversify his opening pieces more, and when singing the "collection," give plaintive, effective chants, or solos and duets which the congregation can appreciate by occasionally understanding a word or two. The same causes exist in West Arch as in other churches, and congregational singing will never be popular or successful unless all the members of the church and congregation sing with their voices as well as their hearts.

Public Prayer.

There are strong inducements to infuse didactic, hortatory, and even controversial discussions into public prayer. Several natural and valuable tendencies in an earnest and zealous minister incline him, when not on his guard, to frame his prayers with reference to instruction and persuasion. The grave and impressive announcement of a doctrine in the form of a devout acknowledgment to God carries with it a sort of sacramental attestation of solemn conviction in the speaker, and is, in some respects, adapted to produce a corresponding conviction in the hearer. Hence, we observe in some ministers a proneness to assert views of doctrine, and also of practice, which they suppose to be questioned or rejected. . . . This sort of impropriety creeps into the petitions presented for the conversion of impenitent persons; when the minister prays that they may be taught a great variety of particulars, composing, in his view, the system of saving knowledge and faith; that they may be led through a course of experience which he delineates in systematic detail—departing throughout from the proper sphere of public supplication, except as he introduces each series with the suppliant prefix, "We pray." Nothing but a defective apprehension of the nature of public prayer can reconcile a truly devout congregation to these didactic supplications. While in form addressing God, they in fact address the people. The people feel the prayer, not as the expressions of their own devotion to God, but as a means of persuasion to themselves. Part of the evil thus incurred is the check thrown upon the fervor of devotion in the pious mind, and another is the injury suffered by all who have become so familiar with the impropriety as not to notice it.—*Princeton Review.*

SUMMARY OF RELIGIOUS NEWS.

METHODIST.

—Methodist ministers in England have no prizes in the way of high salaries. The President of the Conference, though he is also Superintendent of a Manchester circuit and chairman of the largest district in England, does not receive a sixpence more than his colleague, who discharges the ordinary functions of a circuit minister. The Secretary of the Conference, and all the other officers, receive nothing but a vote of thanks in return for their services. The highest stipend given anywhere in English Methodism would be considered quite a third-rate affair by the leading pastors of any other religious body.

—On Sunday, November 22, Iwaski Nagai, a Japanese student at Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J., was baptized and received into church membership in St. James' Methodist Episcopal Church in that city, by Dr. Tiffany, the pastor. This young Japanese, it is said, is the second of his nation who has openly professed the Christian faith.

—Rev. H. Matteson, D.D., a prominent Methodist minister, died at Jersey City on Tuesday morning last week, of pneumonia. At the time of his death he was in the service of the American and Foreign Christian Union.

—A revival of religion has been in progress for the past two weeks at Emory and Henry College, Virginia. There have been about sixty conversions. Out of one hundred and eighty students one hundred are professors of religion.

—The forces of the two Methodisms (North and South) aggregate 10,870 travelling and 13,856 local preachers, and 1,790,114 members. They represent from seven to eight millions of the population of the country.

—The new church at Lebanon, in this State, is rapidly approaching completion. It will be the handsomest place of worship in the town, and will be an ornament and a credit to Methodism.

—The Rev. Dr. Sargent, who for nearly three years has served the church in Richmond and Portsmouth, Virginia, has also been transferred to the Baltimore Conference.

—The Rev. Nelson Head, D.D., after an absence of twenty years, has returned to the Baltimore Conference.

EPISCOPAL.

—They have a new show in New York city, according to the following item, which we take from the New York *Tribune*:—"Sunday afternoon, 6th inst., the first afternoon session of the 'Ritual Service for the Catechisms of Christ Church, New York,' was celebrated with all the pomp and dazzling ceremony for which that church is fast becoming celebrated. The prayers and versicles were intoned by the Rev. Dr. Ewer, pastor of the church, and the responses sung by a surpliced choir of well-trained boys and men."

—Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., is charged by his traducers with neglecting his own parishioners, except that he is oblicious enough when they are out of town. His own people do not seem to think so, and have added $1000 to his salary. His church maintains three mission schools, which care for a thousand poor children. An unordained brother of his is one of the most effective lay-preachers of the West, and another younger brother is preparing to enter the ministry.—*Independent.*

—The vestry of Christ Church, Rye, N. Y., passed a vote of thanks to the vestry of the Presbyterian church for the use of their edifice during the summer of 1867, and also to Joseph Park, Esq., for the use of his fine school-house last summer. They also presented to the Rev. Charles Baird, of the Presbyterian church, a beautiful silver vase, as a further memento in return for the use of the edifice of which he is pastor.

—Rev. J. N. Rogers, of Memphis, whose extreme ritualism has given so much trouble to the Bishop of Tennessee, has consistently joined the Church of Rome. This, taken in connection with the secession to the Congregationalists of Rev. Mr. Cracraft, of Ohio, who belonged to the extreme of the Evangelical wing, shows perhaps the opposite religious affiliations of "High" "Low" Church.—*Independent.*

—The *Protestant Churchman* mentions a case in New Jersey where the vestry of an Episcopal congregation have resolved unanimously that their rector be requested to make such exchanges, or to hold such fraternal relations with non-Episcopal clergymen as he may think desirable, and pledging to him their hearty sympathy and support and adherence, whatever may be the consequences.

—The Diocese of Northern New York has completed its organization with the title of the Diocese of Albany, by the election as Bishop, on the ninth ballot, of the Rev. William Croswell Doane, rector of St. Peter's in Albany, New York. Mr. Doane is a son of the late Bishop Doane of New Jersey.

—The bishop who wrote the pastoral condemning Ritualism, as tending to assimilate our worship to that of a church not only alien but hostile to our own, has, in a chapel under his supervision, processionals and recessionals, candles, and weekly "low celebrations."

—One of the latest Episcopal irregularities was the preaching of the sermon by a New York rector, Dr. John Cotton Smith, at the reinstallation of Dr. Lawrence over his old charge in Marblehead.—*Independent.*

—The Right Rev. Henry C. Lay, Missionary Bishop of Arkansas, has been elected Bishop of the new Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Easton, Maryland.

BAPTIST.

—The new Baptist house of worship in Elizabeth, New Jersey, is to cost $75,000, and is to be one of the finest in the State. It is built in true ecclesiastical style, and in the most approved church fashion. Caps, cornices, pinnacles, turrets, minarets, and devices abound in all conceivable places. The ceiling is crimson and blue. The pulpit combines the altar and the cross. The baptistery is both unique and tasteful. Dr. Miller is a little churchly in his feelings. He wears a silk gown, after the order of Drs. Stedman and Baldwin, and has his right to do so stipulated in the call. Some of his service is liturgical, and chants, "Gloria in Excelsis," and alternate reading of the Psalms abound.

—Rev. John Francis, Baptist, was lately invited by Brigham Young to occupy the new tabernacle at Salt Lake. Over four thousand persons attended to hear the sermon. Brigham Young and all his officials were present and sat on the platform. Hearty responses attended the delivery of the sermon; and at its close he was surrounded by all the dignitaries, who expressed the highest gratification, and wished him to come again. There are twenty-four thousand people in Utah, three-fourths of whom belong to Brigham Young's church.

—A noble donation has just been made to the Theological Seminary at Rochester, New York. Roswell S. Burrows, Esq., of Albion, New York, has agreed to give $160,000 to the seminary. It is probable that he will make it $150,000. The seminary will bear the name of the liberal donor. Another gentleman of Rochester, Mr. H. Sibley, not a member of the Baptist Church, proposes to give $50,000 to erect a new chapel or library building for the seminary.

—The Freewill Baptists have increased the past year by 3½ per cent.; or about seven per cent., if we include the accession from the General Baptists. The largest gains have been in Illinois, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts.

—The Baptists of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia lately held a convention at St. John's, and reported in those two districts respectively 128 and 159 churches and 9552 and 17,163 members.

—The surviving founders of the Crozer Theological Seminary have just added $35,000 more to the permanent cash endowment of the seminary.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—One year ago the Southern Assembly's Committee on Education had eighteen young brethren receiving aid upon the recommendation of their respective Presbyteries; when the General Assembly met last May, they had forty three; now they have sixty-nine. The Rev. Dr. Baird, the secretary, told the last Assembly that he had information of as many as seventy-two candidates for the ministry among the churches, and was satisfied there were not less than one hundred whose hearts' desire was to preach the gospel. There are now one hundred and sixty-eight candidates, and the Secretary is satisfied there are not less than two hundred who are longing to prepare themselves for the holy work.

—We take the following items from the *Records*:—In the last thirteen and a half years the Board of Church Extension has received a little over $400,000, and has aided in the erection of nine hundred churches, capable of accommodating about 200,000 worshippers. The average cost of these sanctuaries is less than $3000, and the entire church property thus secured, free from debt, is not far from $3,000,000. In the seven months that have elapsed since April 1, 1868, the contributions received exceed $26,000, and are somewhat in advance of the corresponding period of last year. The rapid growth, however, of the Church in the last two years has created so many demands for aid that we have now on file, awaiting the receipt of the usual information, applications for $60,000 more than the means on hand to meet them.

—At the late meeting of the Presbytery of Fayetteville two newly organized churches, Salem and Catherine Lake, were received under the care of Presbytery. An overture to the Synod of North Carolina, requesting a division of Presbytery, was adopted. This was granted by the Synod at its late meeting. The new Presbytery is called Wilmington—has 10 ministers, 3 licentiates, and 26 churches.

—Rev. Dr. March will preach a sermon especially to young men to-morrow evening, at the Clinton Street Presbyterian Church, corner of Tenth and Clinton streets. Seats will be reserved for young men. This will be the seventh of a course of sermons under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

—All but two of the eight Reformed Presbyterian churches in the Pittsburg Presbytery have withdrawn from the synod until it shall rescind its action in suspending Mr. G. H. Stuart.

—Lane Seminary is endeavoring to raise an additional endowment of $100,000. Of this sum $40,000 have already been subscribed, $25,000 of it by three trustees living in Cincinnati, Ohio.

—One of the most remarkable feats of church-debt paying is that of Dr. Scudder's Presbyterian church, in San Francisco. He raised $16,500 in a canvass of four days.

—Dr. Prentiss' church, Presbyterian, contributed last month $5742'49 for home missions, an advance of $2000 above the contribution of last year.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—James M. Billings, of New York, proposes to give ten thousand dollars towards the erection of a Congregational church at Somerville, Connecticut, his summer residence.

—The First Congregational Society, of Waterbury, Connecticut, have voted to build a new church. The eighty thousand dollars necessary for the purpose have been subscribed.

—The Gothic church now being erected by the Second Congregational Society, in Greenfield, Massachusetts, will be the finest public edifice in the country. It has the chapel, social parlors, Sunday School room, etc., which are now considered necessary in a civilized society. Rev. S. W. Lee is the young and working pastor.

LUTHERAN.

—The Wisconsin Synod of the Lutheran Church has declared in favor of close communion and non-exchange of pulpits, as in accordance with the doctrine and practice of that Church.

—The Rev. M. W. Hamma, of Reading, Pa., has received a call to the Evangelical Lutheran Church at Springfield, Ohio, vacated by the removal of the Rev. J. B. Helwig to Cincinnati, Ohio.

FANCY GOODS.

"PER STEAMER."

JUST RECEIVED, AN INVOICE OF

PAPIER MACHE and CANTON TEA POYS.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

FANCY GOODS.

WILLIAMS & WOODWARD,

NO. 922 (NINETY-TWO) CHESNUT STREET. [12 9 12srp

SHIPPING.

LORILLARD'S STEAMSHIP LINE FOR NEW YORK.

From and after this date, the rates of freight by this line will be ten cents per 100 lbs. for heavy goods; four cents per foot, measurement; one cent per gallon for liquids, ship's option. One of the Steamers of this Line will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Goods received at all times on covered piers. All goods forwarded by New York agent free of charge except cartage.

For further information, apply on the pier to

8 3 6m JOHN F. OHL.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—

CITY OF ANTWERP, Saturday, December 12.
CITY OF NEW YORK, Tuesday, December 15.
CITY OF PARIS, Saturday, December 19.
CITY OF LONDON, Saturday, December 26.
CITY OF CORK, Tuesday, December 29.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, Saturday, January 2,

and each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday, at 1 P. M., from Pier 45, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY,

	Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.
FIRST CABIN	$100	STEERAGE	$35
to London	105	to London	40
to Paris	115	to Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN, Payable in Gold.		STEERAGE, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool	$90	Liverpool	35
Halifax	20	Halifax	1
St. John's, N. F.	40	St. John's, N. F.	30
by Branch Steamer		by Branch Steamer	

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, etc., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends, at moderate rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, Agents,
No. 41 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

NEW EXPRESS LINE TO ALEXANDRIA, Georgetown, and Washington D. C., via Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, with connections at Alexandria from the most direct route for Lynchburg, Bristol, Knoxville, Nashville, Dalton and the Southwest.

Steamers leave regularly every Saturday at noon from the first wharf above Market street.

Freight received daily.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 14 North and South Wharves.

J. B. DAVIDSON, Agent at Georgetown.
M. ELDRIDGE & Co., Agents at Alexandria, Virginia. 6 1

NOTICE.—FOR NEW YORK, VIA DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL.
EXPRESS STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

The Steam Propellers of this line leave DAILY from first wharf below Market street.

THROUGH IN 24 HOURS.

Goods forwarded by all the lines going out of York, North, East, and West, free of commission.

Freights received at our usual low rates.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO., Agents,
No. 14 S. WHARVES, Philadelphia.

JAMES HAND, Agent,
No. 119 WALL Street, corner of South, New York

PHILADELPHIA, RICHMOND AND NORFOLK STEAMSHIP LINE.
THROUGH FREIGHT AIR LINE TO THE SOUTH AND WEST.
EVERY SATURDAY,

At noon, from FIRST WHARF above MARKET Street.

THROUGH RATES and THROUGH RECEIPTS to all points in North and South Carolina, via Seaboard Air Line Railroad, connecting at Portsmouth and Lynchburg, Va., Tennessee, and the West, via Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Richmond and Danville Railroad.

Freight HANDLED BUT ONCE, and taken at LOWER RATES THAN ANY OTHER LINE.

The regularity, safety, and cheapness of this route commend it to the public as one most desirable medium for carrying every description of freight.

No charge for commission, drayage, or any expense of transfer.

Steamships insured at lowest rates.

Freight received daily.

WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 14 North and South WHARVES.

W. P. PORTER, Agent at Richmond and City Point.

T. P. CROWELL & CO., Agents at Norfolk. 6 1

DR. KINKELIN, AFTER A RESIDENCE and practice of thirty years at the Northwest corner of Third and Union streets, has lately removed to South SEVENTH Street, between MARKET and CHESNUT.

His superiority in the prompt and perfect cure of all recent, chronic, local, and constitutional affections of a special nature, is proverbial.

Diseases of the skin, appearing in a hundred different forms, totally eradicated; mental and physical weakness, and all nervous debilities scientifically and successfully treated. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

2 Cases Richardson's Linens.

1 Case Pillow Linens.

1 Case Table Napkins.

Table Cloths, Superb Double Damask, two to eight yards long.

8 Cases Marseilles Quilts.

1 Case New Table Coverings.

100 Pairs Rich Lace Curtains.

350 Emb'd Table and Piano Covers.

SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON,

Importers of House-Furnishing Dry Goods,

No. 1008 CHESNUT Street,

11 21 stothlstrp PHILADELPHIA.

1868.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!
USEFUL PRESENTS.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.
Prices Greatly Reduced.

SHAWLS,
DRESS GOODS,
BLANKETS,
QUILTS,
TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS AND TOWELS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
HDKFS. and UMBRELLAS,
SKIRTS, CORSETS,
ETC. ETC.,
AT
JOSEPH H. THORNLEY'S,

(Popular Stand. Established in 1850),

N. E. Cor. EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN,
9 26 2m 8p] PHILADELPHIA.

P.S.—Persons can ride to our door from any part of the city. All goods delivered carefully and free of charge.

TO PROPRIETORS OF HOTELS, BOARDING-HOUSES AND SHIPPING.

We have a special Wholesale Department for supplying LINEN AND COTTON SHEETING, TOWELS, NAPKINS, SINGLE BED AND BERTH BLANKETS, and other goods particularly adapted to your wants.

All the above kinds of GOODS made up at short notice if desired.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,
CENTRAL DRY GOODS STORE,
COR. EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS

INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS

GEORGE FRYER,

No. 916 CHESNUT STREET

Invites attention to his stock of

Real India Camel's Hair Shawls & Scarfs.

Also, an elegant stock of SILKS, in Blacks and Colors; FANCY SILK PLUSHES, POPLINS SHAWLS, and FANCY GOODS.

INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS altered and repaired, and cleaned in a superior manner. 10 30 2mrp

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH AND ARCH,

HAVE REDUCED THEIR PRICES

As much, and perhaps more, than others, for the same Class of Goods.

DRESS GOODS REDUCED.
SHAWLS OF FINE GRADE.
LYONS COAT VELVETS.
LYONS PURE SILK VELVETS.
FASHIONABLE POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SERGES.
GOLD MIXED REPELLANTS.
BEST BLACK VELVETEENS. [10 13 tuthssm
BLUES, BROWNS, PURPLES, ETC.

SPECIAL.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

IN

DRESS GOODS,

Especially Adapted to this Season,

Representing the most extensive and varied assortment in this market, at the extremely low prices incident to the great shrinkage of values

During the Period of their Utmost Depression.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

No. 727 CHESNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

VELVETEENS.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

In order to reduce our large stock of these goods, we have marked our prices so low for the present that a rare opportunity is offered to purchasers.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

CENTRAL CLOTH HOUSE,

Corner EIGHTH and MARKET.

AUCTION SALES.

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER.
SCOTT'S ART GALLERY,
No. 1020 CHESNUT street, Philadelphia.

IMPORTANT SALE OF ELEGANT BLACK MARBLE 31-DAY CLOCKS, BRONZE GROUPS AND VASES, ITALIAN MARBLE STATUARY, ALABASTER ORNAMENTS, ETC.
On Thursday Morning,

December 17, at 10½ o'clock, at Scott's Art Gallery, No. 1020 Chesnut street, will be sold a large collection of black marble and bronze 31-day clocks, statuary, etc., the importation of Messrs. Vitl Brothers (late Vito Viti & Sons), of this city.

The collection will be ready for examination on Tuesday, 15th instant, and will consist in part of over fifty fine French black marble, with malachite, 31-day clocks (the movements bearing the importers' name, and are warranted), bronze groups and figures of Mazeppa and Antiope, Marly horses, Galileo, Minerva, Hebe and Pandora, Music and Poetry, etc.

ALABASTER STATUARY.

Groups of Paul and Virginia, Canova's Dance of Venus, Venus in the Shell, Saviour, Magdalene, Four Seasons, etc.

ITALIAN MARBLE STATUARY.

Flora, by Fraschi; Dancing Girl of Canova Shepherd Psyche, etc.

Also, a large assortment of Stone, Agate Bardiglio, and Roman urns and vases, card receivers, large round columns, etc.

The above collection has just been received from France and Italy, and will be found, upon examination, to be well worthy of attention. [12 12 4t

SALE OF MR. A. D'HUYVETTER'S SUPERB COLLECTION OF HIGH CLASS MODERN PAINTINGS.

Mr. A. D'Huyvetter, previous to his departure for Europe, has instructed B. Scott, Jr., to dispose of his entire gallery on the evenings of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 17th and 18th December, at 7½ o'clock. The names of the following distinguished artists are represented by very choice and important works:—

Louis Van Ruyck,	C. Vernet,
Portielje,	C. M. Wood,
H. Ten Kate,	David Col,
Theo. Gerard,	C. Boech,
David De Noter,	F. Musin,
J. H. B. Koekkoek,	H. Sondermann,
Henriette Ronner,	Herzog,
Daurlac,	W. Verschuur,
E. Verboeckhoven,	Count A. De Rylandt,
F. Kruseuler,	H. Savry, and others.

The above collection stands unrivalled for artistic merit by any that has ever been presented to the American public for exhibition and sale.

Now on view in the Eastern Galleries of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, day and evening until sale. 12 11 5t

C. D. McCLEES & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
No. 500 MARKET Street.

SALE OF 1000 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, BALMORALS, ETC., ETC.
On Monday Morning,

Dec. 14, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, by catalogue, for cash, 1000 cassemen's, boys' and youths' boots, shoes, brogans, balmorals, etc.

Also, a large line of ladies', misses', and children's wear. 12 10 3t

SALE OF 1700 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, BALMORALS, ETC.
On Thursday Morning,

December 17, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell by catalogue, for cash, 1700 cases men's, boys', and youths' boots, shoes, brogans, balmorals, etc.

Also, a large line of ladies', misses', and children's wear. 12 12 4t

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1107 CHESNUT Street; rear entrance No. 1107 Sansom st.

GREAT SALE OF ELEGANT GOODS, FRENCH BRONZES, CLOCKS, SWISS CARVED WOOD WORK, FANCY CHINA, BOHEMIAN GLASS, FRENCH TOYS, SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.—SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
On Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

At 7½ o'clock, at No. 1110 Chesnut street, will be sold a large assortment of Elegant Goods, suitable for Holiday Presents. [12 11 3

LIPPINCOTT, SON & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
ASHHURST BUILDING, No. 240 MARKET St.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF heirs and alias order of Orphans' Court, estate of Nathans, minors, Isabella Coleman, under will of Isaiah Nathans, deceased.—Four-story brick Dwelling, No. 317 N. Front street, extending through to Water street, where it is five stories high. On Tuesday, December 29, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at the Exchange, all that bank messuage and lot of ground situate on the bank of Front and Water streets, 16 feet 10 inches southward of Callowhill street; containing in breadth north and south 13 feet, or thereabouts, and in length east and west about 40 feet, more or less. Bounded north by the corner messuage and lot of Thomas Britton, eastward by Water street, southward by another bank messuage and lot late of Thomas Britton, and westward by Front street aforesaid. Being the same premises which Jonathan Penrose, Esq., High Sheriff of the City and County of Philadelphia, by deed poll bearing date 1st of April, A. D. 1860, acknowledged in open Supreme Court at Philadelphia, September 3, A. D. 1860, and entered in Book B, page 162, granted and conveyed unto Isaiah Nathans, in fee. Sale absolute.

By the Court. JOSEPH MEGARY, Clerk of Orphans' Court.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
12 8 19 20] Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern Three-story Brick Residence, No. 202 S. Third street, above Spruce street.—On Tuesday, December 22, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick messuage and lot of ground situate on the west side of Third street, 58 feet 6 inches north of Spruce street, No. 202; containing in front on Third street 18 feet 3 inches, and extending in depth 80 feet, together with the privilege of a three feet wide alley. It has the gas introduced; bath, hot and cold water, etc. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms—$3000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. Keys at the Auction Rooms.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
12 7 2w Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern Four-story Brick Residence, No. 119 New street, east of Second street.—On Tuesday, December 15, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern four-story brick messuage, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the north side of New street, east of Second street, No. 119; containing in front on New street 17 feet 8 inches, more or less, and extending in depth about 73 feet 6 inches. It has the modern conveniences. Subject to a yearly ground-rent of $100.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
12 3 5 12 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

SALE BY ORDER OF HEIRS.—ESTATE of John Yomer, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Large and Valuable Lot, 1½ acres, Chesnut Hill and Spring House turnpike, Chesnut Hill, Twenty-second Ward.—On Tuesday, December 15, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and valuable lot of ground situate on the east side of the Chesnut Hill and Spring House turnpike, Chesnut Hill, Twenty-second Ward, containing 1 acre, 2 rods, and 36 40 100 perches; having a front of 163 feet 7½ inches, and extending in depth through to the Township Line road. Clear of all incumbrance. Will be sold according to a survey which may be seen at the auction rooms. The above is a very valuable lot for building purposes, and is situate near the railroad depot.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
12 3 5 12 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

ESTATE OF DR. FRANCIS WEST, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the will of Dr. FRANCIS WEST, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same to present them to

JAMES WEST, No. 2121 PINE Street.
CHAPMAN BIDDLE, No. 121 S. FIFTH Street.
11 14 6t Executors.

STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED would call the attention of the public to his NEW GOLDEN EAGLE FURNACE.

This is an entirely new heater. It is so constructed as to at once commend itself to general favor, being a combination of wrought and cast iron. It is very simple in its construction, and is perfectly air-tight; self-cleaning, having no pipes or drums to be taken out and cleaned. It is so arranged with upright flues as to produce a larger amount of heat from the same weight of coal than any furnace now in use. The hygrometric condition of the air as produced by my new arrangement of evaporation will at once demonstrate that it is the only Hot Air Furnace that will produce a perfectly healthy atmosphere.

Those in want of a complete Heating Apparatus would do well to call and examine the Golden Eagle.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,
Nos. 1182 and 1184 MARKET Street,
Philadelphia.

A large assortment of Cooking Ranges, Wire-board Stoves, Low Down Grates, Ventilators, etc., always on hand.

N. B.—Jobbing of all kinds promptly done. 5 16]

ALEXANDER G. CATTELL & CO.
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 26 NORTH WHARVES
AND
No. 27 NORTH WATER STREET,
PHILADELPHIA. 2 2
ALEXANDER G. CATTELL. ELIJAH CATTELL

AUCTION SALES

BUNTING, DURBOROW & CO., AUCTIONEERS, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street, corner of Bank street. Successors to John B. Myers & Co.

LARGE SALE OF FRENCH AND OTHER EUROPEAN DRY GOODS, ETC.
On Monday Morning,

Dec. 14, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit. 12 9 5t

50 CASES BALMORAL SKIRTS,
50 cases Lamskin XX Tostee Skirts.
ALSO,

For account of whom it may concern, for Cash,

A large stock of Dry Goods damaged at the late fire at No. 808 Market street, consisting in part of muslins, prints, flannels, satinets, shirts and drawers, travelling shirts, bosoms, collars, notions, etc. 1t

SALE OF 1500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.
On Tuesday Morning,

December 15, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit. 12 7 5t

LARGE SALE OF BRITISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
On Thursday Morning,

Dec. 17, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit. [12 11 5t

LARGE SALE OF CARPETINGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, ETC.
On Friday Morning,

December 18, at 11 o'clock, on four months' credit, about 200 pieces ingrain, Venetian, list, hemp, cottage, and rag carpetings 100 pieces oil cloths, etc. 12 14 5t

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141 S. FOURTH STREET.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE AND STOCKS,
On Tuesday

December 15, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange, will include—

FRANKLIN, No. 942—Modern Residence, 26 feet front.

SHIPPEN, east of Ninth—Dwelling.

SPRUCE, Nos. 1531 and 1532—Two Stores and six Dwellings.

MAIN street, Germantown, Nos. 4069 and 4071—Valuable stone building Lot, 30 by 445 feet.

SCHUYLKILL County, Penna.—230 acres Coal Lands.

CHESNUT HILL—Large and valuable Lot, 1½ acres.

PINE, No. 206—Hotel and Dwelling.

COBB'S CREEK, Twenty-fourth ward—Mill and Farm, 45½ acres.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Penna., Lancaster Turnpike—Stores and Dwellings and 3¾ acres.

NEW, No. 113—Modern Residence.

TWENTY-SECOND, No. 1540—Brick Dwelling.

CHESNUT, No. 2052—Brick Dwelling; Lot 25 by 220.

COATES No. 1033—Modern Residence.

CUMBERLAND, No. 1051—Lease, Goodwill, and Fixtures of the Gunner's Run Distillery, No. 1053 Cumberland street, Nineteenth ward.

SIXTEENTH (south), No. 322—Modern Residence.

SIXTEENTH (North), Nos. 715 and 717—Modern Residences.

PINE, No. 1529—Modern residence.

By order of Executors of estate of A. Heyman, deceased:—

One seat, No. 1, Pew 83, Keneseth Israel Congregation, Sixth street, above Brown.

A well-secured ground rent of $48, situate No. 1715 Carlton street.

$5000 United States 5-20 bonds, January and July.
7000 United States 10-40 bonds.
1000 North Missouri RR. bonds.
3000 Tennessee bonds, 1859.
2000 Tennessee bonds, 1868.
1000 Lehigh Navigation six per cent. gold bonds.
5100 Union Canal Company bonds.
325 Keneseth Israel Congregation bonds.
50 Allemania Club bonds, of Phila.
75 Harmonia Club bonds, of Phila.
100 loan certificate, A. O. Norton, of Phila.
1000 shares Sheldon Oil and Mining Co.
750 shares Montier Oil Co.
2 shares Hempfield R.R. Co., of W. Va., par $50.
$700 bond Chapman Mining and Lumbering Co.
500 bond Springfield, Mount Vernon and Pittsburg RR. Co.
8 Continental Insurance Co. scrip.
Estate of Anna Fausset—
$1100 Philadelphia City five per cent. loan.
900 0 Philadelphia City 6 per cent loan, old.
18,400 Philadelphia 6 per cent. loan, new.
1000 Camden and Amboy coupon bonds.
1000 Delaware and Raritan coupon bonds.
1000 Penn's Railroad convertible coupon bond.
4186 Schuylkill Navigation Co. loan, convertible.
7419 63 Chesapeake and Delaware Canal loan, 85%.
10 shares Schuylkill Navigation Co., Common.
15 shares Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.
47 shares Phoenix Insurance Company.
197 shares Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
38 shares Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.
12 shares Mechanics' National Bank.
17 shares Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank.
14 shares Philadelphia National Bank.
28 shares Commercial National Bank.
20 shares Bank of North America.
For Account of the Pennsylvania Hospital.
18 shares Franklin Fire Insurance Company.
For Other Accounts.
10 shares Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.
28 shares Union Mutual Insurance Company.
5 shares Academy of Music, with ticket.
3 shares Southwark National Bank.
$10 000 second mortgage Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway 7 per cent. bond.
20 shares Brinkerhoff Manufacturing Co.
1 share Philadelphia Library.
$420 Delaware Mutual Insurance Co. scrip, 1863.
150 shares Second and Third

MEN AND MEASURES AT WASHINGTON.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1868.

The Congressional Recess.

Congress was in session but four days this week. Very little practical legislation was accomplished, but enough work to consume much of the session was mapped out. I have already indicated in this correspondence what will, in all probability, constitute the leading features of the action of Congress during the present session. In addition to these there will, of course, be the usual number of private bills and schemes, whose success depends, to a great extent, upon the manipulation and perseverance of the lobby. Very little, however, will be done until after the holiday recess. This you will perceive is unusually long, considering the shortness of the session.

The Leadership of the House.

The death of the Honorable Thaddeus Stevens, who was confessedly the leader of the House up to the adjournment last July, has given rise to considerable rivalry in a quiet way for the honors of that position. While the "old man" lived, and especially during the last two sessions of Congress, two or three members attempted to wrest the sceptre from his hands. But so powerful was his influence that this opposition never assumed a more dangerous shape than personal jealousy. Now, however, that he is gone the way is comparatively clear, and the aspirants are left to contend with each other for the mastery. While Mr. Stevens lived the man who was most ambitious to fill his place was John A. Bingham, of Ohio Even in his feeblest days the member from the Lancaster district handled Bingham in debate as a strong man would a child. It was so with all the other members that attempted to measure swords with the Great Commoner. The Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee should be the leader of the House. But it depends very much upon the character of the man whether he is able to assume the position given him by custom and parliamentary usage. When the late Mr. Stevens was placed at the head of that committee, soon after the beginning of the war, he became at once the leader of the House. Afterwards, when the Ways and Means Committee was divided and the Committee on Appropriations was carved out of it, Mr. Stevens, as chairman of the latter committee, was as much the leader of the House as he was when at the head of the Ways and Means. His successor, General Schenck, of Ohio, although a man of conceded ability, can hardly be said practically to be the leader of the House. He lacks those rare qualities so essential to such a position. Though a hard worker, a good debater, and eminently practical, he has none of the management, the adroitness, and, above all, the sarcasm and quiet good humor of Mr. Stevens. He can stir up all the elements of opposition, but he does not seem to understand the secret of quieting them at pleasure and making them subserve the success of his own plans. Judge Bingham would like to be leader, but, like Schenck, he lacks the qualifications. Though a good speaker and a ready debater, he loses his temper too easily, and instead of conciliating those whom he can neither win nor destroy, he only stimulates them to more determined hostility. The House, indeed, may be said to be without any leader at present.

The Pennsylvania Senatorship.

It may seem somewhat strange that you should receive intelligence on this subject from Washington. Just now, however, the campaign seems to be transferred here. The Hon. Cadwalader A. Grow, who contends that he has the inside track, has been here for some days earnestly at work with the Pennsylvania delegation. Whatever other qualities he may possess, he certainly deserves the credit of being a shrewd politician. Like everybody else, he distrusts the promises and professions of the Pennsylvania Legislature made in advance of their caucus for the nomination of Senator. Recognizing the fact that the members of Congress from the several districts of the State have more or less influence over the members of the Legislature from their districts, he is quietly at work trying to get the superior power to move the inferior in his behalf. Not being in his confidence, I cannot say with what success he has met. It is safe to assume, however, that it is hardly so great as he desires, from the fact that the delegation is pretty well divided among the several factions of the State. None of the other candidates have made their appearance here, at least upon the same errand as Grow. General Cameron's son, "Don," was here for a day or two, but he showed no disposition to work among members for the Senatorship. Indeed, the peculiar relations of his father render such an effort hopelessly futile.

Pennsylvania in the Cabinet.

Ever since the election of General Grant a quiet contest has been going on between the different aspirants and their friends for a place in the Cabinet to be awarded Pennsylvania. There is no scarcity of candidates. Not less than half a dozen have managed to get their names mentioned in connection with the position. Two or three, however, have been seriously spoken of. Among these I may mention ex-Governor Curtin, Governor Geary, and Colonel John W. Forney. Curtin is backed wholly by State influence, his chief fugleman being A. K. McClure. The latter has been here for some days trying the strength of his friend, not only with the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress, but with the prominent men outside the State. He has discovered, woat most men of ordinary intelligence knew before, that Curtin's reputation is strictly local, and that even at home he is by no means as strong as his friends suppose. Besides, he has a powerful and determined opponent in Senator Cameron, who will exercise whatever power he may possess to keep Curtin out of the Cabinet as well as out of the Senate. There are few who believe that Governor Geary will be invited to a seat in the Cabinet, and fewer still who think that he would accept it. It is quietly whispered in usually well-informed circles, too, that Col. Forney's chances are better than any of the others. Forney is personally intimate with General Grant. He was among the first journalists in the Republican party to hoist the name of Grant for the Presidency. His advocacy of the General's election, both on the stump and in his newspapers, has been unremitting. Unlike either Curtin or Geary, Forney has a national reputation, and he is strongly urged by some of the ablest and most prominent radical Senators and members. What influence he can bring to bear from his own State I do not know. He will, of course, be opposed by Cameron. But General Grant is unlike all Presidents who have gone before him, and while he may pay a decent respect to the recommendations of prominent men in the party that elected him, he will to a large extent use his own discretion in the choice of his Cabinet. JOSEPHUS.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CORNER-STONE LAYING IN WEST PHILADELPHIA.—On Thursday, the Thirty-eighth Street M. E. Church, of which Rev. H. A. Cleveland is pastor, laid the corner-stone of their new chapel, at Thirty-eighth and Hamilton streets. Addresses appropriate and impressive were delivered by Rev. A. J. Kynett, D. D., Rev. W. J. Stevenson, and Rev. M. Simpson, D. D., Bishop of the M. E. Church. The free-will offerings of the people on the occasion amounted to a little more than $16,000. The situation is commanding and roomy. The edifice is to be of Trenton stone, and the architecture Gothic. It will be two story, with Sabbath School, vestry, Bible class and lecture-rooms, and a study for the pastor. The audience room, 40 feet by 80, exclusive of recess for pulpit, choir, and organ, 9 by 19 feet, will occupy the entire area of the second floor. The entrance porch with boldly moulded and recessed doorway, and a five-light tracerried window over it, will constitute the principal feature of the front. The plainness of the walls will be broken by double-recessed jambs to windows and by projecting buttresses. The main audience-room will be finished with what is usually termed an open roof, formed with arched principal rafters, moulded on the face with a rich cornice of wood at the intersection of walls and roof. The spaces between principal rafters and purlins are to be plastered and tinted. The pews and skirting are to be of black walnut, and the walls floated and tinted of a warm stone tint, harmonizing with the oak staining of the open roof. The effect of the roof, combined with the rich tints of the stained glass, and the dark tone of the walnut fittings, will be most pleasing, and will give an effective and church-like interior. The edifice is designed and its erection superintended by Messrs. Fraser, Furness, and Hervet, of this city. John McClure, Esq., builder. The total cost of the chapel will be about $40,000, and when completed it will be an ornament to the city.

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Daring Thieves—Arrested on Suspicion Owner Wanted—A Murderous Assault —A Pickpocket—A Dishonest Fellow.

—Yesterday morning at about half-past 9 o'clock, two fellows stepped up to the carriage of Dr. Bournonville, which was standing on Sixth street, below Green, and removed a package of surgical instruments and a horse-blanket. They then started up Sixth to Green, when they were noticed by Policeman Steinbach, who gave chase and captured them. The articles were recovered. The thieves were taken before Alderman Plankinton, who held them in $800 bail to answer at court. Their names are Charles Bremer and George Reilley.

—Mary Norben was arrested yesterday at Fourth and Poplar streets with a quantity of butter in her possession, which she is suspected of having stolen. The cause of the suspicion was the fact that she was offering the article for sale at a very low price. After a hearing before Alderman Toland she was committed.

—Francis Conway this morning jumped from a cart at Third and Market streets. He had with him an immense bag, which on being opened revealed a set of harness. The man and the harness were taken to the Cherry Street Station, the former for a hearing and the latter to await identification.

—John Mucklow and a man named Huntley got into a row yesterday afternoon in a tavern on Juniper street, which ended by Mucklow receiving a very dangerous wound in the head, alleged to have been inflicted with a hammer by Huntley. He was taken into custody, and held by Alderman Jones to await the result of the injuries. Mucklow was removed to his residence, No. 1122 South Fifteenth street.

—Alderman Jones yesterday held William Jones for trial on the charge of stealing a horse from one Charles Davis, who resides at Tullytown, Bucks county.

—A negro was taken into custody this morning, charged with picking the pocket of a lady of a portemonnaie containing $3·50. The robbery took place in the South Second street market.

—Yesterday afternoon a countryman was bringing to town two immense porkers and twenty bushels of potatoes, which had been ordered by two gentlemen in the city. He had lost the direction given him by the gentlemen, and on arriving at Frankford road and Hart lane he accosted one Peter McKeever, who said he knew where the people lived. Getting in the vehicle, it was driven to York street, where the countryman got out and went into a drug store. While there Peter took the reins and drove off. While turning a corner a few squares distant the wagon broke down. Peter then disposed of the contents of the vehicle, and was receiving the money for the articles, when a policemen stepped up and arrested him. Alderman Helms sent him below for trial.

MORTALITY OF THE CITY.—The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 256, being an increase of 58 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these 119 were adults, 137 minors; 201 were born in the United States, 49 were foreign, 6 were unknown, 15 were people of color, and 4 from the country; 113 were males, 143 females; boys, 57; and girls, 49. Of the number, 8 died of congestion of the brain, 36 consumption of the lungs, 13 convulsions, 2 dysentery, 4 diarrhœa, 18 inflammation of the lungs, and 7 marasmus.

The deaths were divided among the wards as follows:—

Wards.		Wards.	
First	13	Fifteenth	7
Second	10	Sixteenth	9
Third	11	Seventeenth	10
Fourth	12	Eighteenth	15
Fifth	6	Nineteenth	16
Sixth	5	Twentieth	20
Seventh	15	Twenty-first	2
Eighth	11	Twenty-second	11
Ninth	8	Twenty-third	5
Tenth	10	Twenty-fourth	5
Eleventh	6	Twenty-fifth	7
Twelfth	4	Twenty-sixth	5
Thirteenth	8	Twenty-seventh	5
Fourteenth	6	Twenty-eighth	0

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS.—Turner Brothers & Co., the successors of G. W. Pitcher, at No. 808 Chesnut street, purpose to carry on the business in the same manner that has already made the establishment so popular. They have a large assortment of American and European chromos, of every description and at all prices. A good chromo will make a most acceptable Christmas present, and as this firm believe in small profits and quick sales, the advantages of dealing with them are apparent. Messrs. Turner Brothers & Co. make a specialty of chromos, but they also have a large stock of standard and popular books in all styles of binding, and a great variety of fancy articles suitable for holiday presents. All the new books are to be found on their shelves as soon as issued by the publishers, and for sale at rates reduced from the regular retail prices.

JOHN B. GOUGH.—The desire to hear Mr. Gough deliver his new lecture, "Circumstances," at the Academy, on Monday evening next, appears to be greater than at any previous time, if we may judge from the great demand for tickets at Gould's, No 923 Chesnut street. It must be gratifying to Mr. Gough to find, after twenty-five years of public speaking, that he is more popular and more in demand than ever. We learn that he has been obliged to decline upwards of eight hundred applications for his services this season.

DIED IN A POLICE STATION.—Last night Policeman Young, of the Sixteenth district, came across an individual lying against the wall at Thirty-third and Bridge streets. Finding him unconscious, he removed him to the station, where a cut was discovered on his head. His nose was also damaged. It seems that he, while in a state of intoxication, went on to a scaffold on Brookline street, and fell to the ground. This morning he was found dead in the station. He was a middle-aged man, and had with him a dinner-kettle.

THROWN FROM A CARRIAGE.—Last evening a carriage, containing George W. Croasdale and Peter J. Morrison, was overturned at Ridge avenue and Master street, and the occupants thrown with great force to the pavement. Mr. Croasdale had a left arm fractured in three places, and Mr. Morrison had his collar-bone and three ribs broken. The former was conveyed to his residence on Sharswood street, and the latter to St. Josepa's Hospital.

LEAGUE ISLAND.—It will be seen by our telegraphic column that Attorney-General Evarts yesterday formally accepted League Island as the Naval Depot. The necessary documents had been forwarded to him, and he affixed his signature to them. They are now on their way to this city, and on their arrival, Mayor McMichael, on behalf of the city, will sign the transfer title.

THE CRIME OF INFANTICIDE.—This crime is on the increase in this city, scarcely a day passing without our being compelled to record a case. This morning Coroner Daniels received notice to hold inquests on three dead infants that had been picked up during the night in different parts of the city.

MISS KELLOGG IN OPERA.—We are glad to inform our readers that we are to have Miss Kellogg in opera. On Wednesday next a grand combined entertainment will be given—first, a grand concert, afterwards the entire third act of *Faust*, in costume. See advertisement.

A NEW SCHOOL.—On Monday evening the inaugural exercises of the Keystone Grammar School, on Nineteenth street, above Chesnut, will take place. They will consist of recitations and singing by the scholars and addresses by prominent gentlemen.

FINE SKATING.—The skating parks in and around the city are in excellent condition, and this morning were visited by a large number of ladies and gentlemen who were anxious to take advantage of the first skating of the season.

The Alexander Case.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—This morning counsel representing Colonel George W. Alexander came into Court and stated that they were not prepared to argue their motion for a new trial, and their client was ready to go into custody to await the decision of that motion, his bail being for his appearance to-day. The argument was postponed until next Friday.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

SERMON TO YOUNG MEN.—Under the auspices of the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, Rev. DANIEL MARCH, D. D., will preach a Sermon especially to Young Men To-morrow (Sabbath) Evening at the CLINTON STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of TENTH and CLINTON Streets, at 7½ o'clock.

Seats reserved for Young Men. Medical students and strangers in the city are cordially invited to attend.

THE THIRTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY of "THE HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA" will be held To-morrow Evening, December 13, in the WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. A. A. WILLITS, P. D., pastor, Rev. JAMES NEILL, and GEORGE H. STUART, Esq.

THOMAS T. MASON,
Chairman Committee on Public Meetings

CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fifteenth.—Rev. Z. M. HUMPHREY, D. D., Pastor, will preach to-morrow at 10½ A. M., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock will begin a series of sermons, to be preached on successive Sunday evenings, on the "Life of Christ," subject to-morrow evening:—"Revelations of God in Christ in the manger."

WEST SPRUCE STREET CHURCH, corner of SEVENTEENTH and SPRUCE Streets.—Rev. W. P. BREED, D. D., will preach To-morrow at 10½ A. M., the fourth of a series of discourses on the Book of Esther—"The Jews' Enemy." and in the evening at 7½ P. M., on "The Family as an Agent for Christ." All are invited.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WASHINGTON Square.—Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D., Pastor.—Services 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. A series of successive Sabbath Evening discourses will be delivered auctions of Scripture, Facts and Things in the significant question Concerned. Subject to-morrow evening—"The Person Concerned. What is Man?"

NORTH BROAD STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broad and Master streets.—Preaching To-morrow by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. STRYKER, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the morning service. In the evening, subject, "Gospel Truth, as illustrated by John Bunyan's Pilgrim."

FITZWATER STREET M. E. CHURCH, above Nineteenth.—Reopening services to-morrow. BISHOP CAMPBELL, of the African M. E. Church at 10½ A. M. Rev. T. T. TASKER at 3 P. M. Rev. A. MANSHIP at 7½.

REV. E. E. ADAMS, D. D., WILL preach Sabbath, 10½ and 3½, in WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SEVENTEENTH and FILBERT Streets. Afternoon beginning of course of lectures on Jonah.

SPRING GARDEN BAPTIST CHURCH, THIRTEENTH Street, above Wallace.—Rev L. P. HORNBERGER, Pastor. Preaching To-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath-School at 2½ P. M.

THIRD REFORMED CHURCH, TENTH and FILBERT streets.—Rev. T. SANFORD FOOLITTLE will preach To-morrow. Service at 10½ o'clock morning and 7½ evening.

REV. A. REED, D. D., WILL preach in the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH EIGHTH Street, above Arch, To-morrow (Sabbath) Evening, at 7½ o'clock.

REV. N. M. PRICE AT LUTHER-BAN CHURCH, TWELFTH and OXFORD Streets 10½, "Transfiguration," third sermon; 7½, "Christian Rewards and the Evidence of Such." Pews free.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above Race.—Rev. R. W. HUMPHREYS, pastor, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[For additional Special Notices see the Inside Pages.]

LADIES' FAIR.—A Fair for the sale of Useful and Fancy Articles will open THIS EVENING, IN THE LECTURE-ROOM OF THE BETHESDA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner of FRANKFORD Road and VIENNA Street. Continuing two weeks.

An opportunity will be afforded to select Gifts for suitable Holiday Presents. Come and bring your friends with you. Season tickets, 25 cents. Daily admission, 10 cents.

The Cars of the Second and Third Streets and the Union Passenger Railway Companies run in close proximity to the Church. 12 12 6t*

OIL CREEK AND ALLEGHENY RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY, CORRY, Pa., December 9, 1868.

DIVIDEND No. 8.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., free of tax, payable January 2, 1869, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 EXCHANGE Place, New York. Transfer Books closed December 25; reopen January 4.

12 12mw3t* T. A. PHILLIPS, Treasurer.

CHARLES J. LUKENS, ESQ., ASSOCIATE editor of the "Architectural Review," will read a paper on "Heraldry, as Adapted to the United States," before the members of the HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA, at their rooms, on MONDAY EVENING next, the 14th instant, at 8 o'clock. JAMES SHRIGLEY, Librarian.

SEVENTH NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA, Dec 12, 1868.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the BANKING HOUSE on TUESDAY, January 12, 1869, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. E. S. HALL, 12 12 sw 1J12 Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE LISBON OIL COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 233 WALNUT Street, on WEDNESDAY, 23d inst. at 11 o'clock A. M.

S. ACKLEY Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

[For additional Amusements see Third Page.]

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The Manager, encouraged by the unprecedented success which has attended the Kellogg Concerts, has determined to make arrangements for

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The entertainment will consist of a Grand Concert, in which

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FAUST,

IN FULL COSTUME.

MISS KELLOGG in her unrivalled rendition of MARGARITA, in which character she created so great a sensation at her Majesty's Theatre, London, and in the principal Opera Houses of both continents.

MME. F. DE GEBELE in the role of SIEBEL; SIGNOR LOTTI as FAUST, and SIGNOR PEPILLI as MEPHISTOPHELES.

The Grand Orchestra will be under the direction of HERR GROSSCURTH.

Admission.....ONE DOLLAR.

No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

The Sale of Seats will commence on Monday morning, December 14, at C. W. A. TRUMPLER'S MUSIC STORE. 12 12tf

GRAND CONCERT

A GRAND CONCERT will be given at CONCERT HALL on TUESDAY EVENING, 22d instant, at 8 o'clock, by

THOMAS E. HARKINS,

in conjunction with the following distinguished talent:—

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HUGH A. CLARK, and others.

Tickets, One Dollar. They may be obtained at the music stores of Messrs. Trumpler, No. 926 Chesnut street; Boner & Co., No. 1102 Chesnut street; and at P. P. Cunningham's, No. 216 S. Third street; Eugene Cummiskey's, No. 1037 Chesnut street; F. Donnelly's, No. 910 Christian street; and Isaac Mullin's, S. W. corner Germantown road and Master street. 1t

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THIRD EDITION

BALTIMORE.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Assassination in the Mining District.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 12.—I have just conversed with a gentleman from the region of the Allegheny Coal Mining Company, who says that since the recent assassination there of Douglas Love, a highly respectable gentleman, by unknown parties, intense consternation prevails throughout the whole country. It has been discovered that there is a

Secret Organization

existing amongst the Irish laborers, who have sent threatening notifications to many citizens, on the principle of the Ku-Kluk-Klan, to leave immediately at the peril of their lives.

Coffins

were sent to some, with threats of death, and others have been similarly warned. Many have been obliged to leave for safety. A committee is now in Baltimore endeavoring to get

Governor Swann

to offer a reward of ten thousand dollars for the suppression of the Klans. They offer to pay the largest share of the reward themselves. This affair has partially suspended the mining operations.

The Gold Case

of A. S. Abell & Co. against the Chesapeake Bank has been reversed by the Court of Appeals.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, DEC. 12

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street

SECOND BOARD.

$600 Leh Gs gold	93½	65 sh Penna R	53¾
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A HOLIDAY NUMBER.

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The opening chapters of the

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With a full-page Illustration.

II. POEMS FOR A GOLDEN WEDDING.
1. FIRST GREETING. By R. H. Stoddard.
2. SECOND GREETING. By Geo. H. Boker.
3. SONG. By Bayard Taylor.
III. CHRISTMAS PANTOMIMES.
IV. THE BLUE CABINET. A CHRISTMAS STORY. By Lucy Hamilton Hooper.
V. THE OLD YEAR AND THE NEW.
VI. THE SECRET AGENCY (OF NAPOLEON III).
VII. JUSTICE FOR BLUE BEARD.
VIII. CROSS AND CROWN: A POEM. By Edgar Fawcett.
IX. PEARL OF GREAT PRICE. By Rebecca Harding Davis.
X. THE PARISIAN NEW YEAR'S. By George M. Towle.
XI. NOR DEAD NOR LIVING. A LOVE STORY. By Jane G. Austin.
XII. WILL SPAIN BE A REPUBLIC? By Karl Blind.
XIII. GOLDEN DREAMS. A CHRISTMAS STORY.
XIV. OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP.
XV. LITERATURE OF THE DAY.

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HIGH LITERARY REPUTATION

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FOURTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

The Union League and the New York Frauds—Congress Memorialized.

Lynch Law in Indiana.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.

The committee of the

Union League of New York

sent here to present its memorial to Congress in relation to the frauds at the recent elections in that State, are engaged to-day in revising their memorial, and will have it ready to lay before Congress on Monday. They have had several interviews with the House Committee for the Revision of the Laws.

FROM INDIANA.

More Lynch Law by Regulators

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

SEYMOUR, Ind., Dec. 12.—The Vigilance Committee of this village last night held a secret meeting for considering the policy of hanging the desperadoes confined in prison here upon charges of murder and robbing the Adams Express Company in October. In consequence of some quibble in the law their release was probable at the next meeting of the Court. The Regulators, however, decided to hang them, and all four of the robbers were accordingly taken from the jail at midnight and hung to a tree. Intense excitement prevails here.

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LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
9 18 No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

BOXES OF FINE STATIONERY.
INKSTANDS, a large assortment.
WRITING DESKS, CARD CASES.
POCKET BOOKS, SCOTCH GOODS.
FINE ENGLISH PLAYING CARDS.
ENGLISH KNICK-KNACKS.

DREKA,

STATIONER AND CARD ENGRAVER,

12 12 12t No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES TO BE HAD IN THE CITY.

A very large assortment of

Writing Desks from $1.25 to $25·00,

CARD CASES, WORK BOXES,
BACKGAMMON BOARDS, PORTFOLIOS,
CHESS, DOMINOES, GOLD PENS.
WALLETS, PLAYING CARDS, ETC.
NEW GAMES IN GREAT VARIETY.

J. LINERD,

No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street,

12 11 smw 6t PHILADELPHIA.

DRY GOODS.

OPEN UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

HAMRICK & COLE

Beg to announce that they will open a magnificent assortment of

GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

ON MONDAY, 14th INST.

For the convenience of those who desire to avoid the rush of the day, their establishment will be kept open until 10 o'clock P. M. until Christmas Eve.

HAMRICK & COLE,

12 12 7t **No. 45 N. EIGHTH Street.**

223 FARIES & WARNER, 223

No. 223 North NINTH Street.

ABOVE RACE.

Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 18, 25, 31, 37½, 45, 50, 62½, 75c.
Gents' Fine Hemstitched, 50, 62½, 75, and $1.
Gents' Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs.
Misses' Plain and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Mourning Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Real Thread Lace Handkerchiefs.
Gents' Silk Hdkfs 50, 62½, 75, 88, $1, $1·25, $1·50.
Gents' Silk Ties and Black Silk Handkerchiefs.
Misses' and Ladies' Balmorals.
Large assortment Hair Brushes, Combs, etc.
Portemonnaies, 25, 31, 37½, 44, 50, 65, 75c., etc.
Small Plaid Shawls, 75c.
Misses' Scarlet Cloth Gloves, 50c.
Ladies' Cloth Gloves, embroidered tops, 50c.
Gents' French Cloth Gloves.

WAX DOLLS.

500 dozen Wax Dolls, balance of an importer's stock, from 25c. to $5.
Work Boxes, Writing Cases, Fancy Articles, etc.
Ladies' Merino Vests, $1, $1·12½, $1·25, $1·37½, $1·50, etc. etc.
Gents' Merino Shirts, 75c., $1, $1·12½, $1·25, $1·37½, etc.
Ladies' and Gents' Merino Pants.
Misses' and Boys' Merino Goods, all sizes.
Choice styles Calicoes, Delaines, Armures, etc.
Canton Flannels, 12½, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25c., etc.
Flannels 25, 28, 31, 37½, 40, 45, 50c. to $1.
150 dozen Linen Bosoms, our own make, 15, 25, 37½, 45, 50, 56, 62½, and 75c
All-wool Blankets, Waterproof Cloakings, etc.

FARIES & WARNER,

NO. 223 N. NINTH STREET,

1t ABOVE RACE.

GENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS

GREAT REDUCTION.

Preparatory to taking account of stock January 1, we will, until that date, offer our large stock of

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Greatly Below Usual Prices,

As we have, in addition to a complete assortment of

Shirts, Underwear, and Hosiery,

An elegant variety of Fancy Goods, comprising Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, and other requisites for gentlemen, with a rich stock of

WRAPPERS AND BREAKFAST COATS.

This will afford an opportunity for procuring

Holiday Presents at Moderate Prices.

WINCHESTER & CO.,

12 10 thstu t12 3t **No. 706 CHESNUT St.**

DRY GOODS.

E. R. LEE,

No. 43 North EIGHTH Street

HAS NOW OPEN FOR THE

HOLIDAYS,

Elegant Bronzes at half price,
Handsome Parlor Flower Vases on Pedestals,
French Furnished Toilet Sets,
Liquor Cases, Cigar Holders,
Watch Stands, Writing Desks, Etc.
Gents' Portemonnaies, Ladies' do.

LACE GOODS! LACE GOODS!

100 Real Valenciennes Hdkfs., $2 25.
150 Elegant do do. $1 to $12.
Handsome Point Applique Hdkfs.
1000 Linen Sets at 37½ cents.
Real Pointe Lace Collars, $2 75 to $12. Elegant Goods cheapest ever offered.
200 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Hdkfs., 75 cents.
Hemstitched Hdkfs., extra fine 31 to 75 cents.
25 dozen Ladies' Corded and Hemstitched Hdkfs. 56 to 62 cents.
Handsome Embroidered Hdkfs. Cheap. From Auction.
300 Cluny and Valenciennes Lace Hdkfs., 62½ cents to $1 87.

Cheapest and Largest Assortment of Handkerchiefs in the City.

Gents' Handsome Hemstitched Colored Border Hdkfs.
Gents' Ready Hemmed Hdkfs., Colored Border new.
Gents' Plain White Linen Hdkfs.
200 dozen Boys' Colored Border Hdkfs., 12½ and 25 cents.

SILK FANS! SILK FANS!

500 Elegant Sample Fans (no two alike), in gauze, stick, ivory, sandal wood, etc.
Elegant White Silk Fans.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

Gents' Silk Scarfs, $1 25; cost double.
Gents' English Cloth Gloves, kid bound.
Gents' Medium Cloth do.
Gents' French Castor Gloves, $1·25, cost double.
Gents' Heavy Buck, Chamois-Lined Driving Gloves.
Gents' Lamb-lined Kid Gloves, finest imported.
Ladies' Cloth Gloves, 55, to $1 00.
Misses' and Children's Cloth Gloves in elegant colors, finest imported.

The above Goods are worthy of special attention as being the most desirable and useful Holiday Presents.
10,000 yards Dress Goods closing out at 25c.
500 La Belle Helene Skating Skirts.
DOLL BABIES, very cheap to close out.

E. R. LEE,

No. 43 North EIGHTH Street,

12 12 3t PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN BURNS,

No. 247 SOUTH ELEVENTH STREET,

ABOVE SPRUCE.

EXTRAORDINARY DEVELOPMENTS!

Grand Sale by New York Importers.

Will arrive on Monday morning, direct from New York, the most beautiful and cheapest Damask Table Cloths ever offered in Philadelphia, of the celebrated make of John Henning & Sons.

THE BALANCE BOUGHT BY A. T. STEWART & CO.,

Consisting of the following magnificent styles:—

CHESSBOARD DAMASK, BORDER 6¼ YARDS LONG.

ROSE, SHAMROCK, AND THISTLE, 2¼ TO 8½ YARDS LONG.

FERN AND IVY LEAF CLOTHS, 3 YARDS LONG.

Tobacco leaf and Alhambra Cloths, 8½ to 4½ yards long.
Barnsley and Irish Damask Linen, lowest prices.
Turkey Red, finest make, 2 yards wide, $1 65 per yd.
Real Barnsley Towels, damask border, $6·50 per dozen.

NAPKINS! NAPKINS!

All Linen Napkins $1 25 to $8·50 per